

The lists are published in the "Official Gazette of Montenegro", no. 41/2026

Pursuant to the Article 8 paragraph 3 and Article 9 paragraph 2 of the Law on Plant Health Protection (Official Gazette of the Republic of Montenegro No. 28/06 and the Official Gazette of Montenegro No. 28/11 and 48/15), the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management adopted

LISTS

OF HARMFUL ORGANISMS OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTSⁱ

1. List I.A and List II.A: Pests whose introduction and spread are prohibited - List of quarantine pests and their respective codes assigned by EPPO is given in the Table 1.

Table 1

LIST I.A AND LIST II. A
PESTS WHOSE INTRODUCTION AND SPREAD ARE PROHIBITED -
LIST OF QUARANTINE PESTS AND THEIR RESPECTIVE CODES ASSIGNED BY EPPO

PART A
PESTS NOT KNOWN TO OCCUR IN THE MONTENEGRO TERRITORY

Quarantine Pests and their codes assigned by EPPO	
1. Bacteria	
1.	<i>Candidatus Liberibacter africanus</i> [LIBEAF]
2.	<i>Candidatus Liberibacter americanus</i> [LIBEAM]
3.	<i>Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus</i> [LIBEAS]
4.	<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens</i> pv. <i>flaccumfaciens</i> (Hedges) Collins and Jones [CORBFL]
5.	<i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters [ERWIST]
6.	<i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al. [RALSPS]
7.	<i>Ralstonia syzygii</i> subsp. <i>celebesensis</i> Safni et al. [RALSSC]
8.	<i>Ralstonia syzygii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni et al. [RALSSI]
9.	<i>Xanthomonas oryzae</i> pv. <i>oryzae</i> (Ishiyama) Swings et al. [XANTOR]
10.	<i>Xanthomonas oryzae</i> pv. <i>oryzicola</i> (Fang et al.) Swings et al. [XANTTO]
11.	<i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. [XANTAU]
12.	<i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al. [XANTCI]
2. Fungi and oomycetes	
1.	<i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller [CRSPAN]
2.	<i>Apiosporina morbosa</i> (Schwein.) Arx [DIBOMO]
3.	<i>Atropellis</i> spp. [1ATRPG]
4.	<i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka [PHYOPI]
5.	<i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Z.W de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield, comb. nov. [CERAFA]
6.	<i>Chrysomyxa arctostaphyli</i> Dietel [CHMYAR]
7.	<i>Cronartium</i> spp. [1CRONG], except <i>Cronartium gentianeum</i> , <i>Cronartium pini</i> (Willdenow) Jørstad [ENDCPI] i <i>Cronartium ribicola</i> Fischer [CRONRI].
8.	<i>Davidsoniella virescens</i> (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingfield [CERAVI]
9.	<i>Elsinoë australis</i> Bitanc. & Jenkins [ELSIAU]
10.	<i>Elsinoë citricola</i> X.L. Fan, R.W. Barreto & Crous [ELSICI]
11.	<i>Elsinoë fawcettii</i> Bitanc. & Jenkins [ELSIFA]
12.	<i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL]
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14.	<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp. [1GYMNG], except: <i>Gymnosporangium amelanchieris</i> E. Fisch. ex F. Kern, <i>Gymnosporangium atlanticum</i> Guyot & Malenc Bon, <i>Gymnosporangium clavariiforme</i> (Wulfen) DC [GYMNCF], <i>Gymnosporangium confusum</i> Plowr.

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	[GYMNCO], <i>Gymnosporangium cornutum</i> Arthur ex F. Kern [GYMNCR], <i>Gymnosporangium fusisporum</i> E. Fisch., <i>Gymnosporangium gaemannii</i> H. Zogg, <i>Gymnosporangium gracile</i> Pat., <i>Gymnosporangium minus</i> Crowell, <i>Gymnosporangium orientale</i> P. Syd. & Syd., <i>Gymnosporangium sabiniae</i> (Dicks.) G. Winter [GYMNFU], <i>Gymnosporangium torminal-juniperini</i> E. Fisch., <i>Gymnosporangium tremelloides</i> R. Hartig [GYMNTR]
15.	<i>Coniferiporia sulphurascens</i> (Pilát) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [PHELSU]
16.	<i>Coniferiporia weirii</i> (Murrill) L.W. Zhou & Y.C. Dai [INONWE]
17.	<i>Melampsora farlowii</i> (Arthur) Davis [MELMFA]
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19.	<i>Mycodiella laricis-leptolepidis</i> (Kaz. Itô, K. Satô & M. Ota) Crous [MYCOLL]
20.	<i>Neocosmospora ambrosia</i> (Gadd & Loos) L. Lombard & Crous [FUSAAM]
21.1	<i>Neofusicoccum laricinum</i> (Sawada) Y. Hattori & C. Nakashima [GUIGLA]
21.	<i>Neocosmospora euwallaceae</i> (S. Freeman, Z. Mendel, T. Aoki & O'Donnell) Sandoval-Denis, L. Lombard & Crous [FUSAEW]
22.	<i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa [GUIGCI]
23.	<i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ellis & Everhart [PHYSSL]
24.	<i>Phymatotrichopsis omnivora</i> (Duggar) Hennebert [PHMPOM]
25.	<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-EU ¹ isolates)– (non-European ¹ isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]
26.	<i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun [CERCAN]
27.	<i>Pseudocercospora pin-densiflorae</i> (Hori & Nambu) Deighton [CERSPD]
28.	<i>Puccinia pittieriana</i> Hennings [PUCCPT]
29.	<i>Septoria malagutii</i> E.T. Cline [SEPTLM]
30.	<i>Sphaerulina musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvl, Verkley & Crous. [MYCOPP]
31.	<i>Stagonosporopsis andigena</i> (Turkensteen) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMAN]
32.	<i>Stegophora ulmea</i> (Fr.) Syd. & P. Syd [GNOMUL]
33.	<i>Thecaphora solani</i> Thirumalachar & O'Brien Mordue [THPHSO]
34.	<i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra [NEOVIN]
35.	<i>Venturia nashicola</i> S. Tanaka & S. Yamamoto [VENTNA]
3. Insects and mites	
1.	<i>Acleris</i> spp.: 1.1. <i>Acleris gloverana</i> (Walsingham) [ACLRGL] 1.2. <i>Acleris issikii</i> Oku [ACLRIS] 1.3. <i>Acleris minuta</i> (Robinson) [ACLRMI] 1.4. <i>Acleris nishidai</i> Brown [ACLRNI] 1.5. <i>Acleris nivisellana</i> (Walsingham) [ACLRNV] 1.6. <i>Acleris robinsoniana</i> (Forbes) [ACLRRO] 1.7. <i>Acleris semipurpurana</i> (Kearfott) [CROISE] 1.8. <i>Acleris senescens</i> (Zeller) [ACLRSE] 1.9. <i>Acleris variana</i> (Fernald) [ACLRVA]
2.	<i>Acrobasis pyrivorella</i> (Matsumura) [NUMOPI]
3.	<i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory [AGRLAX]
4.	<i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire [AGRLPL]
5.	<i>Aleurocanthus citriperdus</i> Quaintance & Baker [ALECCT]
6.	<i>Aleurocanthus woglumi</i> Ashby [ALECWO]
7.	<i>Andean potato weevil complex</i> : 7.1. <i>Phyrdenus muriceus</i> Germar [PHRDMU] 7.2. <i>Premnotrypes</i> spp. [1PREMG] 7.3. <i>Rhigopsidius tucumanus</i> Heller [RHGPTU]
8.	<i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i> Schenkling [ANTHBI]
9.	<i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano [ANTHEU]
10.	<i>Anthonomus grandis</i> (Boh.) [ANTHGR]
11.	<i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say [TACYQU]
12.	<i>Anthonomus signatus</i> Say [ANTHSI]

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13.	<i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat [APRICI]
14.	<i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope) [APRIGE]
15.	<i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat [APRIJA]
16.	<i>Arrhenodes minutus</i> Drury [ARRHMI]
17.	<i>Aschistonyx eppoi</i> Inouye [ASCXEP]
18.	<i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) [PARZCO]
19.	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (non-European populations) known to be vector of viruses [BEMITA]
20.	<i>Carposina sasakii</i> Matsumara [CARSSA]
21.	<i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i> (Shumsher) [CRTZCL]
22.	<p><i>Choristoneura</i> spp.:</p> <p>22.1. <i>Choristoneura carnana</i> Barnes & Busck [CHONCA]</p> <p>22.2. <i>Choristoneura conflictana</i> Walker [ARCHCO]</p> <p>22.3. <i>Choristoneura fumiferana</i> Clemens [CHONFU]</p> <p>22.4. <i>Choristoneura lambertiana</i> Busck [TORTLA]</p> <p>22.5. <i>Choristoneura occidentalis biennis</i> Freeman [CHONBI]</p> <p>22.6. <i>Choristoneura occidentalis occidentalis</i> Freeman [CHONOC]</p> <p>22.7. <i>Choristoneura orae</i> Freeman [CHONOR]</p> <p>22.8. <i>Choristoneura parallela</i> Robinson [CHONPA]</p> <p>22.9. <i>Choristoneura pinus</i> Freeman [CHONPI]</p> <p>22.10. <i>Choristoneura retiniana</i> Walsingham [CHONRE]</p> <p>22.11. <i>Choristoneura rosaceana</i> Harris [CHONRO]</p>
23.	<p><i>Cicadomorpha</i>, known to be vectors of <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Wells et al.):</p> <p>23.1. <i>Acrogonia citrina</i> Marucci [ACRGCI]</p> <p>23.2. <i>Acrogonia virescens</i> (Metcalf) [ACRGVI]</p> <p>23.3. <i>Aphrophora angulata</i> Ball [APHRAN]</p> <p>23.4. <i>Aphrophora permutata</i> Uhler [APHRPE]</p> <p>23.5. <i>Bothrogonia ferruginea</i> (Fabricius) [TETTFE]</p> <p>23.6. <i>Bucephalagonia xanthophis</i> (Berg) [BUCLXA]</p> <p>23.7. <i>Clastoptera achatina</i> Germar [CLASAC]</p> <p>23.8. <i>Clastoptera brunnea</i> Ball [CLASBR]</p> <p>23.9. <i>Cuerna costalis</i> (Fabricius) [CUERCO]</p> <p>23.10. <i>Cuerna occidentalis</i> Osman i Beamer [CUEROC]</p> <p>23.11. <i>Cyphonia clavigera</i> (Fabricius) [CYPACG]</p> <p>23.12. <i>Dechacona missionum</i> (Berg) [ONCMMI]</p> <p>23.13. <i>Dilobopterus costalimai</i> Young [DLBPCO]</p> <p>23.14. <i>Draeculacephala</i> sp. [DRAESP]</p> <p>23.15. <i>Ferrariana trivittata</i> (Signoret) [FRRATR]</p> <p>23.16. <i>Fingeriana dubia</i> Cavichioli [FINGDU]</p> <p>23.17. <i>Friscanus friscanus</i> (Ball) [FRISFR]</p> <p>23.18. <i>Graphocephala atropunctata</i> (Signoret) [GRCPAT]</p> <p>23.19. <i>Graphocephala confluens</i> (Uhler) [GRPCPF]</p> <p>23.20. <i>Graphocephala versuta</i> (Say) [GRCPVE]</p> <p>23.21. <i>Helochara delta</i> Oman [HELHDE]</p> <p>23.22. <i>Homalodisca ignorata</i> Melichar [HOMLIG]</p> <p>23.23. <i>Homalodisca insolita</i> Walker [HOMLIN]</p> <p>23.24. <i>Homalodisca vitripennis</i> (Germar) [HOMLTR]</p> <p>23.25. <i>Lepyronia quadrangularis</i> (Say) [LEPOQU]</p> <p>23.26. <i>Macugonalia cavifrons</i> (Stal) [MAGOCA]</p> <p>23.27. <i>Macugonalia leucomelas</i> (Walker) [MAGOLE]</p> <p>23.28. <i>Molomea consolida</i> Schroder [MOLMCO]</p> <p>23.29. <i>Neokolla hieroglyphica</i> (Say) [GRCPHI]</p> <p>23.30. <i>Neokolla severini</i> DeLong [NKOLSE]</p> <p>23.31. <i>Oncometopia facialis</i> Signoret [ONCMFA]</p> <p>23.32. <i>Oncometopia nigricans</i> Walker [ONCMNI]</p> <p>23.33. <i>Oncometopia orbona</i> (Fabricius) [ONCMUN]</p> <p>23.34. <i>Oragua discoidula</i> Osborn [ORAGDI]</p>

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	23.35. <i>Pagaronia confusa</i> Oman [PGARCO] 23.36. <i>Pagaronia furcata</i> Oman [PGARFU] 23.37. <i>Pagaronia tredecimpunctata</i> Ball [PGARTR] 23.38. <i>Pagaronia triunata</i> Ball [PGARTN] 23.39. <i>Parathona gratioza</i> (Blanchard) [PTHOGR] 23.40. <i>Plesiommata corniculata</i> Young [PLSOCO] 23.41. <i>Plesiommata mollicella</i> (Fowler) [PLSOMO] 23.42. <i>Poophilus costalis</i> (Walker) [POOPCO] 23.43. <i>Sibovia sagata</i> (Signoret) [SIBOSA] 23.44. <i>Sonesimia grossa</i> (Signoret) [SONEGR] 23.45. <i>Tapajosa rubromarginata</i> (Signoret) [TAPARU] 23.46. <i>Xyphon flaviceps</i> (Riley) [CARNFL] 23.47. <i>Xyphon fulgida</i> (Nottingham) [CARNFU] 23.48. <i>Xyphon triguttata</i> (Nottingham) [CARNTR]
24.	<i>Conotrachelus nenuphar</i> (Herbst) [CONHNE]
25.	<i>Dendrolimus sibiricus</i> Chetverikov [DENDSI]
26.	<i>Diabrotica barberi</i> Smith and Lawrence [DIABLO]
27.	<i>Diabrotica undecimpunctata howardi</i> Barber [DIABUH]
28.	<i>Diabrotica undecimpunctata undecimpunctata</i> Mannerheim [DIABUN]
29.	<i>Diabrotica virgifera zaeae</i> Krysan & Smith [DIABVZ]
30.	<i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuwayana [DIAACI]
31.	<i>Eotetranychus lewisi</i> (McGregor) [EOTELE]
32.	<i>Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato</i> [XYLBFO]
33.	<i>Exomala orientalis</i> (Waterhouse) [ANMLOR]
34.	<i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) [CYDIIN]
35.	<i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller [LASPPA]
36.	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh) [LASPPR]
37.	<i>Helicoverpa zea</i> (Boddie) [HELIZE]
38.	<i>Hishimonus phycitis</i> (Distant) [HISHPH]
39.	<i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) [GNORLY]
40.	<i>Liriomyza sativae</i> Blanchard [LIRISA]
41.	<i>Listronotus bonariensis</i> (Kuschel) [HYROBO]
42.	<i>Lopholeucaspis japonica</i> Cockerell [LOPLJA]
43.	<i>Lycorma delicatula</i> (White) [LYCMDE]
44.	<i>Margarodidae:</i> 44.1. <i>Dimargarodes meridionalis</i> Morrison [MARGME] 44.2. <i>Eumargarodes laingi</i> Allsopp et al. [EUMGLA] 44.3. <i>Eurhizococcus brasiliensis</i> Jakubski [EURHBR] 44.4. <i>Eurhizococcus colombianus</i> Jakubski [EURHCO] 44.5. <i>Margarodes capensis</i> Giard [MARGCA] 44.6. <i>Margarodes greeni</i> Brain [MARGGR] 44.7. <i>Margarodes prieskaensis</i> (Jakubski) [MARGPR] 44.8. <i>Margarodes trimeni</i> Brain [MARGTR] 44.9. <i>Margarodes vitis</i> Reed [MARGVI] 44.10. <i>Margarodes vredendalensis</i> de Klerk [MARGVR] 44.11. <i>Porphyrophora tritici</i> Sarkisov et al. [PORPTR]
45.	<i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig) [MALLRA]
46.	<i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European populations) [1MONCG]
47.	<i>Myndus crudus</i> van Duzee [MYNDCR]
48.	<i>Naupactus leucoloma</i> Boheman [GRAGLE]
49.	<i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) [AMAZMA]
50.	<i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) [NEOLEL]
51.	<i>Oemona hirta</i> (Fabricius) [OEMOHI]
52.	<i>Oligonychus perditus</i> Pritchard and Baker [OLIGPD]
52.1.	<i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar) [PHYCFR]

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54.	<i>Pissodes fasciatus</i> Leconte [PISOFA]
55.	<i>Pissodes nemorensis</i> Germar [PISONE]
56.	<i>Pissodes nitidus</i> Roelofs [PISONI]
57.	<i>Pissodes punctatus</i> Langor & Zhang [PISOPU]
58.	<i>Pissodes strobi</i> (Peck) [PISOST]
59.	<i>Pissodes terminalis</i> Hopping [PISOTE]
60.	<i>Pissodes yunnanensis</i> Langor & Zhang [PISOYU]
61.	<i>Pissodes zitacuarensis</i> Sleeper
62.	<i>Polygraphus proximus</i> Blandford [POLGPR]
63.	<i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné [PRDILO]
64.	<i>Pseudopityophthorus minutissimus</i> (Zimmermann) [PSDPMI]
65.	<i>Pseudopityophthorus pruinosis</i> (Eichhoff) [PSDPPR]
66.	<i>Rhynchophorus palmarum</i> (L.) [RHYCPA]
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68.	<i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius [SAPECN]
69.	<i>Scirtothrips aurantii</i> Faure [SCITAU]
70.	<i>Scirtothrips citri</i> (Moulton) [SCITCI]
71.	<i>Scirtothrips dorsalis</i> Hood [SCITDO]
72.	<i>Scolytinae</i> spp. (non-European) [ISCOLF]
73.	<i>Spodoptera eridania</i> (Cramer) [PRODER]
74.	<i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> (Smith) [LAPHFR]
75.	<i>Spodoptera litura</i> (Fabricius) [PRODLI]
76.	<i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný) [TECASO]
77.	<i>Tephritidae</i> : 77.1. <i>Acidiella kagoshimensis</i> (Miyake) [ACIEKA] 77.2. <i>Acidoxantha bombacis</i> de Meijere [ACIXBO] 77.3. <i>Acroceratitis distincta</i> (Zia) [ACRSDI] 77.4. <i>Adrama</i> spp. [1ADRAG] 77.5. <i>Anastrepha</i> spp. [1ANSTG] 77.6. <i>Anastrepha ludens</i> (Loew) [ANSTLU] 77.7. <i>Asimoneura pantomelas</i> (Bezzi) [ASIMPA] 77.8. <i>Austrotephritis protrusa</i> (Hardy & Drew) [AUSHPR] 77.9. <i>Bactrocera</i> spp. [1BCTRG], except <i>Bactrocera oleae</i> (Gmelin) [DACUOL] 77.10. <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) [DACUDO] 77.11. <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> (Hendel) [DACULA] 77.12. <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders) [DACUZO] 77.13. <i>Bistrispinaria fortis</i> (Speiser) [BISRFO] 77.14. <i>Bistrispinaria magniceps</i> (Bezzi) [BISRMA] 77.15. <i>Callistomyia flavilabris</i> Hering [CLMYFL] 77.16. <i>Campiglossa albiceps</i> (Loew) [CAMGAL] 77.17. <i>Campiglossa californica</i> (Novak) [CAMGCA] 77.18. <i>Campiglossa duplex</i> (Becker) [CAMGDU] 77.19. <i>Campiglossa reticulata</i> (Becker) [CAMGRE] 77.20. <i>Campiglossa snowi</i> (Hering) [CAMGSN] 77.21. <i>Carpomya incompleta</i> (Becker) [CARYIN] 77.22. <i>Carpomya pardalina</i> (Bigot) [CARYPA] 77.23. <i>Ceratitidis</i> spp. [1CERTG], except <i>Ceratitidis capitata</i> (Wiedemann) [CERTCA] 77.24. <i>Craspedoxantha marginalis</i> (Wiedemann) [CRSXMA] 77.25. <i>Dacus</i> spp. [1DACUG] 77.26. <i>Dioxyna chilensis</i> (Macquart) [DIOXCH] 77.27. <i>Dirioxa pornia</i> (Walker) [TRYEMU] 77.28. <i>Euleia separata</i> (Becker) [EULISE] 77.29. <i>Euphranta camelliae</i> (Ito) [EPHNCA] 77.30. <i>Euphranta canadensis</i> (Loew) [EPOCCA] 77.31. <i>Euphranta cassiae</i> (Munro) [RHACCA]

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	<p>77.32. <i>Euphranta japonica</i> (Ito) [RHACJA] 77.33. <i>Euphranta oshimensis</i> (Shiraki) [EPHNOS] 77.34. <i>Eurosta solidaginis</i> (Fitch) [EUOSSO] 77.35. <i>Eutreta</i> spp. [1EUTTG] 77.36. <i>Gastrozona nigrifemur</i> David & Hancock [GASZNI] 77.37. <i>Goedenia stenoparia</i> (Steyskal) [GOEDST] 77.38. <i>Gymnocarena</i> spp. [GYMRSP] 77.39. <i>Insizwa oblita</i> (Munro) [INZWOB] 77.40. <i>Marriottella exquisita</i> Munro [MARREX] 77.41. <i>Monacrostichus citricola</i> Bezzi [MNAHCI] 77.42. <i>Neaspilota alba</i> (Loew) [NEAIAL] 77.43. <i>Neaspilota reticulata</i> Norrbom & Foote [NEAIRE] 77.44. <i>Neoceratitis asiatica</i> (Becker) [NCERAS] 77.45. <i>Neoceratitis cyanescens</i> (Bezzi) [CERTCY] 77.46. <i>Neotephritis finalis</i> (Loew) [NTPRFI] 77.47. <i>Paracantha trinotata</i> (Foote) [PCANTR] 77.48. <i>Parastenopa limata</i> (Coquillett) [PSTELI] 77.49. <i>Paratephritis fukaii</i> Shiraki [PTEPFU] 77.50. <i>Paratephritis takeuchii</i> Ito [PTEPTA] 77.51. <i>Paraterellia varipennis</i> (Coquillett) [PTLLVA] 77.52. <i>Philophylla fossata</i> (Fabricius) [PHIPFO] 77.53. <i>Procecidochares</i> spp. [1PROIG] 77.54. <i>Ptilona confinis</i> (Walker) [PTIOCO] 77.55. <i>Ptilona persimilis</i> Hendel [PTIOPE] 77.56. <i>Rhagoletis</i> spp. [1RHAGG], except <i>Rhagoletis alternata</i> (Fallén) [RHAGAL], <i>Rhagoletis batava</i> [RHAGBA], <i>Rhagoletis berberidis</i> Jermy [RHAGBE], <i>Rhagoletis cerasi</i> L. [RHAGCE], <i>Rhagoletis cingulata</i> (Loew) [RHAGCI], <i>Rhagoletis completa</i> Cresson [RHAGCO], <i>Rhagoletis meigenii</i> (Loew) [CERTME], <i>Rhagoletis suavis</i> (Loew) [RHAGSU], <i>Rhagoletis zernyi</i> Hendel [RHAGZR] 77.57. <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) [RHAGPO] 77.58. <i>Rioxoptilona dunlopi</i> (Wulp) [ACNVDU] 77.59. <i>Sphaeniscus binoculatus</i> (Bezzi) [SFANBI] 77.60. <i>Sphenella nigricornis</i> Bezzi [SFENNI] 77.61. <i>Strauzia</i> spp. [1STRAG], except <i>Strauzia longipennis</i> (Wiedemann) [STRALO] 77.62. <i>Taomyia marshalli</i> Bezzi [TAOMMA] 77.63. <i>Tephritis leavittensis</i> Blanc [TEPRLE] 77.64. <i>Tephritis luteipes</i> Merz [TEPRLU] 77.65. <i>Tephritis ovatipennis</i> Foote [TEPROV] 77.66. <i>Tephritis pura</i> (Loew) [TEPRPU] 77.67. <i>Toxotrypana curvicauda</i> Gerstaecker [TOXTCU] 77.68. <i>Toxotrypana recurcauda</i> Tigrero [ANSTRE] 77.69. <i>Trupanea bisetosa</i> (Coquillett) [TRUPBI] 77.70. <i>Trupanea femoralis</i> (Thomson) [TRUPFE] 77.71. <i>Trupanea wheeleri</i> (Curran) [TRUPWH] 77.72. <i>Trypanocentra nigrithorax</i> Malloch [TRYNNI] 77.73. <i>Trypeta flaveola</i> Coquillett [TRYEFL] 77.74. <i>Urophora christophi</i> Loew [URORCH] 77.75. <i>Xanthaciura insecta</i> (Loew) [XANRIN] 77.76. <i>Zacerata asparagi</i> Coquillett [ZACEAS] 77.77. <i>Zeugodacus</i> spp. [1ZEUDG] 77.78. <i>Zonosemata electa</i> (Say) [ZONOEL]</p>
78.	<i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) [ARGPLE]
79.	<i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny [THRIPL]
80.	<i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky [AELSSA]
81.	<i>Unaspis citri</i> (Comstock) [UNASCI]
4. Nematodes	

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1.	<i>Hirschmanniella</i> spp. Luc & Goodey [1HIRSG], except: <i>Hirschmanniella behningi</i> (Micoletzky) Luc & Goodey [HIRSBE], <i>Hirschmanniella gracilis</i> (de Man) Luc & Goodey [HIRSGR], <i>Hirschmanniella halophila</i> Sturhan & Hall, <i>Hirschmanniella loofi</i> Sher [HIRSLO] i <i>Hirschmanniella zostericola</i> (Allgén) Luc & Goodey [HIRSZO]
2.	<i>Longidorus diadecturus</i> Eveleigh and Allen [LONGDI]
3.	<i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback [MELGMY]
4.	<i>Nacobbus aberrans</i> (Thorne) Thorne i Allen [NACOBBA]
5.	<i>Xiphinema americanum</i> Cobb <i>sensu stricto</i> [XIPHAA]
6.	<i>Xiphinema bricolense</i> Ebsary, Vrain & Graham [XIPHBC]
7.	<i>Xiphinema californicum</i> Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHCA]
8.	<i>Xiphinema inaequale</i> Khan et Ahmad [XIPHNA]
9.	<i>Xiphinema intermedium</i> Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo
10.	<i>Xiphinema rivesi</i> (non-EU ¹ populations)- non-European ¹ populations Dalmasso [XIPHRI]
11.	<i>Xiphinema tarjanense</i> Lamberti & Bleve-Zacheo [XIPHTA]
5. Parasitic plants	
1.	<i>Arceuthobium</i> spp. [1AREG], except: <i>Arceuthobium azoricum</i> Wiens & Hawksworth [AREAZ], <i>Arceuthobium gambyi</i> Fridl i <i>Arceuthobium oxycedri</i> DC. M. Bieb. [AREOX]
6. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas	
1.	Beet curly top virus [BCTV00]
2.	Begomovirusi, except: Abutilon mosaic virus [ABMV00], Papaya leaf crumple virus [PALCRV], Sweet potato leaf curl virus [SPLCV0], Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus [TOLCND], Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0], Tomato yellow leaf curl Sardinia virus [TYLCSV], Tomato yellow leaf curl Malaga virus [TYLCMA], Tomato yellow leaf curl Axarquia virus [TYLCAX]
3.	Black raspberry latent virus [TSVBL0]
4.	Candidatus Phytoplasma aurantifolia-reference strain [PHYPAF]
5.	Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus [CSNV00]
6.	Citrus leprosis viruses: 6.1. Citrus leprosis virus C [CILVC0] 6.2. Citrus leprosis virus C2 [CILVC2] 6.3. Hibiscus green spot virus 2 [HGSV20] 6.4. Citrus strain of Orchid fleck virus (citrus strain) [OFV00] 6.5. Citrus leprosis virus N sensu novo [CILVNO] 6.6. Citrus chlorotic spot virus [CICSV0]
7.	Citrus tristeza virus (non-EU ¹ isolates)-non European ¹ isolates [CTV000]
8.	Coconut cadang-cadang viroid [CCCVD0]
9.	Cowpea mild mottle virus [CPMMV0]
10.	Lettuce infectious yellows virus [LIYV00]
11.	Melon yellowing-associated virus [MYAV00]
12.	Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas [PHY56] 12.1. Candidatus Phytoplasma cocostanzania – subgroup 16SrIV-C 12.2. Candidatus Phytoplasma palmae – subgroups 16SrIV-A, 16SrIV-B, 16SrIV-D, 16SrIV-E, 16SrIV-F 12.3. Candidatus Phytoplasma palmicola – 16SrXXII-A 12.4. Candidatus Phytoplasma palmicola-related strain 16SrXXII-B 12.5. New Candidatus Phytoplasma causing palm lethal yellowing from 16SrIV group – ‘Bogia coconut syndrome’
12.1	Virus Rose rosette [RRV000]
13.	Satsuma dwarf virus [SDV000]
14.	Squash vein yellowing virus [SQVYVX]
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18.	Tomato chocolate virus [TOCHV0]
19.	Tomato marchitez virus [TOANV0]
20.	Tomato mild mottle virus [TOMMOV]
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22.	<p>Virusi, viroidi i fitoplazme <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L. and <i>Vitis</i> L.:</p> <p>22.1. American plum line pattern virus [APLPV0] 22.2. Apple fruit crinkle viroid [AFCVD0] 22.3. Apple necrotic mosaic virus 22.4. Buckland valley grapevine yellows phytoplasma [PHYP77] 22.5. Blueberry leaf mottle virus [BLMOV0] 22.6. Candidatus Phytoplasma aurantifolia-related strains (Pear decline Taiwan II, Crotalaria witches' broom phytoplasma, Sweet potato little leaf phytoplasma [PHYP39]) 22.7. Candidatus Phytoplasma australiense Davis et al. [PHYPAU] (reference strain) 22.8. Candidatus Phytoplasma fraxini (reference strain) Griffiths et al. [PHYPPFR] 22.9. Candidatus Phytoplasma hispanicum (reference strain) Davis et al. [PHYPO7] 22.10. Candidatus Phytoplasma phoenicium [PHYPPH] 22.11. Candidatus Phytoplasma pruni-related strain (North American grapevine yellows, NAGYIII) Davis et al. 22.12. Candidatus Phytoplasma pyri-related strain (Peach yellow leaf roll) Norton et al. 22.13. Candidatus Phytoplasma ziziphi (reference strain) Jung et al. [PHYPPZI] 22.14. Cherry rasp leaf virus (CRLV) [CRLV00] 22.15. Cherry rosette virus 22.16. Cherry rusty mottle associated virus [CRMAV0] 22.17. Cherry twisted leaf associated virus [CTLAV0] 22.18. Grapevine berry inner necrosis virus [GINV00] 22.19. Grapevine red blotch virus [GRBAV0] 22.20. Grapevine vein-clearing virus [GVCV00] 22.21. Peach mosaic virus [PCMV00] 22.22. Peach rosette mosaic virus [PRMV00] 22.23. Raspberry latent virus [RPLV00] 22.24. Raspberry leaf curl virus [RLCV00] 22.25. Strawberry chlorotic fleck-associated virus 22.26. Strawberry leaf curl virus 22.27. Strawberry necrotic shock virus [SNSV00] 22.28. Temperate fruit decay- associated virus</p>
23.	<p>Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. and other tuber-forming <i>Solanum</i> spp.: 23.1. Andean potato latent virus [APLV00] 23.2. Andean potato mild mosaic virus [APMMV0] 23.3. Andean potato mottle virus [APMOV0] 23.4. Candidatus Phytoplasma americanum 23.5. Candidatus Phytoplasma aurantifolia- related strains (GD32; St_JO_10, 14, 17; PPT-SA; Rus-343F; PPT-GTO29, -GTO30, -SINTV; Potato Huayao Survey 2; Potato hair sprouts) 23.6. Candidatus Phytoplasma fragariae- related strains (YN-169, YN-10G) 23.7. Candidatus Phytoplasma pruni- related strains (Clover yellow edge, Potato purple top Akpot7, MT117, Akpot6; PPT-COHP, -GTOP) 23.8. Chilli leaf curl virus [CHILCU] 23.9. Potato black ringspot virus [PBRV00] 23.10. Potato virus B [PVB000] 23.11. Potato virus H [PVH000] 23.12. Potato virus P [PVP000] 23.13. Potato virus T [PVT000] 23.14. Potato yellow dwarf virus [PYDV00] 23.15. Potato yellow mosaic virus [PYMV00]</p>

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23.16. Potato yellow vein virus [PYVV00]
23.17. Potato yellowing virus [PYV000]
23.18. Tomato mosaic Havana virus [THV000]
23.19. Tomato mottle Taino virus [TOMOTV]
23.20. Tomato severe rugose virus [TOSRV0]
23.21. Tomato yellow vein streak virus [TOYVSV]
23.22. Non-EU isolates of potato viruses S, X i Potato leafroll virus [PVS000], [PVX000] i [PLRV00]

Part B
PESTS KNOWN TO OCCUR IN MONTENEGRO TERRITORY

Quarantine Pests and their codes assigned by EPPO	
1. Bacteria	
1.	<i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> * (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al. [CORBSE]
2.	<i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> * (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. [RALSSL]
3.	<i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> *(Wells et al.) [XYLEFA]
2. Fungi and oomycetes	
1.	<i>Ceratocystis platani</i> *(J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr [CERAFP]
2.	<i>Fusarium circinatum</i> * Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]
3.	<i>Geosmithia morbida</i> * Kolarik, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat [GEOHMO]
4.	<i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> * (Schilb.) Percival [SYNCEN]
3. Insects and mites	
1.	<i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance) [ALECSN]
2.	<i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> * (Thomson) [ANOLCN]
3.	<i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> * (Motschulsky) [ANOLGL]
4.	<i>Aromia bungii</i> * (Faldermann) [AROMBU]
5.	<i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> * Blackman [PITOUJ]
6.	<i>Popillia japonica</i> * Newman [POPIJA]
7.	<i>Toxoptera citricida</i> * (Kirkaldy) [TOXOCI]
8.	<i>Trioza erytreae</i> * Del Guercio [TRIZER]
4. Molluscs	
1.	<i>Pomacea</i> * (Perry) [1POMAG]
5. Nematodes	
1.	<i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> *(Steiner and Bührer) Nickle et al. [BURSXY]
2.	<i>Globodera pallida</i> *(Stone) Behrens [HETDPA]
3.	<i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> * (Wollenweber) Behrens [HETDRO]
4.	<i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> * Golden et al. [MELGCH]
5.	<i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> * Karssen [MELGFA]
6. Viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas	
1.	Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma [PHYP64]
2.	Tomato leaf curl New Delhi virus* [TOLCND] New Delhi
¹ From the date of entry into the EU, non-European isolates are considered non-EU isolates; and European isolates of the EU. (*) Pests marked with an asterisk are not present in Montenegro; List I.A and List II.A are harmonized with Annex II part A and B of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072	

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2. List I.B and List II.B: Pests whose introduction and spread are prohibited in certain protected zones, i.e. the List of protected zones and the respective protected zone pests with the respective EPPO codes, are given in Table 2.

Table 2

List I.B and List II.B

PESTS WHOSE INTRODUCTION AND SPREAD ARE PROHIBITED IN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES - THE LIST OF PROTECTED ZONES AND THE RESPECTIVE PROTECTED ZONE PESTS WITH THE RESPECTIVE EPPO CODES

No.	Protected zone quarantine pests	EPPO code	Protected zones (a) the whole territory; (b) the territory with the exceptions specified within brackets; (c) only the part of the territory which is specified within brackets.
(a) Bacteria			
1.	<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i>	ERWIAM	(a) Estonia; (b) Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa in the Basque Country, the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida in Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya; and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante in Comunidad Valenciana); (c) France (Corsica); (d) Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania (except the municipalities of Agerola, Gragnano, Lettere, Pimonte and Vico Equense in the province of Naples, Amalfi, Atrani, Conca dei Marini, Corbara, Furore, Maiori, Minori, Positano, Praiano, Ravello, Scala and Tramonti in the province of Salerno), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Mantua, Sondrio and Varese, and the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Cesano Maderno, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in Monza Brianza Province), Marche (except the communes of Colli al Metauro, Fano, Pesaro and San Costanzo in the province of Pesaro e Urbino), Molise, Sardinia, Sicily (except the municipalities of Cesarò in the province of Messina, Maniace, Bronte, Adrano in the province of Catania and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina in the province of Enna), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova and the communes of Albaredo d'Adige, Angiari, Arcole, Belfiore, Bevilacqua, Bonavigo, Boschi S. Anna, Bovolone, Buttapietra, Caldiero, Casaleone, Castagnaro, Castel d'Azzano, Cerea, Cologna Veneta, Concamarise, Erbè, Gazzo Veronese, Isola della Scala, Isola Rizza, Legnago, Minerbe, Mozzecane, Nogara, Nogarole Rocca, Oppeano, Palù, Povegliano Veronese, Pressana, Ronco all'Adige, Roverchiara, Roveredo di Guà, San Bonifacio, Sanguinetto, San

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			Pietro di Morubbio, San Giovanni Lupatoto, Salizzole, San Martino Buon Albergo, Sommacampagna, Sorgà, Terrazzo, Trenzuelo, Valeggio sul Mincio, Veronella, Villa Bartolomea, Villafranca di Verona, Vigasio, Zevio, Zimella in the province of Verona)); (e) Latvia; (f) Finland ; (g) Ireland (except Galway city); Lithuania (except the municipality of Kėdainiai in the region of Kaunas); (i) until 30 April 2026: Italy (Lombardy (the communes of Acquanegra Sul Chiese, Asola, Bozzolo, Canneto sull'Oglio, Casalromano, Marcaria, Mariana Mantovana, Redonesco, Rivarolo Mantovano and San Martino dall'Argine in the province of Mantova));
2.	<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i>	XANTPR	United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
(b) Fungi and oomycetes			
1.	<i>Colletotrichum gossypii</i> Southw	GLOMGO	Greece
2.	<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr.	ENDOPA	(b) Ireland; (c) Sweden; (d) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
3.	<i>Entoleuca mammata</i> (Wahlenb.) Rogers and Ju	HYPOMA	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
4.	<i>Gremmeniella abietina</i> (Lagerberg) Morelet	GREMAB	Ireland
(b) Insects and mites			
1.	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European population)	BEMITA	(a) Ireland; (b) Sweden; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
2.	<i>Cephalcia lariciphila</i> Wachtl	CEPCAL	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
3.	<i>Dendroctonus micans</i> Kugelan	DENCFMI	(a) Ireland; (b) Greece; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
4.	<i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu	DRYCKU	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).

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5.	<i>Gilpinia hercyniae</i> Hartig	GILPPO	(a) Ireland; (b) Greece; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
6.	<i>Gonipterus scutellatus</i> Gyllenhal	GONPSC	(a) Greece; -----
7.	<i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhoff	IPXAM	(a) Ireland; (b) Greece; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
8.	<i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer	IPXCE	(a) Ireland; (b) Greece; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
9.	<i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg	IPXDU	(a) Ireland; (b) Greece; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
10.	<i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner	IPXSE	(a) Ireland; (b) Cyprus; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
11.	<i>Ips typographus</i> Heer	IPXTY	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
12.	<i>Leptinotarsa decemlineata</i> Say	LPTNDE	(a) Ireland; (b) Spain (Ibiza and Menorca); (c) Cyprus; (d) Malta; (e) Portugal (Azores and Madeira); (f) Finland (districts of Åland, Häme, Kymi, Pirkanmaa, Satakunta, Turku, Uusimaa); (g) Sweden (counties of Blekinge, Gotland, Halland, Kalmar and Skåne); (h) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
13.	<i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach)	LIRIBO	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
14.	<i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard)	LIRIHU	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
15.	<i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess)	LIRITR	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
16.	<i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister)	PAYSAR	(a) Ireland; (b) Malta; (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
17.	<i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier)	RHYCFE	(a) Ireland; (b) Portugal (Azores); (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
18.	<i>Sternochetus mangiferae</i> Fabricius	CRYPMA	(a) Spain (Granada and Malaga); (b) Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira).
19.	<i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller	THAUPI	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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20.	<i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L.	THAUPR	(a) Ireland; (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland).
21.	<i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> (Fitch)	VITEVI	Ciprys.
(c) Virus, viroids and phytoplasmas			
1.	Beet necrotic yellow vein virus BNYVV0	BNYVV0	(a) Ireland; (b) France (Brittany); (c) Portugal (Azores); (d) Finland; (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
2.	<i>Candidatus Phytoplasma ulmi</i>	PHYFUL	United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
3.	<i>Citrus tristeza virus</i> (EU isolates)	CTV000	Malta
List I.B and List II.B are harmonized with Annex III Regulative 2019/2072 and and is applied on the day of Montenegro's accession to the European Union. Until the day of accession, this list is used as an overview of requests for the introduction of plants, plant products and objects under supervision into the protected areas of the European Union, originating from or being despatched from Montenegro.			

3. List III.A: Plants, plant products and other objects whose introduction into Montenegro from certain countries are prohibited and List III.B: Plants, plant products and other objects whose introduction into protected zones is prohibited, are given in tables 3 and 4.

The first paragraph shall apply without prejudice to any other acts setting out prohibitions, having a temporary character, adopted based on the Law, and concerning the introduction into the territory of Montenegro certain plants, plant products or other objects to address particular phytosanitary risks which are not yet fully assessed.

Table 3

List III.A

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO MONTENEGRO IS PROHIBITED *

PART I

No.	Description	CN Code	Third country, group of countries or specific area of country
1.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Chamaecyparis</i> Spach, <i>Juniperus</i> L., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L., <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr. and <i>Tsuga</i> Carr., other than fruit and seeds	ex0602 20 20 ex0602 20 80 ex0602 90 41 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 47 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 99 ex0604 20 20 ex0604 20 40	Countries, other than:* Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom ¹

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2.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill. and <i>Quercus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	ex0602 10 90 ex0602 20 20 ex0602 20 80 ex0602 90 41 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 48 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 99 ex0604 20 90 ex1404 90 00	Countries, other than:* Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom ¹
3.	Plants of <i>Populus</i> L., with leaves, other than fruit and seeds	ex0602 10 90 ex0602 20 20 ex0602 20 80 ex0602 90 41 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 48 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 99 ex0604 20 90 ex1404 90 00	Canada, Mexico, United States
3.1	Isolated bark of <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., <i>Quercus</i> L. and <i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00	Canada, United Kingdom ¹ , United States, Vietnam
4.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex1404 90 00 ex4401 49 90	All countries*
5.	Isolated bark of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	ex1404 90 00 ex4401 49 90	Mexico
6.	Isolated bark of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh.	ex1404 90 00 ex4401 49 90	Canada, Mexico, United States
7.	Isolated bark of <i>Populus</i> L.	ex1404 90 00 ex4401 49 90	The Americas
8.	Plants for planting of <i>Chaenomeles</i> Ldl., <i>Crateagus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Rosa</i> L., other than	ex0602 10 90 ex0602 20 20 ex0602 20 80 ex0602 40 00 ex0602 90 41 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 47	Countries, other than: * Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo- Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District

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	dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits	ex0602 90 48 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 91 ex0602 90 99	(Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom ¹ .
9.	Plants for planting of <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Pyrus</i> L. and their hybrids, and <i>Fragaria</i> L., other than seeds	ex0602 10 90 ex0602 20 20 ex0602 90 30 ex0602 90 41 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 48 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 91 ex0602 90 99	Countries, other than: * Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Morocco, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, the United Kingdom and United States other than Hawaii
10.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruits	0602 10 10 0602 20 10 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Countries other than Switzerland *
11.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruits and seeds	ex0602 10 90 ex0602 20 20 0602 20 30 ex0602 20 80 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 47 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 91 ex0602 90 99 ex0604 20 90 ex1404 90 00	All countries *
12.	Plants for planting of <i>Photinia</i> Ldl., other than dormant plants free from leaves, flowers and fruits	ex0602 20 20 ex0602 20 80 ex0602 90 41 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 47 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 99 ex0604 20 90 ex1404 90 00	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Republic of Korea and United States

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13.	Plants of <i>Phoenix</i> spp. other than fruit and seeds	ex0602 20 20 ex0602 20 80 ex0602 90 41 ex0602 90 45 ex0602 90 46 ex0602 90 47 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 99 ex0604 20 90 ex1404 90 00	Algeria, Morocco
14.	Plants for planting of the family <i>Poaceae</i> , other than plants of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies <i>Bambusoideae</i> and <i>Panicoideae</i> and of the genera <i>Buchloe</i> , <i>Bouteloua</i> Lag., <i>Calamagrostis</i> , <i>Cortaderia</i> Stapf., <i>Glyceria</i> R. Br., <i>Hakonechloa</i> Mak. ex Honda, <i>Hystrix</i> , <i>Molinia</i> , <i>Phalaris</i> L., <i>Shibataea</i> , <i>Spartina</i> Schreb., <i>Stipa</i> L. and <i>Uniola</i> L., other than seeds	ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 91 ex0602 90 99	Countries, other than: * Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom ¹
15.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., seed potatoes	0701 10 00	Countries, other than United Kingdom and Switzerland *
16.	Plants for planting of stolon- or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L. or their hybrids, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. as specified in entry 15	ex0601 10 90 ex0601 20 90 ex0602 90 50 ex0602 90 70 ex0602 90 91 ex0602 90 99 ex1209 91 80	Countries, other than United Kingdom and Switzerland *
17.	Tubers of species of <i>Solanum</i> L., and their hybrids, other than those	ex0601 10 90 ex0601 20 90 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Countries or regions other than:: (a) Algeria, Egypt**, Israel, Libya, Morocco, Syria, Switzerland, Tunisia and Turkey; or (b) those which fulfil the following: *

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	specified in entries 15 and 16		<p>(i) they are one of following: Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino and Ukraine; and</p> <p>(ii) they fulfil one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — they are recognised as being free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui <i>et al.</i>, in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031, or — their legislation is recognised as equivalent to the Union rules concerning protection against <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; <p>or</p> <p>(c) Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia and the United Kingdom, provided the following condition is fulfilled: the submission by those third countries to the Commission, by 30 April of each year, of survey results of the previous year confirming that <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kotthoff) Nouioui <i>et al.</i> is not present on their territories.</p>
18.	Plants for planting of <i>Solanaceae</i> other than seeds and the plants covered by entries 15, 16 or 17***	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Countries other than: *</p> <p>Albania, Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, Morocco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom¹</p>
19.	Soil as such consisting in part of solid organic substances	<p>ex2530 90 00 ex3824 99 93</p>	<p>Countries other than the United Kingdom¹ and Switzerland*</p>
20.	Growing medium as such, other than soil, consisting in whole or in part of solid organic	<p>ex2530 10 00 ex2530 90 00 ex2703 00 00 ex3101 00 00</p>	<p>Countries other than the United Kingdom¹ and Switzerland*</p>

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	substances, other than that composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., previously not used for growing of plants or for any agricultural purposes	ex 3824 99 93	
21.	Citrus limon (L.) N. Burm.f. and Citrus sinensis (L.) Osbeck (until 30 April 2021)	ex 0805 50 10 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80	Argentina**
The prohibition does not apply to plants originating from EU Member States and members of the CEFTA agreement			
* Order prohibiting the import of ware potato tubers originating in Egypt (Official Gazette of the Republic of Montenegro, No. 27/14)			
** Pravilnik o fitosanitarnim mjerama za sprečavanje unošenja i širenja štetnog organizma <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa (Sl. list CG, broj 119/2022).			
*** Except for the following plants:			
– Unrooted cuttings for planting of Calibrachoa and Petunia species and their hybrids from Kenya, which may be imported if they meet the requirements in accordance with special regulations;			
– Unrooted cuttings for planting of Calibrachoa and Petunia species and their hybrids from Guatemala, which may be imported if they meet the requirements in accordance with special regulations.			
¹ In accordance with the Agreement on the Withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland/Northern Ireland in relation to Annex 2 of that Protocol, for the purposes of List V.B.I, references to the United Kingdom do not include Northern Ireland.			
List III Part A is harmonized with Annex VI of Regulation 2019/2072			

Table 4

List III.B

LIST OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS, WHOSE INTRODUCTION INTO CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES IS PROHIBITED

The protected zones listed in the third column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- the whole territory;
- the territory listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;
- only the part of the territory which is specified within brackets.

	Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code	Protected zones
1.	Plants and live pollen for pollination other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than Switzerland and other than those recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission or in	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50	(a) Estonia; (b) Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida

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<p>which pest free areas have been established in relation to <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, and belonging to one of the following species:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — <i>Amelanchier</i> Med., — <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., — <i>Crataegus</i> L., — <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., — <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., — <i>Malus</i> Mill., — <i>Mespilus</i> L., — <i>Pyracantha</i> Roem., — <i>Pyrus</i> L. ili — <i>Sorbus</i> L. 	<p>ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>(Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana));</p> <p>(c) France (Corsica);</p> <p>(d) Ireland (except Galway city);</p> <p>(e) Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania (except the communes of Agerola, Gragnano, Lettere, Pimonte and Vico Equense in the province of Naples, Amalfi, Atrani, Conca dei Marini, Corbara, Furore, Maiori, Minori, Positano, Praiano, Ravello, Scala and Tramonti in the province of Salerno), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Sondrio and Varese, the communes of Fara Gera d'Adda and Pontirolo Nuovo in the province of Bergamo, the commune of Montevecchia in the province of Lecco, the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Ceriano Laghetto, Cesano Maderno, Cogliate, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in the province of Monza and Brianza, and except the communes (other than Acquanegra Sul Chiese, Asola, Bozzolo, Canneto sull'Oglio, Casalromano, Marcaria, Mariana Mantovana, Redonesco, Rivarolo Mantovano and San Martino dall'Argine) in the province of Mantova), Marche (except the communes of Colli al Metauro, Fano, Pesaro and San Costanzo in the province of Pesaro and Urbino), Molise, Sardinia, Sicily (except the communes of Cesarò in the province of Messina, Adrano, Bronte and Maniace in the province of Catania, and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina in the province of Enna), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova, and the communes of Albaredo d'Adige, Angiari, Arcole, Belfiore, Bevilacqua, Bonavigo, Boschi S. AnnaBovolone, Buttapietra, Caldiero, Casaleone, Castagnaro, Castel d'Azzano, Cerea, Cologna Veneta, Concamarise, Erbè, Gazzo Veronese, Isola della Scala, Isola Rizza, Legnago, Minerbe, Mozzecane, Nogara, Nogarole Rocca, Oppeano, Palù, Povegliano Veronese, Pressana, Ronco all'Adige, Roverchiara, Roveredo di Guà, San Bonifacio, Sanguinetto, San Pietro di Morubbio, San Giovanni Lupatoto, Salizzele, San Martino Buon Albergo, Sommacampagna, Sorgà, Terrazzo, Trevenzuolo, Valeggio sul Mincio, Veronella, Villa Bartolomea, Villafranca di Verona, Vigasio, Zevio and Zimella in the province of Verona));</p>
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			<p>(f) Latvia;</p> <p>(g) Lithuania (except the municipality of Kėdainiai in the region of Kaunas);</p> <p>(j) Finland.</p>
2.	<p>Plants and live pollen for pollination other than fruit and seeds, originating in third countries other than those recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winkl. et al. by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, or in which pest free areas have been established in relation to <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winkl. et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures by the respective National Plant Protection Organization and being officially notified to the Commission, and belonging to one of the following species:</p> <p>1. <i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh. or 2. <i>Photinia davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot.</p>	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>(a) Estonia;</p> <p>(b) Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana));</p> <p>(c) France (Corsica);</p> <p>(d) Ireland (except Galway city);</p> <p>(e) Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania (except the communes of Agerola, Gragnano, Lettere, Pimonte and Vico Equense in the province of Naples, Amalfi, Atrani, Conca dei Marini, Corbara, Furore, Maiori, Minori, Positano, Praiano, Ravello, Scala and Tramonti in the province of Salerno), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Sondrio and Varese, the communes of Fara Gera d'Adda and Pontirolo Nuovo in the province of Bergamo, the commune of Montevicchia in the province of Lecco, the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Ceriano Laghetto, Cesano Maderno, Cogliate, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in the province of Monza and Brianza, and except the communes (other than Acquaneгра Sul Chiese, Asola, Bozzolo, Canneto sull'Oglio, Casalromano, Marcara, Mariana Mantovana, RedonDESCO, Rivarolo Mantovano and San Martino dall'Argine) in the province of Mantova), Marche (except the communes of Colli al Metauro, Fano, Pesaro and San Costanzo in the province of Pesaro e Urbino), Molise, Sardinia, Sicily (except the communes of Cesarò in the province of Messina, Adrano, Bronte and Maniace in the province of Catania, and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina in the province of Enna), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and</p>

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			<p>Vescovana in the province of Padova, and the communes of Albaredo d'Adige, Angiari, Arcole, Belfiore, Bevilacqua, Bonavigo, Boschi S. Anna, Bovolone, Buttapietra, Caldiero, Casaleone, Castagnaro, Castel d'Azzano, Cerea, Cologna Veneta, Concamarise, Erbè, Gazzo Veronese, Isola della Scala, Isola Rizza, Legnago, Minerbe, Mozzecane, Nogara, Nogarole Rocca, Oppeano, Palù, Povegliano Veronese, Pressana, Ronco all'Adige, Roverchiara, Roveredo di Guà, San Bonifacio, Sanguinetto, San Pietro di Morubbio, San Giovanni Lupatoto, Salizzole, San Martino Buon Albergo, Sommacampagna, Sorgà, Terrazzo, Trevenzuolo, Valeggio sul Mincio, Veronella, Villa Bartolomea, Villafranca di Verona, Vigasio, Zevio and Zimella in the province of Verona);</p> <p>(f) Latvia;</p> <p>(g) Lithuania (except the municipality of Kėdainiai in the region of Kaunas);</p> <p>(j) Finland. _____</p>
<p>List III.B is harmonized with Annex IX of Regulation 2019/2072 and is applied on the day of Montenegro's accession to the European Union. Until the day of accession, this list is used as an overview of requests for the introduction of plants, plant products and objects under supervision into the protected areas of the European Union, originating from or being despatched from Montenegro.</p>			

4. List IV.A.I: Plants, plant products and other objects, originating from other countries and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction;
 5. List IV.A. II The list of plants, plant products and objects under supervision, originating from Montenegro and the corresponding special requirements for their movement are given in the Tables 5 and 6.
- Points 4 and 5 shall apply without prejudice to any other acts setting out special requirements, having a temporary character, adopted based on the Law, and concerning the introduction in and movement within the territory of Montenegro certain plants, plant products or other objects to address particular phytosanitary risks which are not yet fully assessed.

Table 5

**List IV. A
Part I**

PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS, ORIGINATING FROM OTHER COUNTRIES AND THE CORRESPONDING SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THEIR INTRODUCTION *

	Plants, plant products and objects under supervision	CN codes	Origine	Special requirements
1.	Growing medium, attached to or	Not applicable	Third countries,	Official statement that:

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	associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, with the exception of sterile medium of in-vitro plants		except members of the European Union and the CEFTA agreement	<p>(a) the growing medium, at the time of planting of the associated plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, or (ii) was composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L. and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes, or (iii) was subjected to effective fumigation or heat treatment to ensure freedom from pests and which is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (iv) was subjected to effective systems approach to ensure freedom from pests and which is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'; <p>and</p> <p>in all the cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was stored and maintained under appropriate conditions to keep it free from quarantine pests</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) since planting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the growing medium has been kept free from Union quarantine pests, including at least: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — physical isolation of the growing medium from soil and other possible sources of contamination, — hygiene measures, — using water free from quarantine pests; or (ii) within two weeks prior to export the growing medium, including, where appropriate, soil has been completely removed by washing using water free from quarantine pests. Replanting may be performed in the growing medium that meets the requirements laid down in point (a). Appropriate conditions shall be maintained to keep freedom from quarantine pests, as provided for in point (b).
2.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for	ex 8432 10 00 ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10	Third countries	Official statement that machinery or vehicles are cleaned and free from soil and plant debris.

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	agricultural or forestry purposes	<p>ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 90 ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90 ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00 ex 8432 80 00 ex 8432 90 00 ex 8433 40 00 ex 8433 51 00 ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 90 ex 8436 80 10 ex 8701 20 90 ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 93 10 ex 8701 94 10 ex 8701 95 10</p>		
2.1	Plants for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	<p>0602 10 90 0602 20 20 0602 20 80 0602 30 00 0602 40 00 0602 90 20 0602 90 30 0602 90 41 0602 90 45 0602 90 46 0602 90 47 0602 90 48 0602 90 50 0602 90 70 0602 90 91 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33</p>	Third countries	<p>Official statement that the plants: (a) have been grown in nurseries, which are registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and (b) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export.</p>
3.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in open air	<p>ex 0601 20 30 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00</p>	Third countries	<p>Official statement that: (a) the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al. and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival,</p>

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		<p>ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0706 90 10</p>		<p>and (b) the plants originate from a field known to be free from <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens.</p>
4.	Plants for planting, other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	<p>0602 10 90 0602 20 20 0602 20 80 0602 30 00 0602 40 00 0602 90 20 0602 90 30 0602 90 41 0602 90 45 0602 90 46 0602 90 47 0602 90 48 0602 90 50 0602 90 70 0602 90 91 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33</p>	Third countries	<p>Official statement that the plants have been grown in nurseries and: (a) originate in an area, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection service of that country, as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) originate in a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection service of that country, as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the last three months prior to export; or (c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, the details of which have been indicated on the phytosanitary certificates, and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.</p>
4.1	Plants for planting with roots, other than plants in tissue culture	<p>ex 0601 20 30 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48</p>	Third countries	<p>Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in a country established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne</i></p>

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		<p>ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>		<p><i>enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in a growing medium which at the time of planting of the plants:</p> <p>(i) was free from soil and organic matter and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) was composed entirely of peat or fibre of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L. and had not been previously used for growing plants or for any other agricultural purposes,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(iii) was subjected to effective fumigation or heat treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback and which is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(iv) was subjected to effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback and which is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate;</p> <p>and</p> <p>in all the cases mentioned in points (i) to (iv) was stored and maintained under appropriate conditions to keep it free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback and since planting appropriate measures have been taken to ensure that the plants have been kept free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback, including at least:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — physical isolation of the growing medium from soil and other possible sources of contamination, and — hygiene measures, <p>or (d)</p> <p>(i) originate in a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>and</p>
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				(ii) immediately prior to export the roots of a representative sample of the consignment have been inspected and are found free from symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback.ii)
4.2	Plants for planting with growing media intended to sustain the vitality of the plants, other than plants in tissue culture and aquatic plants	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 20 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Canada, China, India, Japan, Russia, Switzerland, and United States	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) have been grown in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which has been subjected to an annual official inspection and, at least, a monthly inspection during the three months prior to export, for any signs of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman, carried out at appropriate times to detect the presence of the pest concerned, at least by visual examination of all plants, including weeds, and sampling of the growing media in which plants are growing, and (ii) which is surrounded by a buffer zone of at least 100 m, where the absence of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and (iii) immediately prior to export the plants and the growing media have been subjected to an official inspection, including the sampling of the growing media, and found free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman, and (iv) the plants: — are handled and packed or transported in ways to prevent infestation from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman after leaving the place of production — or

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				<p>— are moved outside the flight season of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman and the plants:</p> <p>(i) are handled and packed or transported in ways to prevent infestation from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman after leaving the site of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) are moved outside the flight season of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) have been produced following officially approved systems approach to ensure freedom of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman.</p>
4.3	Plants for planting grown in fresh water or in soil that is permanently saturated with fresh water, other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 20 20</p> <p>ex 0602 20 80</p> <p>ex 0602 30 00</p> <p>ex 0602 40 00</p> <p>ex 0602 90 20</p> <p>ex 0602 90 30</p> <p>ex 0602 90 41</p> <p>ex 0602 90 45</p> <p>ex 0602 90 46</p> <p>ex 0602 90 47</p> <p>ex 0602 90 48</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 91</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p>	Third countries	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Pomacea</i> (Perry), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Pomacea</i> (Perry), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin",</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been inspected immediately prior to export and have been found free from <i>Pomacea</i> (Perry).</p>
5.	Annual and biennial plants for planting, other than <i>Poaceae</i> and seeds	<p>ex 0602 90 30</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 91</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p> <p>ex 0704 10 00</p> <p>ex 0704 90 10</p> <p>ex 0704 90 90</p> <p>ex 0705 11 00</p> <p>ex 0705 19 00</p> <p>ex 0709 40 00</p> <p>ex 0709 99 10</p> <p>ex 0910 99 31</p> <p>ex 0910 99 33</p>	Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan,	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown in nurseries;</p> <p>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits;</p> <p>(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export;</p> <p>(d) are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and</p> <p>(e) are either found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.</p>

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			Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Morocco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom	
6.	Plants for planting, of the family Poaceae of ornamental perennial grasses of the subfamilies Bambusoideae, Panicoideae and of the genera Buchloe Lag., Bouteloua Lag., Calamagrostis Adan., Cortaderia Stapf, Glyceria R. Br., Hakonechloa Mak. ex Honda, Hystrich L., Molinia Schnrak, Phalaris L., Shibataea Mak. Ex Nakai, Spartina Schreb., Stipa L. and Uniola L., other than seeds	ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Morocco, Norway, Russia	Official statement that the plants: (a) have been grown in nurseries; (b) are free from plants debris, flowers and fruits; (c) have been inspected and prior to export; (d) are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms; and (e) are found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – <i>Cowpea mild mottle virus</i>, – <i>Lettuce infectious yellows virus</i>, – <i>Melon yellowing-associated virus</i>, – <i>Squash vein yellowing virus</i>, – <i>Tomato mild mottle virus</i>. 		quarantine pests are known to occur	<p>(a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of the quarantine pests,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of the relevant quarantine pests on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn and the other vectors of the quarantine pests and have been found free thereof prior to export.</p>
8.	Plants for planting of herbaceous species, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family Poaceae, rhizomes, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	<p>ex 0602 10 90</p> <p>0602 90 20</p> <p>ex 0602 90 30</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 91</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p> <p>ex 0704 10 00</p> <p>ex 0704 90 10</p> <p>ex 0704 90 90</p> <p>ex 0705 11 00</p> <p>ex 0705 19 00</p> <p>ex 0705 21 00</p> <p>ex 0705 29 00</p> <p>ex 0706 90 10</p> <p>ex 0709 40 00</p> <p>ex 0709 99 10</p> <p>ex 0910 99 31</p> <p>ex 0910 99 33</p>	Countries where <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) are known to occur	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originate in a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) immediately prior to export, have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) and have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch).</p> <p>Details of the treatment referred to in point (c) shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
9.	Herbaceous perennial plants for planting, other than seeds, of the families	<p>ex 0602 10 90</p> <p>ex 0602 90 30</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p>	Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown in nurseries,</p> <p>(b) are free from plant debris, flowers and fruits,</p>

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	Caryophyllaceae (except Dianthus L.), Compositae (except Chrysanthemum L.), Cruciferae, Leguminosae and Rosaceae (except Fragaria L.)	ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90 ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33	European Free Trade Agreement), Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Morocco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom	(c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export, (d) are found to be free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and (e) are either found to be free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.
10.	Trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47	Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Algeria, Andorra,	Official statement that the plants: (a) are clean (i.e. free from plant debris) and free from flowers and fruits, (b) have been grown in nurseries, (c) have been inspected at appropriate times and prior to export and found free from symptoms of harmful bacteria, viruses and virus-like organisms, and either found free from signs or symptoms of harmful nematodes, insects, mites

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		<p>ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Morocco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom</p>	<p>and fungi, or have been subjected to appropriate treatment to eliminate such organisms.</p>
11.	<p>Deciduous trees and shrubs, intended for planting, other than seeds and plants in tissue culture</p>	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands,</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants are dormant and free from leaves.</p>

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			Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Morocco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom	
12.	Root and tubercle vegetables, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0706 10 00 0706 90 10 0706 90 30 0706 90 90 ex 0709 99 90 ex 0714 10 00 ex 0714 20 10 ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 30 00 ex 0714 40 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 90 20 ex 0714 90 90 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 91 ex 1212 91 80 ex 1212 94 00 ex 1212 99 95	Third countries	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.

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		ex 1214 90 10 ex 1214 90 90		
13.	Bulbs, corms, rhizomes and tubers, intended for planting, other than tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i>	0601 10 10 0601 10 20 0601 10 30 0601 10 40 0601 10 90 0601 20 10 0601 20 30 0601 20 90 ex 0706 90 10 ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 20 10 ex 0910 30 00	Third countries	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.
14.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statement that the consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by net weight of soil and growing medium.
15.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers originate in: (a) a country where <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný) is not known to occur, or (b) an area free from <i>Tecia solanivora</i> (Povolný), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.
16.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in countries known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al.; or (b) provisions recognised as equivalent to the provisions of Union law on combating <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al. in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, have been complied with, in the country of origin.
17.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0701 10 00 0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries where <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in areas known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival (all races other than Race 1, the common European race), and no symptoms of <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival have been observed either at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity for an adequate period, or

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				(b) provisions recognised as equivalent to the provisions of Union law on combating <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 have been complied with in the country of origin.
18.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers originate from a site known to be free from <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens and <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens.
19.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni et al. are known not to occur; or (b) in areas where <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni et al. or <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni et al. is known to occur, the tubers originate from a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni et al. or considered to be free thereof, as a consequence of measures taken to eradicate <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni et al. and set out in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
20.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	0701 10 00	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al., <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the

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				<p>country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al., <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) originate in a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al., <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) the tubers after harvest have been randomly sampled and, either checked for the presence of symptoms after an appropriate method to induce symptoms, or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting the tubers, at appropriate times and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages or containers and no symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al., <i>Meloidogyne enterolobii</i> Yang & Eisenback and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen have been found.</p>
21.	Krtole vrste <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those for planting	0701 90 10 0701 90 50 0701 90 90	Third countries	Official statement that the tubers originate in areas in which <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al emend. Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. celebensis Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. indonesiensis Safni et al. are known not to occur.
21.1	Plants for planting of <i>Cucurbitaceae</i> Juss. and <i>Solanaceae</i> Juss., other than bulbs, corms, rhizomes, pollen, seeds, tubers, and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i> (Shumsher) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i> (Shumsher) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or

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				(c) have been grown throughout their life in a site of production with physical protection against the introduction of <i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i> (Shumsher), and which has been subjected for at least three months prior to export to at least one inspection to detect the presence of <i>Ceratothripoides claratris</i> (Shumsher).
21.2	Plants for planting of <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Asparagus</i> L., <i>Cynara scolymus</i> L., <i>Citrullus lanatus</i> (Thnb.) Matusm. & Nakai, <i>Cucurbita</i> L., <i>Cucumis melo</i> L., <i>Cucumis sativum</i> L., <i>Glycine max</i> (L.), Merr., <i>Gossypium</i> L., <i>Medicago sativa</i> , L., <i>Persea americana</i> Mill., <i>Phaseolus</i> L., <i>Ricinus communis</i> L., <i>i Tagetes</i> L., other than bulbs, corms, plants in tissue culture, rhizomes, pollen, seeds and tubers.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Bolivia, Kolumbia, Ecuador, Peru and United States	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) have been grown at least during the two months prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two months, throughout their life, in a site of production with physical protection established in the country of origin as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné, on the basis of official inspections carried out throughout their life or during the last two months prior to export.
22.	Plants for planting of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L., and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> ili <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> or (b) no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi <i>et al.</i> emend. Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> , <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni <i>et al.</i> have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
23.	Plants of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i>	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with

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	<i>melongena</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00		relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
24.	Plants for planting vrste <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of Beet curly top virus have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
24.1	Plants for planting of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd., <i>Fragaria</i> L. and <i>Rubus</i> L., other than plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Eotetranychus lewisi</i> (McGregor) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Eotetranychus lewisi</i> (McGregor) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) originate in a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from <i>Eotetranychus lewisi</i> (McGregor), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.
25.	Plants of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Dianthus</i> L. and <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Hérit. iz Ait., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0603 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area free from <i>Spodoptera eridania</i> (Cramer), <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> Smith and <i>Spodoptera litura</i> (Fabricius), established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) no signs of <i>Spodoptera eridania</i> (Cramer), <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> Smith, and <i>Spodoptera litura</i> (Fabricius) have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or (c) the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to protect them from the relevant pests.

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26.	Plants for planting of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life in: (a) a country free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c) a place of production, established as being free from Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus and verified through official inspections and, where appropriate, testing.

27.1	Plants for planting of <i>Rosa</i> L., other than pollen, seeds and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 40 00	Canada, India, and United States	Official statement that: (a)the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Rose rosette virus and its vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", or (b) the plants: (i)originate in a place of production where no symptoms of Rose rosette virus and its vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar), nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections since the start of the last growing season, and (ii)prior to export, have been sampled and tested for Rose rosette virus and have been found free of that pest in those tests and (iii) have been handled, packaged and transported in a manner to prevent infestation by the vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar).
27.2	Plants in tissue culture of <i>Rosa</i> L.	ex 0602 40 00	Canada, India, and United States	Official statement that: (a)the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Rose rosette virus and its vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i>

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				(Germar), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", or (b)the plants: (i)have been produced from mother plants tested and found free from Rose rosette virus, and (ii)have been handled in a manner to prevent infestation by the vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar).
27.3	Cut flowers of <i>Rosa</i> L.	ex 0603 11 00	Canada, India, and United States	Official statement that: (a)the cut flowers originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Rose rosette virus and its vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", or (b) the cut flowers: (i)originate in a place of production where no symptoms of Rose rosette virus and its vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar), nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections since the start of the last growing season, and (ii)prior to export, they have been inspected and, in case of symptoms of Rose rosette virus, they have been sampled and tested and found free of Rose rosette virus, and (iii)have been handled, packaged and transported in a manner to prevent infestation by the vector <i>Phyllocoptes fructiphilus</i> (Germar).
28.	Cut flowers of <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Dianthus</i> L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L. and <i>Solidago</i> L. and leafy vegetables of <i>Apium</i>	0603 12 00, 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statement that the cut flowers and the leafy vegetables: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch) in accordance

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	<i>graveolens</i> L. and <i>Ocimum</i> L.	ex 1211 90 86 ex 1404 90 00		with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> (Malloch).
29.	Cut flowers of <i>Orchidaceae</i>	0603 13 00	Third countries, other than Thailand	Official statement that the cut flowers: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
29.1	Cut flowers of Orchidaceae	0603 13 00	Thailand	Official statement that the cut flowers: (a) were produced at a place of production which has been found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny based on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to export, or (b) have undergone an appropriate fumigation treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, and the details of the treatment are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate
30.	Naturally or artificially dwarfed plants for planting other than seeds	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Algeria, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Egypt, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Morocco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny	Official statement that: (a) the plants, including those collected directly from natural habitats, have been grown, held and trained for at least two consecutive years prior to dispatch in officially registered nurseries, which are subject to an officially supervised control regime, (b) the plants in the nurseries referred to in point (a) of this entry: (i) at least during the period referred to in point (a) of this entry: — were potted, in pots which are placed on shelves at least 50 cm above ground, — have been subjected to appropriate treatments to ensure freedom from non-European rusts, and the active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments has been mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment', — have been officially inspected at least six times a year at appropriate intervals for the presence of quarantine pests of

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			<p>federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo- Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom</p>	<p>concern, and these inspections have also been carried out on plants in the immediate vicinity of the nurseries referred to in point (a) of this entry, at least by visual examination of each row in the field or nursery and by visual examination of all parts of the plant above the growing medium, using a random sample of at least 300 plants from a given genus where the number of plants of that genus is not more than 3 000 plants, or 10% of the plants if there are more than 3 000 plants from that genus,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — have been found free, in these inspections, from the relevant quarantine pests of concern as specified in the previous indent, infested plants have been removed and the remaining plants, where appropriate, have been effectively treated, and have been held for an appropriate period and inspected to ensure freedom from such pests, — have been planted in either an unused artificial growing medium or in a natural growing medium, which has been treated by fumigation or by appropriate heat treatment and has been free of any quarantine pests, — have been kept under conditions which ensure that the growing medium has been maintained free from quarantine pests and within two weeks prior to dispatch, have been: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and kept bare rooted, or — shaken and washed with clean water to remove the original growing medium and replanted in growing medium which meets the conditions laid down in (i) fifth indent, or — subjected to appropriate treatments to ensure that the growing medium is free from quarantine pests, and the active ingredient, concentration and date of application of these treatments have been indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred under the rubric 'Disinfestation and/or disinfection treatment'. (ii) were packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and bear the registration number of the
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				registered nursery, and this number has been indicated under the rubric 'Additional declaration' on the phytosanitary certificate, enabling the consignments to be identified.
30.1	Plants for planting of <i>Ceratonia siliqua</i> L., <i>Cercis siliquastrum</i> L., <i>Clematis vitalba</i> L., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia oblonga</i> L., <i>Diospyros kaki</i> L., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Hedera</i> L., <i>Magnolia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Melia</i> L., <i>Mespilus germanica</i> L., <i>Myrtus communis</i> L., <i>Parthenocissus</i> Planch., <i>Photinia</i> Lindley., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Psidium guajava</i> L., <i>Punica granatum</i> L., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Rosa</i> L. and <i>Wisteria</i> Nutt., other than seeds, pollen and plants in tissue culture	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 40 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Australia, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, Eswatini, Guam, India, Indonesia, Iran, Japan, Kenya, Laos, Malaysia, Mauritius, Micronesia, Nigeria, North Korea, Northern Mariana Islands, Pakistan, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Reunion, South Africa, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Tanzania, Thailand, Uganda, Vietnam, and United States	Official statement that the plants: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) have been grown in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which has been subjected during the last year prior to export to official inspections carried out at appropriate times, and (ii) the plants have been handled and packed in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or (c) have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the freedom of <i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance) and have been found free thereof prior to export.
31.	Plants of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>), other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 0604 20 40 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that the plants have been produced in a place of production free from <i>Pissodes cibriani</i> O'Brien, <i>Pissodes fasciatus</i> Leconte, <i>Pissodes nemorensis</i> Germar, <i>Pissodes nitidus</i> Roelofs, <i>Pissodes punctatus</i> Langor & Zhang, <i>Pissodes strobi</i> (Peck), <i>Pissodes terminalis</i> Hopping, <i>Pissodes yunnanensis</i> Langor & Zhang and <i>Pissodes zitacuarensis</i> Sleeper.
32.	Plants of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>), other	ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 47	Countries other than EU Member States and	Official statement that the plants have been produced in a place of production free from Scolytinae spp. (non-European).

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	than fruits and seeds, more than 3m height	ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40 ex 1404 90 00	CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom and Ukraine	
32.1	Plants for planting of <i>Acacia</i> Mill., <i>Acer buergerianum</i> Miq., <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Acer negundo</i> L., <i>Acer palmatum</i> Thunb., <i>Acer paxii</i> Franch., <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L., <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Ailanthus altissima</i> (Mill.) Swingle,	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statement that the plants: (a) have a diameter of less than 2 cm at the base of the stem, or (b) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Euwallacea fornicatus</i> sensu lato in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Euwallacea fornicatus</i> sensu lato, in accordance with the relevant

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<p><i>Albizia falcate</i> Backer ex Merr., <i>Albizia julibrissin</i> Durazz., <i>Alectryon excelsus</i> Gärtn., <i>Alnus rhombifolia</i> Nutt., <i>Archontophoenix cunninghamiana</i> H. Wendl. & Drude, <i>Artocarpus integer</i> (Thunb.) Merr., <i>Azadirachta indica</i> A. Juss., <i>Baccharis salicina</i> Torr. & A.Gray, <i>Bauhinia variegata</i> L., <i>Brachychiton discolor</i> F.Muell., <i>Brachychiton populneus</i> R.Br., <i>Camellia semiserrata</i> C.W. Chi, <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (L.) Kuntze, <i>Canarium commune</i> L., <i>Castanospermum australe</i> A. Cunningham & C.Fraser, <i>Cercidium floridum</i> Benth. ex A.Gray, <i>Cercidium sonoreae</i> Rose & I. M.Johnst., <i>Cocculus laurifolius</i> DC., <i>Combretum kraussii</i> Hochst., <i>Cupaniopsis anacardioides</i> (A.Rich.) Radlk., <i>Dombeya cacuminum</i> Hochr., <i>Erythrina corallodendron</i> L., <i>Erythrina coralloides</i> Moc. & Sessé ex DC., <i>Erythrina falcata</i> Benth., <i>Erythrina fusca</i> Lour., <i>Eucalyptus ficifolia</i> F.Müll., <i>Fagus crenata</i> Blume, <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> L., <i>Hevea brasiliensis</i> (Willd. ex A.Juss) Muell.Arg., <i>Howea forsteriana</i> (F.Müller) Becc., <i>Ilex cornuta</i> Lindl. & Paxton, <i>Inga vera</i></p>			<p>International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) have been grown: (i) in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Euwallacea fornicatus</i> sensu lato at least during six months prior to export, which is subjected to official inspections at appropriate times and has been found free from the pest, confirmed at least with traps which are checked at least every four weeks, including immediately prior to export, or (ii) in a site of production which has been found free from <i>Euwallacea fornicatus</i> sensu lato since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, confirmed at least with traps, during official inspections carried out at least every four weeks; in case of suspicion of the presence of the pest at the site of production, appropriate treatments against the pest have been carried out to ensure the absence of the pest; a surrounding zone of 1 km is established, which is monitored at appropriate times for <i>Euwallacea fornicatus</i> sensu lato and where the pest is found, those plants should be immediately rogued out and destroyed, and immediately prior to export, consignments of the plants have been subjected to an official inspection for the presence of the pest, in particular in stems and branches of the plants, including destructive sampling. The size of the sample for inspection shall be such as to enable at least the detection of 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %.</p>
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<p>Willd., <i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i> D.Don, <i>Koelreuteria bipinnata</i> Franch., <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> L., <i>Magnolia grandiflora</i> L., <i>Magnolia virginiana</i> L., <i>Mimosa bracaatinga</i> Hoehne, <i>Morus alba</i> L., <i>Parkinsonia aculeata</i> L., <i>Persea americana</i> Mill., <i>Pithecellobium lobatum</i> Benth., <i>Platanus x hispanica</i> Mill. ex Münchh., <i>Platanus mexicana</i> Torr., <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> L., <i>Platanus orientalis</i> L., <i>Platanus racemosa</i> Nutt., <i>Podalyria calyptata</i> Willd., <i>Populus fremontii</i> S.Watson, <i>Populus nigra</i> L., <i>Populus trichocarpa</i> Torr. & A.Gray ex Hook., <i>Prosopis articulata</i> S.Watson, <i>Protium serratum</i> Engl., <i>Psoralea pinnata</i> L., <i>Pterocarya stenoptera</i> C. DC., <i>Quercus agrifolia</i> Née, <i>Quercus calliprinos</i> Webb., <i>Quercus chrysolepis</i> Liebm., <i>Quercus engelmannii</i> Greene, <i>Quercus ithaburensis</i> Dence., <i>Quercus lobata</i> Née, <i>Quercus palustris</i> Marshall, <i>Quercus robur</i> L., <i>Quercus suber</i> L., <i>Ricinus communis</i> L., <i>Salix alba</i> L., <i>Salix babylonica</i> L., <i>Salix gooddingii</i> C. R.Ball, <i>Salix laevigata</i> Bebb, <i>Salix mucronata</i> Thnb., <i>Shorea robusta</i> C.F.Gaertn., <i>Spathodea</i></p>			
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	<p><i>campanulata</i> P.Beauv., <i>Spondias dulcis</i> Parkinson, <i>Tamarix ramosissima</i> Kar. ex Boiss., <i>Virgilia oroboides</i> subsp. <i>ferrugine</i> B.-E. van Wyk, <i>Wisteria floribunda</i> (Willd.) DC. i <i>Xylosma avilae</i> Sleumer, other than plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds</p>			
32.2	<p>Plants for planting of <i>Artocarpus chaplasha</i> Roxb., <i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam., <i>Artocarpus integer</i> (Thunb.) Merr., <i>Alnus formosana</i> Makino, <i>Bombax malabaricum</i> DC., <i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i> (L.) Vent., <i>Broussonetia kazinoki</i> Siebold, <i>Cajanus cajan</i> (L.) Huth, <i>Camellia oleifera</i> C.Abel, <i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Celtis sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Cinnamomum camphora</i> (L.) J.Presl, <i>Cunninghamia lanceolata</i> (Lamb.) Hook., <i>Dalbergia</i> L.f., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Ficus hispida</i> L.f., <i>Ficus infectoria</i> Willd., <i>Ficus retusa</i> L., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Maclura tricuspidata</i> Carrière, <i>Melia azedarach</i> L., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Sapium sebiferum</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Schima superba</i> Gardner & Champ., <i>Sophora japonica</i> L., <i>Trema</i></p>	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants: (a) have a diameter of less than 1 cm at the base of the stem, or (b) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope), established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and i) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope), carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, and ii) with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 2 000 m where the absence of <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope) was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and</p>

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	<i>amboinense</i> (Willd.) Blume, <i>Trema orientale</i> (L.) Blume, <i>Ulmus</i> L., <i>Vernicia fordii</i> (Hemsl.) Airy Shaw, <i>Xylosma</i> G.Forst., other than plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds		Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen	iii)immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope), in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling, or (e) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope) and immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope), in particular in stems of the plant; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling.
32.3	Plants for planting of <i>Caesalpinia japonica</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (L.) Kuntze, <i>Celtis sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Cercis chinensis</i> Bunge, <i>Chaenomeles sinensis</i> (Thouin) Koehne, <i>Cinnamomum camphora</i> (L.) J.Presl, <i>Cornus kousa</i> Bürger ex Hanse, <i>Crataegus cordata</i> Aiton, <i>Debregeasia edulis</i> (Siebold & Zucc.) Wedd., <i>Diospyros kaki</i> L., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Enkianthus perulatus</i> (Miq.) C.K.Schneid., <i>Fagus crenata</i> Blume, <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Firmiana simplex</i> (L.) W.Wight, <i>Gleditsia japonica</i> Miq., <i>Hovenia dulcis</i> Thunb., <i>Lagerstroemia indica</i> L., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Platanus x hispanica</i> Mill. ex Münchh., <i>Platycarya strobilacea</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc.,	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South	Official statement that the plants: (a) have a diameter of less than 1 cm at the base of the stem or (b)originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c)have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (d)have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and (i)which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat, carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, and (ii)with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 2 000 m where the absence of <i>Apriona</i>

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	<p><i>Pterocarya stenoptera</i> C.DC., <i>Punica granatum</i> L., <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Spiraea thunbergii</i> Siebold ex Blume, <i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> Jacq., <i>Villebrunea pedunculata</i> Shirai, i <i>Zelkova serrata</i> (Thunb.) Makino, other than plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds</p>		<p>Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen</p>	<p><i>rugicollis</i> Chevrolat was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection</p>
32.4	<p>Plants for planting of <i>Debregeasia hypoleuca</i> (Hochst. ex Steud.) Wedd., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Maclura pomifera</i> (Raf.) C.K.Schneid., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L. i <i>Salix</i> L., other than plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds</p>	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Moldova, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria,</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) have a diameter of less than 1 cm at the base of the stem, or</p> <p>(b) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or</p> <p>(d) the plants have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and</p> <p>(i) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat, carried out at appropriate times and no signs of the pest have been found, and</p> <p>(ii) with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 2 000 m where the absence of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat was confirmed by</p>

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			Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen	<p>official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and (iii) immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling, or (e) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat and immediately prior to export have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat, in particular in stems of the plants; where appropriate, this inspection should include destructive sampling.</p>
32.5	Plants of <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L., <i>Adiantum aleuticum</i> (Rupr.) Paris, <i>Adiantum jordanii</i> C. Muell., <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i> L., <i>Arbutus menziesii</i> Pursch., <i>Arbutus unedo</i> L., <i>Arctostaphylos</i> Adans, <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> (L.) Hull, <i>Camellia</i> L., <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L., <i>Frangula californica</i> (Eschsch.) Gray, <i>Frangula purshiana</i> (DC.) Cooper, <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L., <i>Griselinia littoralis</i> (Raoul), <i>Hamamelis virginiana</i> L., <i>Heteromeles arbutifolia</i> (Lindley) M. Roemer, <i>Kalmia latifolia</i> L., <i>Larix decidua</i> Mill., <i>Larix kaempferi</i> (Lamb.) Carrière, <i>Larix</i> ×	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 30 00 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 40 ex 0604 20 90 ex 0604 90 91 ex 1401 90 00 ex 1404 90 00	Canada, United Kingdom, United States and Vietnam	<p>Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-European isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) no signs of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-European isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld have been observed on any susceptible plants at the place of production during official inspections, including laboratory testing of any suspicious symptoms carried out since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and (c) a representative sample of the plants has been inspected before shipment and found free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-European isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld in these inspections.</p>

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	<p><i>eurolepis</i> A. Henry <i>Laurus nobilis</i> L., <i>Leucothoe</i> D. Don, <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., <i>Lonicera hispidula</i> (Lindl.) Dougl. ex Torr. & Gray, <i>Magnolia</i> L., <i>Michelia doltsopa</i> Buch.-Ham. ex DC., <i>Nothofagus obliqua</i> (Mirbel) Blume, <i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i> (G. Don) P. S. Green, <i>Parrotia persica</i> (DC) C.A. Meyer, <i>Photinia x fraseri</i> Dress, <i>Pieris</i> D. Don, <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Mirbel) Franco, <i>Quercus</i> L., <i>Rhododendron</i> L. osim <i>Rhododendron simsii</i> Planch., <i>Rosa gymnocarpa</i> Nutt., <i>Salix caprea</i> L., <i>Sequoia sempervirens</i> (Lamb. ex D. Don) Endl., <i>Syringa vulgaris</i> L., <i>Taxus</i> L., <i>Trientalis latifolia</i> (Hook.), <i>Umbellularia californica</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Nutt., <i>Vaccinium</i> L. i <i>Viburnum</i> L., other than fruits, pollen and seeds</p>			
32.6	<p>Plants for planting <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Betula</i> L., <i>Elaeagnus</i> L., <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Gleditsia</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Platanus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L., <i>Robinia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., ili <i>Ulmus</i> L., other than scions, cuttings, plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds</p>	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Afghanistan, India, Iran, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants: (a) have a diameter of less than 9 cm at the base of the stem, or (b) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to</p>

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				<p>export, in a site of production free from <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and where the plants have been grown</p> <p>(i) in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, which has been subjected to at least one inspection per year for any signs of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) in a site of production with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which has been subjected to annually at least two inspections for any signs of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 500 m where the absence of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky was confirmed during these official surveys, and</p> <p>immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, in particular in the stems of the plant, including where appropriate, destructive sampling, and no signs of presence of <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky have been observed.</p>
32.7	Plants for planting <i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Castanopsis</i> (D. Don) Spach i <i>Quercus</i> L., other than plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	China, North Korea, Russia, South Korea, Taiwan and Vietnam	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) have a diameter of less than 9 cm at the base of the stem,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig), established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life or during a period of at least two years prior to export, in a site of production free from <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and where the plants have been grown</p> <p>(i) in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig), which has been subjected annually to at least one inspection for any signs of <i>Massicus</i></p>

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				<p><i>raddei</i> (Blessig), carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) in a site of production with the application of appropriate preventive treatments which has been subjected annually to at least two inspections for any signs of <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig), carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 2000 m where the absence of <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig) was confirmed during official surveys,</p> <p>and</p> <p>immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to an inspection for the presence of <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig), in particular in the stems of the plant, including where appropriate, destructive sampling, and no signs of presence of <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig) have been observed.</p>
32.8	Plants for planting that have a stem diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp., <i>Fraxinus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> sp p., <i>Salix</i> spp. and <i>Ulmus</i> spp.	<p>ex 0602 10 90</p> <p>ex 0602 20 20</p> <p>ex 0602 20 80</p> <p>ex 0602 90 41</p> <p>ex 0602 90 45</p> <p>ex 0602 90 46</p> <p>ex 0602 90 48</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p>	China, Japan, North Korea, Lebanon, South Korea, Switzerland, United States	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin; or</p> <p>(b) have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or, in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) established as free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) in accordance with ISPM 10;</p>

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				<p>(ii) subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any sign of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) carried out at appropriate times, and no signs of that pest have been found;</p> <p>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), or — with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 1 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) are carried out annually at appropriate times; and <p>(iv) where, immediately prior to export, all consignments of the plants have been subjected to an official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), in particular on branches and stems, including targeted destructive sampling; or</p> <p>(c) have been grown from rootstocks which meet the requirements of point (b), grafted with scions and the grafted plants have been inspected in accordance with point (b)(iv). The size of the sample for the inspection referred to in point (b)(iv), shall be such as to enable at least the detection of 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %.</p>
32.9	Plants for planting that have a stem diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Alnus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 40 00</p>	All countries third	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM4, provided</p>

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	<p>., <i>Carpinus</i> spp., <i>Citrus</i> spp., <i>Cornus</i> spp., <i>Corylus</i> spp., <i>Cotoneaster</i> spp., <i>Crataegus</i> spp., <i>Fagus</i> spp., <i>Lagerstroemia</i> spp., <i>Malus</i> spp., <i>Melia</i> spp., <i>Ostrya</i> spp., <i>Photinia</i> spp., <i>Platanus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> spp., <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>, <i>Pyrus</i> spp., <i>Rosa</i> spp., <i>Salix</i> spp., <i>Ulmus</i> spp. and <i>Vaccinium corymbosum</i></p>	<p>ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>		<p>that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned; or</p> <p>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned; or</p> <p>(c) have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or, in the case of plants which are younger than two years, have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) established as free from <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster) in accordance with ISPM 10;</p> <p>(ii) subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any sign of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster) carried out at appropriate times, and no signs of that pest have been found;</p> <p>(iii) where the plants have been grown in a site:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), or — with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer zone with a width of at least 1 km where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora</i>
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				<p><i>chinensis</i> (Forster) are carried out annually at appropriate times; and</p> <p>(iv) where, immediately prior to export, consignments of the plants have been subjected to an official inspection for the presence of <i>Anoplophora chinensis</i> (Forster), in particular on roots and stems, including targeted destructive sampling; or</p> <p>(d) have been grown from rootstocks which meet the requirements of point (c), grafted with scions and the grafted plants have been inspected in accordance with point (c)(iv).</p> <p>The size of the sample for the inspection referred to in point (c)(iv), shall be such as to enable at least the detection of 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %</p>
33.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill i <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Cronartium</i> spp., with the exception of <i>Cronartium gentianeum</i> , <i>Cronartium pini</i> and <i>Cronartium ribicola</i> , have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation
34.	Plants of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	United States	Official statement that the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Bretziella fagacearum</i> (Bretz) Z.W. deBeer, Marinc., T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf., comb. nov.
35.	Plants for planting of <i>Corylus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45	Canada and United States	Official statement that the plants originate in: (a) an area, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller, in accordance with

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		ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99		the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from <i>Anisogramma anomala</i> (Peck) E. Müller on official inspections carried out at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
36.	Plants of <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L., <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Juglans ailantifolia</i> Carr., <i>Juglans mandshurica</i> Maxim., <i>Ulmus davidiana</i> Planch. i <i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90	Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and United States	Official statement that the plants originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4 (*), and located at a minimum distance of 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire has been officially confirmed. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin.
37.	Plants for planting <i>Juglans</i> L. i <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	United States	Official statement that the plants for planting: (a) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to export; the plants for planting have

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				<p>been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production, or</p> <p>(c) originate in a place of production with complete physical isolation, and plants for planting have been inspected immediately prior to export and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.</p>
38.	Plants of <i>Betula</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90</p> <p>ex 0602 20 20</p> <p>ex 0602 20 80</p> <p>ex 0602 90 41</p> <p>ex 0602 90 45</p> <p>ex 0602 90 46</p> <p>ex 0602 90 48</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
39.	Plants for planting of <i>Platanus</i> L., other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90</p> <p>ex 0602 20 20</p> <p>ex 0602 20 80</p> <p>ex 0602 90 41</p> <p>ex 0602 90 45</p> <p>ex 0602 90 46</p> <p>ex 0602 90 48</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p>	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey and United States	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established as free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:</p> <p>(i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, and</p> <p>(ii) which has been subjected annually to official inspections for any symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., including its immediate vicinity, carried out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and</p> <p>(iii) a representative sample of the plants has been subjected to testing for the presence of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J.</p>

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				M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest.
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41.	Plants <i>Populus</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	North and South America	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Sphaerulina musiva</i> (Peck) Quaedvl., Verkley & Crous have been observed at the place of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
42.	Plants for planting, other than scions, cuttings, plants in tissue culture, pollen and seeds, of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L.	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Canada and United States	Official statement that the plants: (a) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) have been grown during a period of at least two years prior to export, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years have been grown throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, and (ii) which has been subjected annually to two official inspections for any signs of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius carried out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and (iii) where the plants have been grown: — in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, — or — in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and surrounded by a buffer

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				zone with a width of at least 500 m, where the absence of <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times, and
43.	Plants for planting, other than plants in tissue culture and seeds, of <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Canada, Mexico and United States	Official statement that the plants have been grown: (a) throughout their life in an area free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) throughout their life, in a place of production established as free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: (i) which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and (ii) which has been subjected to annual inspections for any signs of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller carried out at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and (iii) where the plants have been grown in a site with the application of appropriate preventive treatments and where the absence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned, and (iv) immediately prior to export the plants have been subjected to a meticulous inspection for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller; or (c) in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller.

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44.	Plants for planting of <i>Crataegus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. Is known to occur	Official statement that no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
45.	Plants for planting <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas referred to in point 22 part A of List I.A and List II.A and <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. Are known to occur on the genera concerned	Official statement that no symptoms of diseases caused by viruses, viroids and phytoplasmas referred to in point 22 of Part A of List I.A and List II.A and <i>Phyllosticta solitaria</i> Ell. and Ev. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
46.	Plants for planting of <i>Malus</i> Mill., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where Cherry rasp leaf virus is known to occur	Official statement that: (a)the plants have been: (i)officially certified under a certification scheme requiring that they are derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from this pest, or (ii)derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least Cherry rasp leaf virus using appropriate indicators or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from this pest; (b)no symptoms caused by Cherry rasp leaf virus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.

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47.	Plants for planting of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries where American plum line pattern virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus, Peach mosaic virus, Peach rosette mosaic virus are known to occur	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a)the plants have been:</p> <p>(i)officially certified under a certification scheme requiring that they are derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those pests,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii)derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests;</p> <p>(b)no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant Union quarantine pests have been observed on plants at the place of production or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last three complete cycles of vegetation.</p>
48.	Plants for planting of <i>Rubus</i> L.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 1209 90 91 ex 1202 99 99	Third countries where Black raspberry latent virus is known to occur	<p>Official statement that the plants are free from aphids, including their eggs,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(i)the plants have been:</p> <p>—officially certified under a certification scheme requiring that they are derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for Black raspberry latent virus, using appropriate indicators for the presence of Black raspberry latent virus or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from Black raspberry latent virus,</p> <p>or</p> <p>—derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has</p>

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				<p>been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for Black raspberry latent virus, using appropriate indicators for the presence of Black raspberry latent virus or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from Black raspberry latent virus;</p> <p>(ii)no symptoms of diseases caused by Black raspberry latent virus have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
48.1	Plants for planting of <i>Rubus</i> L., other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48</p>	Third countries where Raspberry leaf curl virus, Cherry rasp leaf virus are known to occur	<p>Official statement that the plants are free from aphids, including their eggs,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(i)the plants have been:</p> <p>—officially certified under a certification scheme requiring that they are derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests,</p> <p>or</p> <p>—derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing at least for the relevant Union quarantine pests, using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from those Union quarantine pests;</p> <p>(ii)no symptoms of diseases caused by the relevant Union quarantine pests have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
49.	Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L., other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30</p>	Third countries where <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the plants, other than those raised from seed, have been:</p>

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			<p>australiense Davis et al. (reference strain), <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma fraxini (reference strain) Griffiths et al., an <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma hispanicum (reference strain) Davis et al. are known to accur</p>	<p>(i) either officially certified under a certification scheme requiring them to be derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and subjected to official testing for at least <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma australiense</i> Davis et al. (reference strain), <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain) Griffiths et al., and <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (reference strain) Davis et al. strain), using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, or (ii) derived in direct line from material which is maintained under appropriate conditions and has been subjected, within the last three complete cycles of vegetation, at least once, to official testing for at least <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma australiense</i> Davis et al. (reference strain), <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain) Griffiths et al., and <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (reference strain) Davis et al. using appropriate indicators for the presence of those pests or equivalent methods and has been found free, in these tests, from Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma, (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by Strawberry witches' broom phytoplasma <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma australiense</i> Davis et al. (reference strain), <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma fraxini</i> (reference strain) Griffiths et al., and <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Phytoplasma hispanicum</i> (reference strain) Davis et al. have been observed on plants at the place of production, or on susceptible plants in its immediate vicinity, since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.</p>
50.	Plants for planting of <i>Fragaria</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 30	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate in an area known to be <i>Anthonomus signatus</i> Say and <i>Anthonomus bisignifer</i> Schenkling.
51.	Plants of <i>Aegle</i> Corrêa, <i>Aeglops</i>	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Candidatus</i> <i>Liberibacter africanus</i> , <i>Candidatus</i>

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	<p><i>is Swingle, Afraegle E ngl,</i> <i>Atalantia Corrêa,</i> <i>Balsamocitrus Stap,B</i> <i>urkillanthus Swingle,</i> <i>Calodendrum Thunb.,</i> <i>Choisya Kunth, Clau</i> <i>senae Burm.</i> <i>f., Limonia L.,</i> <i>Microcitrus Swingle.,</i> <i>Murraya J. Koenig iz</i> <i>L., Pamburus Swingle</i> <i>, Severinia Ten., Swin</i> <i>glea Merr.,</i> <i>Triphasia Lour.</i> <i>i Vepris Comm., other</i> <i>than fruits (but</i> <i>including seeds); and</i> <i>seeds of Citrus L.,</i> <i>Fortunella Swingle</i> <i>i Poncirus Raf. And</i> <i>their hybridsi njihovih</i> <i>hybrids</i></p>	<p>ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1209 30 00 ex 1209 99 10 ex 1209 99 91 ex 1209 99 99 ex 1404 90 00</p>		<p>Liberibacter americanus and Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus, causal agents of Huanglongbing disease of citrus/citrus greening, in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
52.	<p>Plants of <i>Casimiroa La</i> <i>Llave, Choisya Kunth</i> <i>Clausena Burm.</i> <i>f., Murraya J.Koenig</i> <i>ex L., Vepris Comm</i> <i>i Zanthoxylum L.,</i> <i>other than fruits and</i> <i>seeds</i></p>	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries	<p>Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in a country in which <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio is known not to occur, or (b) the plants originate in an area free from <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or c) the plants have been grown in a place of production, which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and where the plants have been grown during a period of one year, in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio, and where, during a period of at least one year prior to the movement, two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times and no signs of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio have been observed in that site, and</p>

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				prior to movement are handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
53.	Plants of <i>Aegle</i> Corrêa, <i>Aeglopsis</i> Swingle, <i>Afraegle</i> Engl., <i>Amyris</i> P. Browne, <i>Atalantia</i> Corrêa, <i>Balsamocitrus</i> Stapf, <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Citropsis</i> Swingle & Kellerman, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Eremocitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Esenbeckia</i> Kunth., <i>Glycosmis</i> Corrêa, <i>Limonia</i> L., <i>Merrillia</i> Swingle, <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig iz L., <i>Naringi</i> Adans., <i>Pamburus</i> Swingle, <i>Severinia</i> Ten., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., <i>Tetradium</i> Lour., <i>Toddalia</i> Juss., <i>Triphasia</i> Lour., <i>Vepris</i> Comm. and <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate: (a) in a country in which <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway is known not to occur, or (b) in an area free from <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
54.	Plants of <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans. i <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., other than fruits and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 30 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that the plants originate: (a) in a country recognised as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> ((Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to European Commission by the national

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				plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
55.	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom	Official statement that: (a) either the plants originate in an area known to be free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and Coconut cadang-cadang viroid, and no symptoms have been observed at the place of production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, or (b) no symptoms of Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasmas and Coconut cadang-cadang viroid have been observed on the plants since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and plants at the place of production which have shown symptoms giving rise to the suspicion of contamination by the pests have been rogued out at that place and the plants have undergone appropriate treatment to rid them of <i>Myndus crudus</i> Van Duzee, (c) in the case of plants in tissue culture, the plants were derived from plants which have met the requirements laid down in point (a) or (b).
56.	Plants of <i>Cryptocoryne</i> sp., <i>Hygrophila</i> sp. i <i>Vallisneria</i> sp., other than pollen and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Third countries	Official statement that the roots have been subjected to testing for at least nematode pests, of a representative sample, using appropriate methods for the detection of the pests and have been found at these tests free from the nematode pests.

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57.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle i <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	The fruits shall be free from peduncles and leaves and the packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
58.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) the fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. i <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and

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				<p><i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the fruits have been subjected to a treatment with sodium orthophenylphenate, or another effective treatment mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, and the treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, and official inspections carried out at appropriate times prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or (e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, official inspections prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and movement, storage and processing takes place under the officially approved conditions, and the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing a label, which contains a traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate</p>
59.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle i <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in

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		<p>ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00</p>		<p>advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun have been observed in the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the site of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this pest.</p>
60.	<p>Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle i <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, other than fruits of <i>Citrus</i> <i>aurantium</i> L. and <i>Citrus</i> <i>latifolia</i> Tanaka</p>	<p>0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00</p>	Third countries	<p>Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) the fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No</p>

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				<p>2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and the fruits are found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa by official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards, or (d) the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments and cultural measures against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa, and official inspections have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa during an official inspection prior to export, of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or (e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, the fruits have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa prior to the export during an official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards, and a statement that the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa carried out at the appropriate time of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned is included in the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and movement, storage and processing takes place under the officially approved conditions, and the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing a label, which contains a traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate</p>
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61.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, <i>Mangifera</i> L.* i <i>Prunus</i> L.	ex 0804 50 00 0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00 0809 10 00 0809 21 00 0809 29 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 0809 40 05 0809 40 90	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from Tephritidae as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A List I.A i List II. A, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Tephritidae as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A List I.A i List II. A, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no signs of Tephritidae as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A List I.A i List II. A, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of the relevant pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Tephritidae as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A List I.A i List II. A, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
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62.	Cut flowers of <i>Rosa</i> L. and fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> (L.), <i>Citrus</i> L., other than <i>Citrus aurantiifolia</i> (Christm.) Swingle <i>Citrus limon</i> (L.) Osbeck. i <i>Citrus sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch i <i>Punica granatum</i> L.	0603 11 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0805 10 80 0805 21 10 0805 21 90 0805 22 00 0805 29 00 0805 40 00 ex 0805 90 00 0809 30 20 0809 30 30 0809 30 80 ex 0810 90 75	Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel	Official statement that: (a)the cut flowers and the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, or (b)the cut flowers and the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4 (*). The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, or (c)the cut flowers and the fruits: (i)originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and (ii)have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling for fruits in case of symptoms, and have been found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick),
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				<p>and</p> <p>(iii)are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d)the cut flowers and the fruits:</p> <p>(i)have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii)have been subjected to an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14 (****), or an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), provided that the respective systems approach used or the post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and that postharvest treatment has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii)prior to export, have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), with an intensity to enable at least the detection of 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 (***) and including destructive sampling for fruits in case of symptoms,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv)are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes and mentions the details of the post-harvest treatment used, or the use of the systems approach.</p>
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62.1	Fruits of <i>Citrus sinensis</i> Pers.	0805 10 22 0805 10 24 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80	Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the fruits</p> <p>(i) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, and found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick),</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) the fruits:</p>
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				<p>(i) have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) have been subjected to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — an effective systems approach, which includes a cold treatment of 0 °C to – 1 °C for at least 16 days, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14 and ISPM 42, provided that the cold treatment has been documented and checked for each consignment by the exporting third country and the systems approach, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, — or — an effective systems approach in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, which includes a precooling step of the pulp of the fruit to the temperature of the cold treatment applied, followed by that cold treatment for at least 20 days at a set temperature between – 1 °C and +2 °C, provided that the precooling step and the cold treatment have been documented and checked for each consignment by the exporting third country, and provided that the systems approach, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, — or — an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), provided that that post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the
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				<p>country of origin and has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority,</p> <p>— or</p> <p>— until 31 December 2022, an effective systems approach in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, which includes a precooling step of the pulp of the fruit to 5 °C, followed by a cold treatment for at least 25 days at a set temperature between – 1 °C and +2 °C, provided that the precooling step and the cold treatment have been documented and checked for each consignment by the exporting third country, and provided that the systems approach, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) prior to export have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes, mentions details of the post-harvest treatment used or the use of the systems approach together with the set temperature used and the duration of the cold treatment applied in that systems approach;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(v) in case the cold treatment has been applied during transport, in addition to the phytosanitary certificate, records on the application of the treatment have been kept and made available upon request.</p>
63.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L. i <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90 0809 10 00 0809 21 00	Canada, Mexico and the United States	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardii</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary

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		0809 29 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 0809 40 05 0809 40 90 0810 40 10 0810 40 30 0810 40 50 0810 40 90		Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
64.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. i <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to European Commission, or (c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence

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				<p>of <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to European Commission.</p>
65.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill. i <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90	Third countries	<p>Official statement that the fruits:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p>

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				(d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
66.	Fruits of <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0808 10 10 0808 10 80	Third countries	<p>Official statement that the fruits:</p> <p>(a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest(s), including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest(s)</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment</p>

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				method are indicated on the certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
67.	Fruits of <i>Solanaceae</i>	0702 00 00 0709 30 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90 ex 0810 90 75	Australia, Americas and New Zealand	Official statement that the fruits originate in: a) country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity have been carried out during the last three months prior to export and subjected to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate.
68.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum aethiopicum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0702 00 00 0709 30 00 ex 0709 60 10 ex 0709 60 91 ex 0709 60 95 ex 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission

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	and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.			<p>by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
68.1	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0702 00 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90	Bolivia, Colombia, Equvador, Peru and United States	<p>Official statement that the fruits:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Prodidiplosis longifila</i> Gagné in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p>

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				<p>(b) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections and surveys have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) originate in a site of production with a physical isolation, against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné, on the basis of official inspections carried out during the two months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> Gagné and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
69.	Fruits of <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	0702 00 00 0709 30 00	Third countries	<p>Official statement that the fruits originate in:</p> <p>(a) a country recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the</p>

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				country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.
70.	Fruits of <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	0709 30 00	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in a country free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (c) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny.
71.	Fruits of „ <i>Momordica</i> L., other than <i>Momordica charantia</i> L. originating in Honduras, Mexico, Sri Lanka, and Thailand	ex 0709 99 90	Third countries	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.
71.1	Fruits of <i>Momordica charantia</i> L	ex 0709 99 90	Honduras, Mexico, Sri Lanka, and Thailand	Official statement that the fruits: (a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this

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				<p>freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originate in a site of production with physical protection against <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, and immediately prior to export, have been found free of that pest and/or symptoms of it by an official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standard ISPM31, and</p> <p>have been handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation with <i>Thrips Palmi</i> Karny after leaving the site of production,</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate.</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been produced following an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, which includes at least the fulfilment of all of the following requirements:</p> <p>(i) the site of production:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — has been equipped with sticky traps to detect <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny during the entire production cycle, — has been subjected to at least thrice-a-week inspections and found free of symptoms and/or the pest of concern, during the entire production cycle; in case of suspicion of the presence of <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, appropriate treatments have been carried out to ensure the absence of that pest, — has been subjected to effective weed control to eliminate alternative hosts of <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny, and <p>(ii) the fruits were subject to effective cultural control measures against <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny and those measures have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, and</p> <p>(iii) the harvested fruits have been:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — handled and transported to the packaging houses in a way that prevents infestation after leaving the site of production, — brushed and washed with water containing a disinfectant to ensure freedom from larvae or adults of <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny,
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				<p>— handled and packaged in ways that prevent infestation after leaving the packaging house,</p> <p>— immediately prior to export, found free of symptoms of <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny by an official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standard ISPM31,</p> <p>(iv) information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
72.	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L.	ex 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 ex 0709 60 95 ex 0709 60 99	Belize, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Jamaica, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico, United States and French Polynesia where <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano is known to occur	Official statement that the fruits originate in: (a) an area free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export, at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.
72.1	Fruits of <i>Capsicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum</i> L.	0702 00 00 0709 30 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99	Algeria, Angola, Benin Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya,	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> (Hendel) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> (Hendel) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,

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			<p>Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia</p> <p>Niger, Nigeria, Réunion, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, The Democratic Republic of the Congo, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe</p> <p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District</p>	<p>or</p> <p>(c) no signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> (Hendel) have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> (Hendel),</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) the fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> (Hendel) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
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			(Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen	
72.2	Fruits of <i>Annona</i> L. and <i>Carica papaya</i> L.	ex 0810 90 75 0807 20 00	Algeria, Angola, Benin Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia Niger, Nigeria, Réunion,	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel), and

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			<p>Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, The Democratic Republic of the Congo, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe</p> <p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan,</p> <p>Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan,</p> <p>Laos,</p> <p>Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi</p>	<p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) the fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel)</p> <p>and</p> <p>the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
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			Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor- Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen	
72.3	Fruits of <i>Psidium guajava</i> L.	ex 0804 50 00	Algeria, Angola, Benin Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Eswatini, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea- Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mayotte, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia Niger, Nigeria, Réunion, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, South Africa, South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania, The	Official statement that: (a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (c) no signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders) have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> (Hendel) and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders), and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) the fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera</i>

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			<p>Democratic Republic of the Congo, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen</p>	<p><i>dorsalis</i> (Hendel) and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> (Saunders) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to European Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
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73.	Seeds of <i>Zea mays</i> L.	0712 90 11 1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 18 1005 10 90	Third countries	Official statement that: (a) the seeds originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) the seeds originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters in this test. The size of the sample for inspection shall be such as to enable at least the detection of 0,5 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %. However, in the case of seed lots smaller than 8000 seeds, a representative sample of 10 % of the lot has been tested and found free from <i>Pantoea stewartii</i> subsp. <i>stewartii</i> (Smith) Mergaert, Verdonck & Kersters in this test.
74.	Seeds of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>xTriticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus	1001 11 00 1001 91 10 1001 91 20 1001 91 90 1002 10 00 1008 60 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and United States where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	Official statement that the seeds originate in an area where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur. The name of the area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'place of origin'.
75.	Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>xTriticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus	1001 19 00 1001 99 00 1002 90 00 ex 1008 60 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and United States where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the grain originates in an area where <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra is known not to occur. The name of the area or areas is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'place of origin', or (b) no symptoms of <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their last complete cycle of vegetation and representative samples of the grain have been taken both at the time of harvest and before shipment and have been tested and found free from <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra in these tests; the latter is mentioned on the phytosanitary

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				certificate, under the rubric 'name of produce' as 'tested and found free from <i>Tilletia indica</i> Mitra'.
76.	<p>Wood of conifers (Pinopsida), except that of <i>Thuja</i> L. and <i>Taxus</i> L., other than in the form of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, — wood of <i>Libocedrus decurrens</i> Torr. where there is evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured for pencils using heat treatment to 	<p>ex 4401 11 00 ex 4403 11 00 4403 21 10 4403 21 90 4403 22 00 4403 23 10 4403 23 90 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 ex 4406 11 00 ex 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90 ex 4408 10 15 ex 4408 10 91 ex 4408 10 98 ex 4409 10 18 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	<p>Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and United States, where <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate:</p> <p>(a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, indicated by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>and</p> <p>official statement that subsequent to its treatment the wood was transported until leaving the country issuing that statement outside of the flight season of the vector <i>Monochamus</i>, taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season, or, except in the case of wood free from any bark, with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> or its vector cannot occur.</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) chemical pressure impregnation with officially approved product, the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, which is indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark together with a mark 'HT', put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>

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	achieve a minimum temperature of 82 °C for a seven to eight-day period, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface			
77.	Wood of conifers (Pinopsida) in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers	4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	Official statement that the wood has undergone an appropriate: (a) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, and official statement that subsequent to its treatment the wood was transported until leaving the country issuing that statement outside of the flight season of the vector <i>Monochamus</i> , taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season, or, except in the case of wood free from any bark, with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> or its vector cannot occur, or (b) fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m ³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificates, or (c) heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, which is indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark together with a mark 'HT', put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate.
78.	Wood of <i>Thuja</i> L. and <i>Taxus</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in	ex 4401 11 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 ex 4406 11 00	Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and the United States, where <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur	Official statement that the wood: (a) is bark-free, or (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, indicated by a mark

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	<p>whole or part from these conifers,</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,</p> <p>but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>ex 4406 91 00 ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90 ex 4408 10 15 ex 4408 10 91 ex 4408 10 9 ex 4409 10 18 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	<p><i>enchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur</p>	<p>'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, or</p> <p>(c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood indicated by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with officially approved product, the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
79.	<p>Wood of conifers (Pinopsida), other than in the form of:</p> <p>— chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers,</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage,</p>	<p>4401 11 00 4403 11 00 4403 21 10 4403 21 90 4403 22 00 4403 23 10 4403 23 90 4403 24 00 4403 25 10 4403 25 90 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90</p>	<p>Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) originates in areas known to be free from:</p> <p>(i) <i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European populations)</p> <p>(ii) <i>Pissodes cibriani</i> O'Brien, <i>Pissodes fasciatus</i> Leconte, <i>Pissodes nemorensis</i> Germar, <i>Pissodes nitidus</i> Roelofs, <i>Pissodes punctatus</i> Langor & Zhang, <i>Pissodes strobi</i> (Peck), <i>Pissodes terminalis</i> Hopping, <i>Pissodes yunnanensis</i> Langor & Zhang and <i>Pissodes zitacuarensis</i> Sleeper</p> <p>(iii) <i>Scolytinae</i> spp. (non-European)</p> <p>and indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'place of origin',</p> <p>or</p>

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	<p>whether actually in use or not in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4409 10 18 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>		<p>(b) is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by the genus <i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European populations), defined for this purpose as those which are larger than 3 mm across, or (c) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule and indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with the current usage, or (d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and indicated by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the certificate or (e) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h) of which have been indicated on the phytosanitary certificate or (f) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with officially approved product, the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
80.	<p>Wood of conifers (Pinopsida), other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these conifers, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether actually in</p>	<p>4401 11 00 4403 11 00 4403 21 10 4403 21 90 4403 22 00 4403 23 10 4403 23 90 4403 24 00 4403 25 10 4403 25 90 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90</p>	<p>Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein,</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood: (a) is bark-free and free from grub holes, caused by the genus <i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European populations), defined for this purpose as those which are larger than 3 mm across, or (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, or (c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or</p>

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	use or not in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface.	4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4409 10 18 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	Kazakhstan, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom, — Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and United States, where <i>Bursap helenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur.	(d) has undergone an appropriate chemical pressure impregnation with officially approved product, the active ingredient, the pressure (psi or kPa) and the concentration (%) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary, or (e) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, and indicated by the mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, and on the phytosanitary certificate.
81.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from conifers (Pinopsida)	4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00	Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, San Marino, Switzerland, Ukraine and the United Kingdom, and other than Canada, China, Japan, Republic of Korea, Mexico, Taiwan and USA, where <i>Bursaphel</i>	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Monochamus</i> spp. (non-European populations), <i>Pissodes cibriani</i> O'Brien, <i>Pissodes fasciatus</i> Leconte, <i>Pissodes nemorensis</i> Germar, <i>Pissodes nitidus</i> Roelofs, <i>Pissodes punctatus</i> Langor & Zhang, <i>Pissodes strobi</i> (Peck), <i>Pissodes terminalis</i> Hopping, <i>Pissodes yunnanensis</i> Langor & Zhang and <i>Pissodes zitacuarensis</i> Sleeper, <i>Scolytinae</i> spp. (non-European) The area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'place of origin,' or (b) has been produced from debarked round wood, or (c) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or (d) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the

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			<p><i>enchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> is known to occur.</p>	<p>rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (e) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
82.	Isolated bark of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00	<p>Countries other than EU Member States and CEFTA (Central European Free Trade Agreement), Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom</p>	<p>Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) has been subjected to an appropriate fumigation with officially approved fumigant, the active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the rate (g/m³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark, indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, and (c) that subsequent to its treatment the bark was transported until leaving the country issuing that statement outside of the flight season of the vector <i>Monochamus</i>, taking into account a safety margin of four additional weeks at the beginning and at the end of the expected flight season, or with a protective covering ensuring that infestation with <i>Bursaphelenchus xylophilus</i> (Steiner et Bühner) Nickle <i>et al.</i> or its vector cannot occur.</p>

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83.	<p>Wood of <i>Juglans L.</i> and <i>Pterocarya Kunth</i>, other than in the form of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, <p>but including that which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	United States	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) originates in an area free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarik, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood and indicated by the mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current use, and on phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) has been squared to entirely remove the natural rounded surface.</p>
84.	<p>Isolated bark and wood of <i>Juglans L.</i> and <i>Pterocarya Kunth</i>, in the form of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants 	<p>ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00</p>	United States	<p>Official statement that the wood or the isolated bark:</p> <p>(a) originates in an area free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarik, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p>

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				or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark or the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.
85.	<p>Wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, other than in the form of:</p> <p>—wood intended for the production of veneer sheets,</p> <p>—chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap,</p> <p>—wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, except for wood in the form of veneer of a thickness of 6 mm or less and originating in Canada, which may be introduced in</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule and indicated by the mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

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	accordance with a specific regulation.			
86.	Wood of <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh., intended for the production of veneer sheets except for wood in the form of veneer of a thickness of 6 mm or less and originating in Canada, which may be introduced in accordance with a specific regulation.	ex 4403 12 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Davidsoniella virescens</i> (R.W. Davidson) Z.W. de Beer, T.A. Duong & M.J. Wingf Moreau and is intended for the production of veneer sheets.
87.	Wood of <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L, other than in the form of — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 10 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	Belarus, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan and Ukraine	Official statement that: (a)the wood originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4 (*), and located at a minimum distance of 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of the specified pest has been officially confirmed. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, or (b)the bark and at least 2,5 cm of the outer sapwood have been removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation, or (c)the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.

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	— but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood			
87.1	<p>Wood of <i>Fraxinus</i> L. other than in the form of</p> <p>— chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees,</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,</p> <p>— but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood.</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>4407 95 10</p> <p>4407 95 91</p> <p>4407 95 99</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15</p> <p>ex 4408 90 35</p> <p>ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>ex 4409 29 10</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91</p> <p>ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	Canada and United States	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>a)the wood originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4 and located at a minimum distance of 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of the specified pest has been officially confirmed. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric “place of origin”, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>or</p> <p>b)the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(i)the wood has undergone all of the following steps:</p> <p>—debarking, i.e. the wood is either completely debarked or only contains visually separate and clearly distinct pieces of bark. Each of the pieces is less than 3 cm in width or, if they are larger than 3 cm in width, has a surface of less than 50 cm²;</p> <p>—sawing;</p> <p>—heat treatment, i.e. the wood is heated through its profile to at least 71 °C for 1 200 minutes in a heat chamber approved by the national plant protection organisation in the third country or an agency approved by that organisation; and</p>

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				<p>—drying, i.e. the wood is dried following industrial drying schedules of at least two-week duration, recognised by the national plant protection organisation in the third country, and the final moisture content of the wood does not exceed 10 % expressed as a percentage of dry matter;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii)the wood has been produced, handled or stored in a facility which fulfils all of the following requirements:</p> <p>—it is officially approved by the national plant protection organisation in the third country or by an agency approved by that organisation, pursuant to its certification programme concerning <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire;</p> <p>—it is registered in a database published on the website of the national plant protection organisation in the third country;</p> <p>—it is audited by the national plant protection organisation in the third country or an agency approved by that organisation, at least once per month and it has been concluded that it complies with the requirements of this Annex point. In case the audits have been performed by an agency other than the national plant protection organisation in the third country, that organisation has carried out audits of this work at least every six months. Those audits have included the verification of the procedures and documentation of the agency, and audits at approved facilities;</p> <p>—it uses equipment for the treatment of wood which has been calibrated consistently with the equipment’s manual of operation;</p> <p>—it keeps record of its procedures for verification by the national plant protection organisation in that country or an agency approved by that organisation, including the duration of treatment, temperatures during treatment and for each specific bundle to be exported, the compliance check and final moisture content,</p> <p>and</p>
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				<p>(iii)each bundle of the wood visibly displays both a number and a label with the words “HT-KD” or “Heat Treated – Kiln Dried”. That label has been issued by, or under the supervision of, a designated officer of the approved facility after verifying that the processing requirements set out in point (i) and the requirements for facilities set out in point (ii) have been complied with,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv)the wood destined for the Union has been inspected by the national plant protection organisation in that country, or an agency officially approved by that authority, to ensure that the requirements laid down in points (i) and (iii) are met. The bundle number(s) corresponding to each specific bundle being exported and the name of the approved facility(ies) in the country of origin shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to under the rubric “Additional declaration.</p>
87.2	<p>Wood of <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L., other than in the form of</p> <p>— chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees,</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 10 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	Canada and United States	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a)the wood originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4, and located at a minimum distance of 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of that pest has been officially confirmed. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric “place of origin”, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b)the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.</p>

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	<p>the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,</p> <p>— but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood.</p>			
88.	<p>Wood in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L.</p>	<p>ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and United States</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4, and located at a minimum distance of 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of the specified pest has been officially confirmed. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin.</p>
89.	<p>Isolated bark and objects made of bark of <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L..</p>	<p>ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and United States</p>	<p>Official statement that the bark originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4, and located at a minimum distance of 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of the specified pest has been officially confirmed. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric "place of origin", provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin.</p>
90.	<p>Wood of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than in the form of:</p> <p>— chips, particles, sawdust, shavings,</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 91 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 91 15</p>	<p>United States</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) is squared so as to remove entirely the rounded surface, or (b) is bark-free and the water content is less than 20 % expressed as a percentage of the dry matter, or</p>

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	<p>wood waste and scrap,</p> <p>— casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves where there is documented evidence that the wood has been produced or manufactured using heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes</p> <p>— Wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>		<p>(c) is bark-free and has been disinfected by an appropriate hot-air or hot water treatment, or</p> <p>(d) if sawn, with or without residual bark attached, has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, indicated by the mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.</p>
91.	<p>Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings,</p>	<p>ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00</p>	United States	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of</p>

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	wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or part from <i>Quercus</i> L.			dry matter achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or (b) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m ³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.
92.	Wood of <i>Betula</i> L., other than in the form of — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these trees, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	Canada and United States where <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory is known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the bark and at least 2,5 cm of the outer sapwood are removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation, or (b) the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.

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	but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood			
93.	Wood chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Betula</i> L.	ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00	Third countries	Official statement that the wood originates in a country known to be free of <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory.
94.	Bark and objects made of bark of <i>Betula</i> L.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00	Canada and United States where <i>Agrilus anxius</i> Gory is known to occur	Official statement that the bark is free from wood.
95.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., except — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and wood in the form of chips, particles,	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey and United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, indicated by the mark 'kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.

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	sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Platanus</i> L.			
96.	Wood of <i>Populus</i> L., except that in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 97 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	Americas	Official statement that the wood: (a) is bark-free, or (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, indicated by the mark 'kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
97.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap and obtained in whole or in part from: (a) <i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh.,	ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00	a) Canada and United States b) Americas	Official statement that the wood: (a) has been produced from debarked round wood, or (b) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, or

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	(b) <i>Populus</i> L.			(c) has undergone an appropriate fumigation to officially approved specification, the active ingredient, the minimum wood temperature, the rate (g/m ³) and the exposure time (h) of which are indicated on the phytosanitary, or (d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, the latter to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.
98.	Wood of <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, sawdust and shavings, obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnagesupporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius, established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate ionising radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.

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	wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface			
99.	Wood in the form of chips obtained in whole or part from <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00	Canada and United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from <i>Saperda candida</i> Fabricius in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 minutes throughout the entire profile of the chips, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.
100.	Wood of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 94 10 4407 94 91 4407 94 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea and Vietnam	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area free from <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Falderman), established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate ionising radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.

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	type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface			
101.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from <i>Prunus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 49 90 ex 4401 49 10	China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Mongolia, Japan, Republic of Korea and Vietnam	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, under the rubric 'Additional declaration' or (b) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.
102.	Wood of <i>Acacia</i> Mill., <i>Acer buergerianum</i> Miq., <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Acer negundo</i> L., <i>Acer palmatum</i> Thunb., <i>Acer paxii</i> Franch., <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L., <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Ailanthus altissima</i> (Mill.) Swingle, <i>Albizia falcata</i> Backer ex Merr., <i>Albizia julibrissin</i> Durazz., <i>Alectryon excelsus</i> Gärtn., <i>Alnus rhombifolia</i> Nutt., <i>Archontophoenix cunninghamiana</i> H. Wendl. & Drude, <i>Artocarpus integer</i> (Thunb.) Merr.,	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 91 00 4403 93 00 4403 97 00 4403 98 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90 4407 92 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90	Third countries	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in a country recognised as being free from <i>Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato</i> , in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes to ensure freedom from <i>Euwallacea fornicatus sensu lato</i> , throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or

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	<p>Azadirachta indica A. Juss., Baccharis salicina Torr. & A.Gray, Bauhinia variegata L., Brachychiton discolor F.Muell., Brachychiton populneus R.Br., Camellia semiserrata C.W.Chi, Camellia sinensis (L.) Kuntze, Canarium commune L., Castanospermum australe A.Cunningham & C.Fraser, Cercidium floridum Benth. ex A.Gray, Cercidium sonoreae Rose & I.M.Johnst., Cocculus laurifolius DC., Combretum kraussii Hochst., Cupaniopsis anacardioides (A.Rich.) Radlk., Dombeya cacuminum Hochr., Erythrina corallodendron L., Erythrina coralloides Moc. & Sessé ex DC., Erythrina falcata Benth., Erythrina fusca Lour., Eucalyptus ficifolia F.Müll., Fagus crenata Blume, Ficus L., Gleditsia triacanthos L., Hevea brasiliensis (Willd. ex A.Juss) Muell.Arg., Howea forsteriana (F.Müller) Becc., Ilex cornuta Lindl. & Paxton, Inga vera Willd., Jacaranda mimosifolia D.Don, Koelreuteria bipinnata Franch., Liquidambar styraciflua L., Magnolia grandiflora L., Magnolia virginiana L., Mimosa bracaatinga Hoehne, Morus alba L., Parkinsonia aculeata L., Persea americana</p>	<p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>		<p>(d) has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, and indicated by the mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.</p>
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	<p>Mill., Pithecellobium lobatum Benth., Platanus x hispanica Mill. ex Münchh., Platanus mexicana Torr., Platanus occidentalis L., Platanus orientalis L., Platanus racemosa Nutt., Podalyria calyptrata Willd., Populus fremontii S.Watson, Populus nigra L., Populus trichocarpa Torr. & A.Gray ex Hook., Prosopis articulata S.Watson, Protium serratum Engl., Psoralea pinnata L., Pterocarya stenoptera C.DC., Quercus agrifolia Née, Quercus calliprinos Webb., Quercus chrysolepis Liebm, Quercus engelmannii Greene, Quercus ithaburensis Dence. Quercus lobata Née, Quercus palustris Marshall, Quercus robur L., Quercus suber L., Ricinus communis L., Salix alba L., Salix babylonica L., Salix gooddingii C.R.Ball, Salix laevigata Bebb, Salix mucronata Thnb., Shorea robusta C.F.Gaertn., Spathodea campanulata P.Beauv., Spondias dulcis Parkinson, Tamarix ramosissima Kar. ex Boiss., Virgilia oroboides subsp. ferrugine B.-E.van Wyk, Wisteria floribunda (Willd.) DC. and Xylosma avilae Sleumer, other than in the form of:</p>			
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	<p>—chips, sawdust, shavings and wood waste, obtained in whole or part from these plants,</p> <p>—wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface, except for wood of <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Acer buergerianum</i> Miq., <i>Acer negundo</i> L., <i>Acer palmatum</i> Thunb., <i>Acer paxii</i> Franch. or <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L., in the form of veneer of a thickness of 6 mm or less and originating in Canada, which may be introduced in accordance with a specific regulation.</p>			
103.	<p>Wood of <i>Artocarpus chaplasha</i> Roxb., <i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam., <i>Artocarpus</i></p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 97 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00</p>	<p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam,</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p>

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<p><i>integer</i> (Thunb.) Merr., <i>Alnus</i> <i>formosana</i> Makino, <i>Bombax</i> <i>malabaricum</i> DC., <i>Broussonetia</i> <i>papyrifera</i> (L.) Vent., <i>Broussonetia</i> <i>kazinoki</i> Siebold, <i>Cajanus cajan</i> (L.) Huth, <i>Camellia</i> <i>oleifera</i> C.Abel, <i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Celtis</i> <i>sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Cinnamomum</i> <i>camphora</i> (L.) J.Presl, <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Cunninghamia</i> <i>lanceolata</i> (Lamb.) Hook., <i>Dalbergia</i> L.f., <i>Eriob</i> <i>otrya</i> <i>japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Ficus</i> <i>carica</i> L., <i>Ficus</i> <i>hispida</i> L.f., <i>Ficus</i> <i>infectoria</i> Willd., <i>Ficu</i> <i>s retusa</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> <i>regia</i> L., <i>Maclura</i> <i>tricuspidata</i> Carrière, <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Melia</i> <i>azedarach</i> L., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunu</i> <i>s pseudocerasus</i>, <i>Pyrus</i> spp., <i>Robinia</i> <i>pseudoacacia</i> L., <i>Sali</i> <i>x</i> L., <i>Sapium</i> <i>sebiferum</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Schima</i> <i>superba</i> Gardner & Champ., <i>Sophora</i> <i>japonica</i> L., <i>Trema</i> <i>amboinense</i> (Willd.) Blume, <i>Trema</i> <i>orientale</i> (L.) Blume, <i>Ulmus</i> L., <i>Ver</i> <i>nicia fordii</i> (Hemsl.) Airy Shaw, and <i>Xylosma</i> G.Forst., other than in the form of: — chips, sawdust, shavings and wood waste, obtained in</p>	<p>ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 4407 94 10 4407 94 91 4407 94 99 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	<p>Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor- Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen</p>	<p>or (b) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona</i> <i>germari</i> (Hope) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) has undergone an appropriate ionising radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or (e) is bark-free and not exceeding 20 cm in cross-section at its largest dimension and has undergone an appropriate sulfuryl fluoride fumigation treatment in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures.</p>
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	<p>whole or part from these plants,</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,</p> <p>— but including that which has not kept its natural round surface</p>			
104.	<p>Wood in the form of chips and wood waste, obtained in whole or part from <i>Artocarpus chaplasha</i> Roxb., <i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam., <i>Artocarpus integer</i> (Thunb.) Merr., <i>Alnus formosana</i> Makino, <i>Bombax malabaricum</i> DC., <i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i> (L.) Vent., <i>Broussonetia kazinoki</i> Siebold, <i>Cajanus cajan</i> (L.) Huth, <i>Camellia oleifera</i> C.Abel,</p>	<p>ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea,</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) originates in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or</p> <p>(b) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona germari</i> (Hope), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or</p> <p>(c) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or</p> <p>(d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes</p>

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	<p><i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Celtis sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Cinnamomum camphora</i> (L.) J.Presl, <i>Citrus</i> spp., <i>Cunninghamia lanceolata</i> (Lamb.) Hook., <i>Dalbergia</i> L.f., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Ficus hispida</i> L.f., <i>Ficus infectoria</i> Willd., <i>Ficus retusa</i> L., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Maclura tricuspidata</i> Carrière, <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Melia azedarach</i> L., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus pseudocerasus</i>, <i>Pyrus</i> spp., <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Sapium sebiferum</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Schima superba</i> Gardner & Champ., <i>Sophora japonica</i> L., <i>Trema amboinense</i> (Willd.) Blume, <i>Trema orientale</i> (L.) Blume, <i>Ulmus</i> L., <i>Vernicia fordii</i> (Hemsl.) Airy Shaw, and <i>Xylosma</i> G.Forst.</p>		<p>Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen</p>	<p>throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
105.	<p>Wood of <i>Caesalpinia japonica</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (L.) Kuntze, <i>Celtis sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Cercis chinensis</i> Bunge, <i>Chaenomeles sinensis</i> (Thouin) Koehne, <i>Cinnamomum camphora</i> (L.) J.Presl, <i>Citrus</i> spp., <i>Cornus kousa</i> Bürger ex Hanse, <i>Crataegus cordata</i> Aiton, <i>Debregeasia edulis</i> (Siebold</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 97 00 4403 93 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 92 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40</p>	<p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia,</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a</p>

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<p>& Zucc.) Wedd., <i>Diospyros</i> <i>kaki</i> L., <i>Eriobotrya</i> <i>japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Enkianthus</i> <i>perulatus</i> (Miq.) C.K.Schneid., <i>Fagus</i> <i>crenata</i> Blume, <i>Ficus</i> <i>carica</i> L., <i>Firmiana</i> <i>simplex</i> (L.) W.Wight, <i>Gleditsia</i> <i>japonica</i> Miq., <i>Hovenia</i> <i>dulcis</i> Thunb., <i>Lagerst</i> <i>roemia</i> <i>indica</i> L., <i>Malus</i> <i>pumila</i> Mill., <i>Morus</i> L. ., <i>Platanus</i> x <i>hispanica</i> Mill. ex Münchh., <i>Platycarya</i> <i>strobilacea</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Pte</i> <i>rocarya</i> <i>rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Pterocarya</i> <i>stenoptera</i> C.DC., <i>Pu</i> <i>nica</i> <i>granatum</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> <i>pyrifolia</i> (Burm.f.) Nakai, <i>Robinia</i> <i>pseudoacacia</i> L., <i>Sali</i> <i>x</i> L., <i>Spiraea</i> <i>thunbergii</i> Siebold ex Blume, <i>Ulmus</i> <i>parvifolia</i> Jacq., <i>Ville</i> <i>brunea</i> <i>pedunculata</i> Shirai, and <i>Zelkova</i> <i>serrata</i> (Thunb.) Makino, other than in the form of: — chips, sawdust, shavings and wood waste, obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet</p>	<p>ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	<p>Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor- Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen</p>	<p>minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) has undergone an appropriate ionising radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or (e) is bark-free and not exceeding 20 cm in cross-section at its largest dimension and has undergone an appropriate sulfuryl fluoride fumigation treatment in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures.</p>
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	collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, — but including that which has not kept its natural round surface			
106.	Wood in the form of chips and wood waste, obtained in whole or part from <i>Caesalpinia japonica</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (L.) Kuntze, <i>Celtis sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Cercis chinensis</i> Bunge, <i>Chaenomeles sinensis</i> (Thouin) Koehne, <i>Cinnamomum camphora</i> (L.) J.Presl, <i>Citrus</i> spp., <i>Cornus kousa</i> Bürger ex Hanse, <i>Crataegus cordata</i> Aiton, <i>Debregeasia edulis</i> (Siebold & Zucc.) Wedd., <i>Diospyros kaki</i> L., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Enkianthus perulatus</i> (Miq.) C.K.Schneid., <i>Fagus crenata</i> Blume, <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Firmiana simplex</i> (L.) W.Wight, <i>Gleditsia japonica</i> Miq., <i>Hovenia</i>	ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 49 00	Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona rugicollis</i> Chevrolat, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or (d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.

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	<p><i>dulcis</i> Thunb., <i>Lagerst roemia indica</i> L., <i>Malus pumila</i> Mill., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Platanus x hispanica</i> Mill. ex Münchh., <i>Platycarya strobilacea</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Pterocarya stenoptera</i> C.DC., <i>Punica granatum</i> L., <i>Pyrus pyrifolia</i> (Burm.f.) Nakai, <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Spiraea thunbergii</i> Siebold ex Blume, <i>Ulmus parvifolia</i> Jacq., <i>Villebrunea pedunculata</i> Shirai, and <i>Zelkova serrata</i> (Thunb.) Makino</p>		<p>District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen</p>	
107.	<p>Wood of <i>Debregeasia hypoleuca</i> (Hochst. ex Steud.) Wedd., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Maclura pomifera</i> (Raf.) C.K.Schneid., <i>Malus domestica</i> (Suckow) Borkh., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> spp., <i>Pyrus</i> sp p. and <i>Salix</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, sawdust, shavings and wood waste, obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 97 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 4407 94 10 4407 94 91 4407 94 99 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	<p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (d) has undergone an appropriate ionising radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or (e) is bark-free and not exceeding 20 cm in cross-section at its largest dimension and has</p>

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	collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, — but including that which has not kept its natural round surface		federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen	undergone an appropriate sulfuryl fluoride fumigation treatment in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures.
108.	Wood in the form of chips and wood waste, obtained in whole or part from <i>Debregeasia hypoleuca</i> (Hochst. ex Steud.) Wedd., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Maclura pomifera</i> (Raf.) C.K.Schneid., <i>Malus domestica</i> (Suckow) Borkh., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> spp., <i>Pyrus</i> sp. and <i>Salix</i> L.	ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 49 00	Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in a country recognised as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Apriona cinerea</i> Chevrolat, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or (d) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.

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			District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen	
109.	<p>Wood of <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Betula</i> L., <i>Elaeagnus</i> L., <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Gleditsia</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Platanus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L., <i>Robinia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., or <i>Ulmus</i> L., other than in the form of</p> <p>— chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste, or scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees,</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets or other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of</p>	<p>ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 91 00 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00 4403 97 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 4407 94 10 4407 94 91 4407 94 99 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 91</p>	<p>Afghanistan, India, Iran, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) is bark-free and not exceeding 20 cm in cross-section at its largest dimension and has undergone an appropriate sulfuryl fluoride fumigation treatment in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures.</p>

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	wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, — but including that which has not kept its natural round surface,	ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		
110.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste, or scrap, obtained in whole or part from <i>Acer</i> L., <i>Betula</i> L., <i>Elaeagnus</i> L., <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Gleditsia</i> L., <i>Juglans</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Platanus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L., <i>Robinia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., or <i>Ulmus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 49 00	Afghanistan, India, Iran, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, or Uzbekistan	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Trirachys sartus</i> Solsky, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.
111.	Wood of <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., <i>Quercus</i> L. and <i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt., other than in the form of: -wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases,	ex 4401 11 00 ex 4401 12 00 ex 4401 21 00 ex 4401 22 90 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 91 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00	Canada, United Kingdom (2), United States and Vietnam	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (non-EU isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) has been stripped of its bark and:

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	boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface except for wood of <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh in the form of veneer of a thickness of 6 mm or less and originating in Canada, which may be introduced in accordance with a specific regulation.	4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		(i) it has been squared so as to remove entirely the rounded surface; or (ii) the water content of the wood does not exceed 20 % expressed as a percentage of the dry matter; or (iii) the wood has been disinfected by an appropriate hot-air or hot-water treatment, or (c) in the case of sawn wood with or without residual bark attached, has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried' or 'K.D.' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
112.	Wood of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Castanopsis</i> (D. Don) Spach and <i>Quercus</i> L., other than in the form of: — chips, sawdust and shavings, obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars,	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 91 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40	China, North Korea, Russia, South Korea, Taiwan and Vietnam	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes

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	dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface	ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		throughout the entire profile of the wood, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, or (c) has undergone an appropriate ionising radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, or (d) is bark-free and not exceeding 20 cm in cross-section at its largest dimension and has undergone an appropriate sulfuryl fluoride fumigation treatment in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures.
113.	Wood in the form of chips obtained in whole or part from <i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Castaniopsis</i> (D. Don) Spach and <i>Quercus</i> L.	ex 4401 22 90	China, North Korea, Russia, South Korea, Taiwan and Vietnam	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Massicus raddei</i> (Blessig) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures. The name of the area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, or (b) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width, or (c) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56°C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the chips, which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.
114.	Wood of <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp., <i>Fraxinus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> sp p., <i>Salix</i> spp., and <i>Ulmus</i> spp., other than in the form of: — chips, particles, shavings, sawdust, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes,	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4403 12 00 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00 4403 97 00 ex 4403 99 00 ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99	China, Japan, Lebanon, North Korea, South Korea, Switzerland, United States	Official statement that the wood: (a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin; or (b) is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of

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	crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface	<p>4407 95 10</p> <p>4407 95 91</p> <p>4407 95 99</p> <p>4407 96 10</p> <p>4407 96 91</p> <p>4407 96 99</p> <p>4407 97 10</p> <p>4407 97 91</p> <p>4407 97 99</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27</p> <p>ex 4407 99 40</p> <p>ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91</p> <p>ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>		30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate, and the mark 'HT' is put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
115.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp., <i>Fraxinus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> spp., <i>Salix</i> spp. and <i>Ulmus</i> spp.	<p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>ex 4401 49 90</p> <p>ex 4401 49 10</p>	China, Japan, Lebanon, North Korea, South Korea, Switzerland, United States	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) originates in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky), in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area shall be mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin; or</p> <p>(b) is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core), which is to be indicated on the phytosanitary certificate; or</p> <p>(c) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width.</p>
The requirements from this Annex, which are assigned the obligation that the country of origin has informed the European Commission in advance about the status of the country/region for a specific harmful organism, do not apply to member states of the European Union;				

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Pursuant to the Agreement on the Withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland/Northern Ireland in relation to Annex 2 of that Protocol, for the purposes of List IV. And Section I, the reference to the United Kingdom does not include Northern Ireland.

From the day of accession to the EU, non-European isolates will be considered as non-EU isolates and European as EU isolates.

*Fruits of the genus *Mangifera* L. originating from Mali may only be imported if the following requirements are met:

- (a) they are accompanied by an official statement indicating that the fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from harmful organisms of the family Tephritidae listed in point 77 of List I.A and List II.A of Part A, for which these fruits are known to be susceptible,
- (b) the phytosanitary certificate specifies details of the treatment method; and
- (c) the national plant protection authority of Mali has notified the European Commission in writing in advance about the treatment method.

List IV.A section I is harmonized with Annex VII of Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

Table 6

**List IV. A
Section II**

LIST OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS, ORIGINATING IN THE MONTENEGRO AND THE CORRESPONDING SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THEIR MOVEMENT

	Plants, plant products and other objects	Requirements
1.	Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	The machinery or vehicles have been: (a) moved from an area free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (b) cleaned and made free from soil and plant debris prior to movement out of the infected area.
2.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air	Official statement that the place of production is known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho)

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		Nouioui et al. and <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival.
2.1	Plants for planting with growing media, other than plants in tissue culture and aquatic plants	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area known to be free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established as being free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(i) which has been subjected to an annual official inspection and, at least, a monthly inspection during the three months prior to movement for any signs of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman, carried out at appropriate times to detect the presence of the pest concerned, at least by visual examination of all plants, including weeds, and sampling of growing media in which plants are growing,</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">and</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(ii) which is surrounded by a buffer zone of at least 100 m, where the absence of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman was confirmed by official surveys carried out annually at appropriate times</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">and</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(iii) prior to movement the plants and the</p>

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		<p>growing media have been subjected to an official inspection, including the sampling of growing media, and found free of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv) the plants:</p> <p>— have been handled and packed or transported in ways to prevent infestation from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman after leaving the place of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>— have been moved outside the flight season of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been grown throughout their life in a site of production with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman and the plants:</p> <p>— have been handled and packed or transported in ways to prevent infestation from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman after leaving the site of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>— have been moved outside the flight season of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) have been grown throughout their life in a site of production:</p> <p>(i) which is specifically authorised by the</p>
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		<p>competent authority for the purpose of producing plants free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) where the growing medium has been kept free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman using appropriate mechanical measures or other treatments,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) where the plants have been subjected to appropriate measures to ensure freedom of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv) prior to movement the plants and the growing medium have been subjected to an official inspection, including sampling of the growing media, and found free from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman, and</p> <p>(v) the plants:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — have been handled and packed or transported in ways to prevent infestation from <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman after leaving the site of production or — have been moved outside the flight season of <i>Popillia japonica</i> Newman.
2.2	Plants for planting grown in fresh water or in soil that is permanently saturated with fresh water, other than seeds.	Official statement that the plants:

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		<p>(a)originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Pomacea</i> (Perry),</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b)have been inspected immediately prior to movement and have been found free from <i>Pomacea</i> (Perry).</p>
3.	Plants for planting of stolon, or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections	<p>Official statement that the plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free from any quarantine pests by laboratory testing.</p> <p>Each organisation or research body holding such material shall inform the competent authority of the material held.</p>
4.	Plants for planting of stolon or tuber-forming species of <i>Solanum</i> L., or their hybrids, other than those tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in entries 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 and other than culture maintenance material being stored in gene banks or genetic stock collections, and other than seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. specified in entry 21	<p>Official statement that the plants shall have been held under quarantine conditions and shall have been found free from any quarantine pests by laboratory testing.</p> <p>The laboratory testing shall:</p> <p>(a) be supervised by the competent authority concerned and executed by scientifically trained staff of that authority or of any officially approved body;</p> <p>(b) be executed at a site provided with appropriate facilities sufficient to contain quarantine pests and maintain the material including indicator plants in such a way as to eliminate any risk of spreading quarantine pests;</p> <p>(c) be executed on each unit of the material:</p> <p>(i) by visual examination at regular intervals during the full length of at least one vegetative cycle, having regard to the type of material and</p>

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		<p>its stage of development during the testing programme, for symptoms caused by any quarantine pests,</p> <p>(ii) by laboratory testing, in the case of all potato material at least for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Andean potato latent virus, — Andean potato mottle virus, — Potato black ringspot virus, — Potato virus T, — Non-EU isolates¹ of potato viruses S, X and Potato leafroll virus, — <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., — <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.; <i>Ralstonia pseudosolanacearum</i> Safni et al., <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>celebensis</i> Safni et al. and <i>Ralstonia syzigii</i> subsp. <i>indonesiensis</i> Safni et al. <p>(iii) in the case of seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in point 21, at least for the viruses and viroids listed above, with the exception of Andean potato mottle virus and non-EU isolates¹ of potato viruses S, X and Potato leafroll virus;</p> <p>(d) include appropriate testing on any other symptom observed in the visual examination in order to</p>
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		identify quarantine pests having caused such symptoms.
5.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official statement that the provisions of Union law to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival have been complied with.
6.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official statement that: (a) the tubers originate in an area known to be free from <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Speckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., or (b) the provisions of law to combat <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Speckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al. have been complied with.
7.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official statement that the tubers originate: (a) in areas where <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. is known not to occur, or (b) in a place of production found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., or considered to be free thereof, as a consequence of the implementation of an appropriate procedure aiming at eradicating <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.
8.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	Official statement that the tubers originate: (a) in areas where <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al. and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known not to occur, or

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		<p>(b) in areas where <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al. and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen are known to occur and:</p> <p>(i) the tubers originate in a place of production which has been found free from <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al. and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen based on an annual survey of host crops by visual inspection of host plants at appropriate times and by visual inspection both externally and by cutting of tubers after harvest from potato crops grown at the place of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) the tubers have been randomly sampled after harvest and checked for the presence of symptoms, after having applied an appropriate method to induce symptoms or laboratory tested, as well as inspected visually both externally and by cutting tubers, at appropriate times to detect the presence of those pests and in all cases at the time of closing of the packages, or containers before movement, and found free from symptoms of <i>Meloidogyne chitwoodi</i> Golden et al. and <i>Meloidogyne fallax</i> Karssen.</p>
9.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting, other than those to be planted in accordance with legislative on phytosanitary measures for detection, prevention and suppression of potato cyst nematodes	Official statement that the provisions of Union law to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i>

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		<i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
10.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting, other than tubers of those varieties officially accepted	Official statement that the tubers: (a) belong to advanced selections, and (b) have been produced within the Montenegro, and (c) have been derived in direct line from material which has been maintained under appropriate conditions and officially tested with appropriate methods in official quarantine conditions, in these tests, free from quarantine pests.
11.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in entries 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10	There shall be a registration number on the packaging, or in the case of loose-loaded tubers transported in bulk, on the accompanying documents, demonstrating that the tubers have been grown by an officially registered producer, or originate from officially registered collective storage or dispatching centres located in the area of production, and indicating that: (a) the tubers are free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. and (b) the provisions of law to combat <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival, and where appropriate, <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., and <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
12.	Plants for planting with roots, of <i>Capsicum</i> spp., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than those to be planted in accordance with point (a) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	Official statement that the provisions of law to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera</i>

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		<i>rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with..
13.	Plants for planting of <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Nicotiana</i> L., and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L., other than seeds	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in areas which have been found free from <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al., or (b) no symptoms of <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
14.	Plants for planting with roots, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., <i>Brassica</i> spp. and <i>Fragaria</i> L. and bulbs, tubers and rhizomes, grown in the open air, of <i>Allium ascalonicum</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Dahlia</i> spp., <i>Gladiolus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> spp., <i>Iris</i> spp., <i>Lilium</i> spp., <i>Narcissus</i> L. and <i>Tulipa</i> L., other than those plants, bulbs, tubers and rhizomes to be planted in accordance with points (a) or (c) of Article 4(4) of Directive 2007/33/EC	There shall be evidence that the provisions of law to combat <i>Globodera pallida</i> (Stone) Behrens and <i>Globodera rostochiensis</i> (Wollenweber) Behrens are complied with.
15.	Plants for planting of <i>Cucurbitaceae</i> and <i>Solanaceae</i> other than seeds, originating from areas: (a) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are not known to occur (b) where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. or other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus are known to occur	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus, or (b) no symptoms of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation. Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus, or

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		<p>(b) no symptoms of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus have been observed on the plants during their complete cycle of vegetation, and</p> <p>(i) their site of production has been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus on official inspections carried out at appropriate times to detect the pest,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) the plants have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the eradication of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn and other vectors of Tomato leaf curl New Delhi Virus.</p>
16.	Plants for planting of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than seeds	<p>Official statement that the plants for planting:</p> <p>(a) have been grown throughout their life, or since their introduction, in an area free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originate in a place of production, including its vicinity of at least 5 km radius, where neither symptoms of <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, nor the presence of the vector, have been observed during official inspections within a period of two years prior to movement, the plants for planting</p>

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		<p>have been visually inspected prior to movement and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) originate in a site of production, with complete physical isolation, and the plants for planting have been visually inspected prior to movement and handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.</p>
17.	Plants for planting of <i>Platanus</i> L., other than seeds	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established as free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(i) which is registered and supervised by the competent authorities,</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">and</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(ii) which has been subjected annually to official inspections for any symptoms of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., including its immediate vicinity, carried out at the most appropriate times of the year to detect the</p>

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		<p>presence of the pest concerned,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) a representative sample of the plants has been subjected to testing for the presence of <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr., at appropriate times of the year to detect the presence of the pest.</p>
17.1	<p>Plants for planting of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids, <i>Ceratonia siliqua</i> L., <i>Cercis siliquastrum</i> L., <i>Clematis vitalba</i> L., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia oblonga</i> L., <i>Diospyros kaki</i> L., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Hedera</i> L., <i>Magnolia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Melia</i> L., <i>Mespilus germanica</i> L., <i>Myrtus communis</i> L., <i>Parthenocissus</i> Planch., <i>Photinia</i> Lindley., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Psidium guajava</i> L., <i>Punica granatum</i> L., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Rosa</i> L., <i>Vitis</i> L. and <i>Wisteria</i> Nutt., other than seeds, pollen and plants in tissue culture</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area known to be free from <i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance), established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established as being free from <i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and the plants have been handled and packed in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been subjected to an effective treatment ensuring the freedom of <i>Aleurocanthus spiniferus</i> (Quaintance) and have been found free thereof prior to movement.</p>

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17.2	Plants for planting that have a stem diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp., <i>Fraxinus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> spp., <i>Salix</i> spp., and <i>Ulmus</i> spp., originating in a demarcated area or introduced into a place of production in such an area	<p>Official statement that the plants have been grown during at least two years prior to movement, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, throughout their life, in a place of production which fulfils all of the following requirements:</p> <p>(a) it has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any sign of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) carried out at appropriate times, and no such sign has been found, including where appropriate targeted destructive sampling on the stems and branches of plants, and</p> <p>(b) where the plants have been grown in a site:</p> <p>(i) with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky); or</p> <p>(ii) where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) have been carried out annually within a width of at least 1 km around the site at appropriate times, and no <i>Anoplophora glabripennis</i> (Motschulsky) or signs of it were found and where:</p> <p>(iii) —preventive treatments have been applied, or</p> <p>—targeted destructive sampling has been carried out on each lot prior to movement, including targeted destructive sampling of branches and stems of plants.</p> <p>The size of the sample for inspection under point (a) has been such as to enable the detection of at least 1 % level of</p>
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		<p>infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %;</p> <p>Rootstocks which meet the requirements of points (a) and (b) may be grafted with scions, which have not been grown under these conditions, but which are no larger than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point.</p>
17.3	<p>Plants for planting that have a stem diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of Acer spp., Aesculus spp., Alnus spp., Betula spp., Carpinus spp., Citrus spp., Cornus spp., Corylus spp., Cotoneaster spp., Crataegus spp., Fagus spp., Lagerstroemia spp., Malus spp., Melia spp., Ostrya spp., Photinia spp., Platanus spp., Populus spp., Prunus laurocerasus, Pyrus spp., Rosa spp., Salix spp., Ulmus spp. and Vaccinium corymbosum, originating in a demarcated area or introduced into a place of production in such an area</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants have been grown during at least two years prior to movement, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, throughout their life, in a place of production which fulfils all of the following requirements:</p> <p>(a) it has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any sign of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) carried out at appropriate times, and no such sign has been found, including where appropriate targeted destructive sampling on the roots and stems of plants, and</p> <p>(b) where the plants have been grown in a site:</p> <p>(i) with physical isolation against the introduction of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster); or</p> <p>(ii) where official surveys for the presence or signs of Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) have been carried out annually within a width of at least 1 km around the site at appropriate times, and no Anoplophora chinensis (Forster) or signs of it were found; and</p> <p>(iii)</p> <p>—where preventive treatments have been applied, or</p> <p>—where targeted destructive sampling has been carried out on each lot prior to movement, including targeted destructive sampling of roots and stems of plants.</p> <p>The size of the sample for inspection under point (a) has been such as to enable the detection of at least 1 % level of</p>

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		<p>infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %;</p> <p>Rootstocks which meet the requirements of points (a) and (b) may be grafted with scions, which have not been grown under these conditions, but which are no larger than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point</p>
17.4	<p>Plants for planting that have a stem diameter of 1 cm or more at their thickest point, of <i>Prunus</i> spp., originating in a demarcated area or introduced into a place of production in such an area</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants have been grown during at least two years prior to movement, or in the case of plants which are younger than two years, throughout their life, in a place of production which fulfils the following requirements:</p> <p>(a)it has been subjected annually to at least two official inspections for any sign of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) carried out at appropriate times, and no such sign has been found, including where appropriate targeted destructive sampling on the stems and branches of plants, and</p> <p>(b)where the plants have been grown in a site:</p> <p>(i)with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann); or</p> <p>(ii)where official surveys for the presence or signs of <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) have been carried out annually within a width of at least 1 km around the site at appropriate times, and no <i>Aromia bungii</i> (Faldermann) or signs of it were found and</p> <p>(iii)1.preventive treatments have been applied; or</p>

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		<p>(iii)2.targeted destructive sampling has been carried out on each lot prior to movement, including targeted destructive sampling of branches and stems of plants.</p> <p>The size of the sample for inspection under point (b) ii has been such as to enable the detection of at least 1 % level of infestation with a level of confidence of 99 %;</p> <p>Rootstocks which meet the requirements of points a) and b) may be grafted with scions, which have not been grown under these conditions, but which are no larger than 1 cm in diameter at their thickest point.</p>
18.	Plants of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf and their hybrids and <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Clausena</i> Burm f., <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Vepris</i> Comm., <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L., other than fruits and seeds	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area free from <i>Trioza erytrae</i> Del Guercio, established by the competent authorities in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production, which is registered and supervised by the competent authorities in the State of origin,</p> <p>and</p> <p>where the plants have been grown during a period of one year, in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Trioza erytrae</i> Del Guercio,</p> <p>and</p> <p>where, during a period of at least one year prior to the movement, two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times and no signs of <i>Trioza erytrae</i> Del Guercio have been observed in that site, and prior to movement</p>

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		are handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.
18.1	Plants for planting of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids, other than seeds, pollen and plants in tissue culture	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area known to be free from <i>Toxoptera citricida</i> (Kirkaldy), established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown in a place of production established as being free from <i>Toxoptera citricida</i> (Kirkaldy) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and the plants have been handled and packed in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.</p>
19.	Plants for planting of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than seeds	<p>Official statement that the plants for planting:</p> <p>(a) originate in an area known to be free from Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originate in a site of production where:</p> <p>(i) no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma on <i>Vitis</i> L. have been observed at the site of production and in a surrounding zone of 20m since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation. In the case of plants used for the propagation of <i>Vitis</i> L., no symptoms of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma on <i>Vitis</i> spp. have been observed at the site of production and in a surrounding zone of either 20m of a site of production of scions or 40m of a site of production of rootstocks</p>

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		<p>since the beginning of the two last complete cycles of vegetation,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) monitoring of the vectors is conducted, and in areas where the vectors are present appropriate treatments are carried out to control the vectors of Grapevine flavescence dorée phytoplasma,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) abandoned <i>Vitis</i> L. in the surrounding zone of 20m of the the site of production have been rogued out,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have undergone hot water treatment in accordance with international standards..</p>
20.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle i <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids	The packaging shall bear an appropriate origin mark.
21.	Seeds of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those specified in entry 3	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the seeds derive from plants complying, as applicable, with the requirements set out in points 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9,</p> <p>and that the seeds:</p> <p>(b) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i> (Schilb.) Percival, <i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (Spieckermann and Kottho) Nouioui et al., <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i> (Smith) Yabuuchi et al. emend. Safni et al.,</p> <p>or</p> <p>comply with all of the following requirements:</p> <p>(i) they have been produced in a site where, since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, no symptoms</p>

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		<p>of disease caused by the quarantine pests referred to in point (a) have been observed;</p> <p>(ii) they have been produced at a site where all of the following actions have been taken:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — prevention of contact with and hygiene measures concerning staff and items, such as tools, machinery, vehicles, vessels and packaging material, from other sites producing solanaceous plants to prevent infection are ensured; — only water free from all quarantine pests referred to in this point is used.
22.	<p>Wood of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, other than in the form of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants, — wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, <p>but including that which has not kept its natural round surface.</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) originates in an area known to be free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) has been squared to entirely remove the natural rounded surface.</p>

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23.	Isolated bark and wood of <i>Juglans</i> L. and <i>Pterocarya</i> Kunth, in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or part from these plants.	<p>Official statement that the wood or isolated bark:</p> <p>(a) originates in an area free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarik, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 40 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the bark or the wood. There shall be evidence thereof by a mark 'HT' put on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.</p>
24.	Wood of <i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface.	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ceratocystis platani</i> (J. M. Walter) Engelbr. & T. C. Harr.,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the wood has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule, and indicated by a mark 'kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark, put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage.</p>

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25.	Wood packaging material of wood of <i>Juglans L.</i> and <i>Pterocarya Kunth</i> , in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except raw wood of 6 mm thickness or less, processed wood produced by glue, heat and pressure, or a combination thereof, and dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment.	<p>The wood packaging material:</p> <p>(a) originates in an area, free from <i>Geosmithia morbida</i> Kolarík, Freeland, Utley & Tisserat and its vector <i>Pityophthorus juglandis</i> Blackman, established by the competent authorities in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) is made of debarked wood, as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade, and</p> <p>(i) has been subjected to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to that International Standard, and</p> <p>(ii) displays a mark as specified in Annex II to that International Standard, indicating that the wood packaging material has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment in accordance with this standard.</p>
26.	Plants of <i>Chionanthus virginicus L.</i> and <i>Fraxinus L.</i> , other than fruit and seeds.	The plants shall originate in an area which is known to be free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and located at a distance of not less than 100 km to the closest area where the presence of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire has been officially confirmed, except in the cases of Article 4 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/434.

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27.	<p>Wood of <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L., originating in an area located at a distance of less than 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire has been officially confirmed, except in the cases of Article 4 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/434, other than in the form of</p> <p>— chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these trees,</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignment and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment,</p> <p>but including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, and furniture and other objects made of untreated wood</p>	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the bark and at least 2,5 cm of the outer sapwood have been removed in a facility authorised and supervised by the national plant protection organisation,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the wood has undergone ionizing irradiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood.</p>
28.	<p>Wood in the form of chips, particles, sawdust, shavings, wood waste and scrap obtained in whole or in part from <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L.</p>	<p>The wood shall originate in an area which is known to be free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and located at a distance of not less than 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire has been officially confirmed, except in the cases of Article 4 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/434.</p>
29.	<p>Isolated bark and objects made of bark of <i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L.</p>	<p>The bark shall originate in an area which is known to be free from <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire and located at a distance of not less than 100 km to the closest known area, where the presence of <i>Agrilus planipennis</i> Fairmaire has been officially confirmed, except in the cases of Article 4 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2024/434.</p>
30.	<p>Wood of <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp., <i>Fraxinus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> spp., <i>Salix</i> spp. and <i>Ulmus</i> spp., originating in demarcated areas or not originating but introduced into those demarcated areas, other than in the form of:</p> <p>— chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these plants;</p> <p>— wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars,</p>	<p>Official statement that the wood:</p> <p>(a) is debarked; and</p> <p>(b) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood,</p>

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	dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same Union phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface.	including at its core, and indicated by the mark "HT" on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage.
31.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp., <i>Fraxinus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> spp., <i>Salix</i> spp. and <i>Ulmus</i> spp., originating in a demarcated area	Official statement that the wood: (a) is debarked and has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core); or (b) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width.
32.	Wood packaging material of <i>Acer</i> spp., <i>Aesculus</i> spp., <i>Betula</i> spp., <i>Fraxinus</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> spp., <i>Salix</i> spp. and <i>Ulmus</i> spp. originating in a demarcated area	The wood packaging material: (a) is made of debarked wood, as specified in Annex I to FAO International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade, and has been subjected to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to that International Standard, and (b) displays a mark as specified in Annex II to that International Standard, indicating that the wood packaging material has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment in accordance with this standard.
33.	Wood of <i>Prunus</i> spp., originating in demarcated areas or not originating but introduced into those demarcated areas, other than in the form of: —chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from these plants; —wood packaging material, in the form of packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, pallets, box pallets and other load boards, pallet collars, dunnage, whether or not actually in use in the transport of objects of all kinds, except dunnage supporting consignments of wood, which is constructed from wood of the same type and quality as the wood in the consignments and which meets the same phytosanitary requirements as the wood in the consignment, but including that which has not kept its natural round surface.	Official statement that the wood has undergone: a) an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood, including at its core, and indicated by the mark 'HT' on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage, or b) an appropriate ionising radiation to achieve a minimum absorbed dose of 1 kGy throughout the wood, to be

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		indicated on the phytosanitary certificate
34.	Wood in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap, obtained in whole or part from <i>Prunus</i> spp., originating in a demarcated area	Official statement that the wood: (a) has undergone an appropriate heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 56 °C for a minimum duration of 30 continuous minutes throughout the entire profile of the wood (including at its core); or (b) has been processed into pieces of not more than 2,5 cm thickness and width.
35.	Wood packaging material of <i>Prunus</i> spp. originating in a demarcated area	The wood packaging material: (a) is made of debarked wood, as specified in Annex I to International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 15 on Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade, and has been subjected to one of the approved treatments as specified in Annex I to that International Standard, and (b) displays a mark as specified in Annex II to that International Standard, indicating that the wood packaging material has been subjected to an approved phytosanitary treatment in accordance with this standard.
¹ From the day of accession to the EU, non-European isolates will be considered as non-EU isolates and European as EU isolates. List IV.A, section II is harmonized with Annex VIII of the Regulation 2019/2072.		

6. List IV. B: Plants, plant products and other objects, to be introduced into, or moved within protected zones and corresponding special requirements for protected zones is given in the Tables 7.

Table 7

List IV. B

LIST OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS, TO BE INTRODUCED INTO, OR MOVED WITHIN PROTECTED ZONES AND CORRESPONDING SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PROTECTED ZONES

The protected zones listed in the fourth column of the following table respectively cover one of the following:

- (a) the whole territory of the state listed;

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(b) the territory of the State listed with the exceptions specified within brackets;

(c) only the part of the territory of the State which is specified within brackets.

	Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code	Special requirements for protected zones	Protected zones
1.	Used agricultural machinery	ex 8432 10 00 ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 90 ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90 ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00 ex 8432 80 00 ex 8432 90 00 ex 8433 40 00 ex 8433 51 00 ex 8433 53 10 ex 8433 53 30 ex 8433 53 90 ex 8436 80 10 ex 8701 20 90 ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 93 10 ex 8701 94 10 ex 8701 95 10	The machinery has: (a) been cleaned and free from soil and plant debris when brought to places of production, where beets are grown; or (b) come from an area where BNYVV is known not to occur.	(a) Ireland (b) France (Brittany) (c) Portugal (Azores) (d) Finland (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
2.	Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.)	ex 2303 20 10 ex 2303 20 90 ex 2530 90 00	Official statement that soil or waste: (a) has been treated to eliminate contamination with BNYVV, or (b) is intended to be transported for disposal in an officially approved manner, or (c) comes from <i>Beta vulgaris</i> plants grown in an area where BNYVV is known not to occur.	(a) Ireland (b) France (Brittany) (c) Portugal (Azores) (d) Finland (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
3.	Beehives – in the period from 15 March to 30 June	0106 41 00 ex 4421 99 99 ex 4602 19 90 ex 4602 90 00	Official statement that the beehives: (a) originate in third countries recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with	(a) Estonia (b) Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León,

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			<p>the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) originate in a protected zone listed in the right-hand column,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) have undergone an appropriate quarantine measure before being moved.</p>	<p>Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)</p> <p>(c) France (Corsica)</p> <p>(d) Ireland (except Galway city)</p> <p>(e) Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania (except the communes of Agerola, Gragnano, Lettere, Pimonte and Vico Equense in the province of Naples, Amalfi, Atrani, Conca dei Marini, Corbara, Furore, Maiori, Minori, Positano, Praiano, Ravello, Scala and Tramonti in the province of Salerno), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Sondrio and Varese, the communes of Fara Gera d'Adda and Pontirolo Nuovo in the province of Bergamo, the commune of Montevicchia in the province of Lecco, the communes of Bovisio Masciago, Ceriano Laghetto, Cesano Maderno, Cogliate, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in the province of Monza and Brianza, and except the communes (other than</p>
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				<p>Acquanegra Sul Chiese, Asola, Bozzolo, Canneto sull'Oglio, Casalromano, Marcaria, Mariana Mantovana, Redondesco, Rivarolo Mantovano and San Martino dall'Argine) in the province of Mantova), Marche (except the communes of Colli al Metauro, Fano, Pesaro and San Costanzo in the province of Pesaro e Urbino), Molise, Sardinia, Sicily (except the communes of Cesarò in the province of Messina, Adrano, Bronte and Maniace in the province of Catania, and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina in the province of Enna), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova, and the communes of Albaredo d'Adige, Angiari, Arcole, Belfiore, Bevilacqua, Bonavigo, Boschi S. Anna, Bovolone, Buttapietra, Caldiero, Casaleone, Castagnaro, Castel d'Azzano, Cerea, Cologna Veneta, Concamarise, Erbè, Gazzo Veronese, Isola della Scala, Isola Rizza, Legnago, Minerbe, Mozzecane, Nogara, Nogarole Rocca, Oppeano, Palù, Povegliano Veronese, Pressana, Ronco all'Adige, Roverchiara, Roveredo di Guà, San Bonifacio, Sanguinetto, San Pietro di Morubbio, San Giovanni Lupatoto, Salizzole, San Martino Buon Albergo,</p>
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				<p>Sommacampagna, Sorgà, Ter- razzo, Trevenzuolo, Valeggio sul Mincio, Veronella, Villa Bartolomea, Villafranca di Verona, Vigasio, Zevio and Zimella in the province of Verona))</p> <p>(f) Latvia</p> <p>(g) Lithuania (except the municipality of Kėdainiai in the region of Kaunas)</p> <p>(j) Finland</p>
19	Plants of herbaceous species, intended for planting, other than bulbs, corms, plants of the family Gramineae, rhizomes, seeds and tubers	<p>ex 0602 10 90</p> <p>0602 90 20</p> <p>ex 0602 90 30</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 91</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p> <p>ex 0704 10 00</p> <p>ex 0704 90 10</p> <p>ex 0704 90 90</p> <p>ex 0705 11 00</p> <p>ex 0705 19 00</p> <p>ex 0705 21 00</p> <p>ex 0705 29 00</p> <p>ex 0706 90 10</p> <p>ex 0709 40 00</p> <p>ex 0709 99 10</p> <p>ex 0910 99 31</p> <p>ex 0910 99 33</p>	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach), <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess),</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no signs of <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach), <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) have been observed at the place of production, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to the movement from this place of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) immediately prior to the marketing, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach), <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess) and have been subjected to an appropriate treatment against <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach) <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess),</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) the plants originate from plant material which is free from</p>	<p>(a) Ireland</p> <p>-----</p>

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			<p><i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach), <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess); are grown in vitro in a sterile medium under sterile conditions that preclude the possibility of infestation with <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach), <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess); and are shipped in transparent containers under sterile conditions.</p>	
4.	Plants of <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Apium</i> L., <i>Beta</i> L., other than those mentioned in point 5 of this List and those intended for animal fodder, <i>Brassica napus</i> L., <i>Brassica rapa</i> L., <i>Daucus</i> L., other than plants for planting	<p>ex 0703 90 00 ex 0704 90 90 0706 10 00 0706 90 10 ex 0706 90 90</p>	<p>(a) The consignment or lot does not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil, or (b) official statement that the plants are intended for processing at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreading of BNYVV.</p>	<p>(a) France (Brittany) (b) Finland (c) Ireland (d) Portugal (Azores) (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
5.	Plants of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for industrial processing	<p>ex 1212 91 80 ex 1214 90 10</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants: (a) are transported in such a manner as to ensure that there is no risk of spreading BNYVV, and are intended to be delivered to a processing plant with officially approved waste disposal facilities, which ensures that there is no risk of spreading BNYVV, or (b) have been grown in an area where BNYVV is known not to occur.</p>	<p>(a) Ireland (b) France (Brittany) (c) Portugal (Azores) (d) Finland (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
6.	Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., for planting	0701 10 00	<p>Official statement that the tubers: (a) were grown in an area where Beet necrotic yellow vein virus ('BNYVV') is known not to occur; or</p>	<p>(a) France (Brittany) (b) Finland (c) Ireland (d) Portugal (Azores) (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>

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			<p>(b) were grown on land, or in growing media consisting of soil that is known to be free from BNYVV, or officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) have been washed free from soil.</p>	
7.	<p>Tubers of <i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L., other than those mentioned in point 6 of this List</p>	<p>ex 0701 90 10 ex 0701 90 50 ex 0701 90 90</p>	<p>(a) The consignment or the lot shall not contain more than 1 % by weight of soil;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) official statement that the tubers are intended for processing at premises with officially approved waste disposal facilities which ensures that there is no risk of spreading of BNYVV.</p>	<p>(a) France (Brittany) (b) Finland (c) Ireland (d) Portugal (Azores) (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
8.	<p>Plants for planting of <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., other than seeds</p>	<p>ex 0601 10 90 ex 0601 20 90 ex 0602 90 30 ex 0602 90 50</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a)</p> <p>(i) have been officially individually tested and found free from BNYVV;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) have been grown from seeds complying with the requirements under points 33 and 34 of this List</p> <p>and</p> <p>— grown in areas where BNYVV is known not to occur, or</p> <p>— grown on land, or in growing media, officially tested by appropriate methods and found free from BNYVV,</p> <p>and</p> <p>— sampled, and the sample tested and found free from BNYVV;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) the holding of the material of those plants have been notified</p>	<p>(a) Ireland (b) France (Brittany) (c) Portugal (Azores) (d) Finland (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>

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			by the respective organisation or research body.	
9.	Plants and live pollen for pollination of: <i>Amelanchier</i> Med., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> L., <i>Photinia davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot, <i>Pyracantha</i> Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0603 19 70 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1212 99 95 ex 1404 90 00	Where appropriate, official statement that: (a) the plants originate in third countries recognised as being free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. by the respective National Plant Protection Organisation and officially notified to the Commission; or (b) the plants originate in pest free areas in the Union or third countries which have been established in relation to <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures and recognised as such by the respective National Plant Protection Organisation and officially notified to the Commission; or (d) the plants have been produced, or, if moved into a 'buffer zone', kept and maintained for a period of at least 7 months, including the period from 1 April to 31 October of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on a field: (i) located at least 1 km inside the border of an officially designated 'buffer zone' of at least 50 km ² , where host plants are subject to an officially approved and supervised control regime established at the latest before the beginning of the complete cycle of vegetation, preceding the last complete cycle of vegetation, with the object of minimising the risk of <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. being spread from the plants grown there. (ii) which has been officially approved, as well as the 'buffer	(a) Estonia (b) Spain (except the autonomous communities of Andalucía, Aragón, Castilla la Mancha, Castilla y León, Extremadura, the autonomous community of Madrid, Murcia, Navarra and La Rioja, the province of Guipuzcoa (Basque Country), the comarcas of Garrigues, Noguera, Pla d'Urgell, Segrià and Urgell in the province of Lleida (Comunidad autonoma de Catalunya); and the municipalities of Alborache and Turís in the province of Valencia and the Comarcas de L'Alt Vinalopó and El Vinalopó Mitjà in the province of Alicante (Comunidad Valenciana)) (c) France (Corsica) (d) Ireland (except Galway city) (e) Italy (Abruzzo, Apúlia, Basilicata, Calabria, Campania (except the communes of Agerola, Gragnano, Lettere, Pimonte and Vico Equense in the province of Naples, Amalfi, Atrani, Conca dei Marini, Corbara, Furore, Maiori, Minori, Positano, Praiano, Ravello, Scala and Tramonti in the province of Salerno), Lazio, Liguria, Lombardy (except the provinces of Milan, Sondrio and Varese, the communes of Fara Gera d'Adda and Pontirolo Nuovo in the province of Bergamo, the commune of Montevicchia in the province of Lecco, the

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			<p>zone', before the beginning of the complete cycle of vegetation preceding the last complete cycle of vegetation, for the cultivation of plants under the requirements laid down in this point;</p> <p>(iii) which, as well as the surrounding zone of a width of at least 500 m, has been found free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burr.) Winsl. et al. since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, at official inspection carried out at least:</p> <p>— twice in the field at the most appropriate time, i.e. once in the period from June to August and once from August to November; and</p> <p>— once in the said surrounding zone at the most appropriate time, i.e. from August to November,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv) from which plants were officially tested for latent infections in accordance with an appropriate laboratory method on samples officially drawn at the most appropriate period.</p>	<p>communes of Bovisio Masciago, Ceriano Laghetto, Cesano Maderno, Cogliate, Desio, Limbiate, Nova Milanese and Varedo in the province of Monza and Brianza, and except the communes (other than Acquanegra Sul Chiese, Asola, Bozzolo, Canneto sull'Oglio, Casalromano, Marcaria, Mariana Mantovana, RedonDESCO, Rivarolo Mantovano and San Martino dall'Argine) in the province of Mantova), Marche (except the communes of Colli al Metauro, Fano, Pesaro and San Costanzo in the province of Pesaro e Urbino), Molise, Sardinia, Sicily (except the communes of Cesarò in the province of Messina, Adrano, Bronte and Maniace in the province of Catania, and Centuripe, Regalbuto and Troina in the province of Enna), Tuscany, Umbria, Valle d'Aosta, Veneto (except the provinces of Rovigo and Venice, the communes Barbona, Boara Pisani, Castelbaldo, Masi, Piacenza d'Adige, S. Urbano and Vescovana in the province of Padova, and the communes of Albaredo d'Adige, Angiari, Arcole, Belfiore, Bevilacqua, Bonavigo, Boschi S. Anna, Bovolone, Buttapietra, Caldiero, Casaleone, Castagnaro, Castel d'Azzano, Cerea, Cologna Veneta, Concamarise, Erbè, Gazzo Veronese, Isola della Scala, Isola Rizza, Legnago, Minerbe, Mozzecane, Nogara, Nogarole Rocca, Oppeano, Palù,</p>
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				<p>Povegliano Veronese, Pressana, Ronco all'Adige, Roverchiara, Roveredo di Guà, San Bonifacio, Sanguinetto, San Pietro di Morubbio, San Giovanni Lupatoto, Salizzole, San Martino Buon Albergo, Sommacampagna, Sorgà, Terrazzo, Trevenzuolo, Valeggio sul Mincio, Veronella, Villa Bartolomea, Villafranca di Verona, Vigasio, Zevio and Zimella in the province of Verona))</p> <p>(f) Latvia</p> <p>(g) Lithuania (except the municipality of Kėdainiai in the region of Kaunas)</p> <p>(j) Finland</p>
10.	Plants of <i>Vitis</i> L., other than fruit and seeds	<p>0602 10 10</p> <p>0602 20 10</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	Official statement that the plants have been subjected to an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> (Fitch) (and certified by the respective National Plant Protection Organisation and officially notified to the Commission).	a) Cyprus
11.	Plants for planting of <i>Prunus</i> L., other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90</p> <p>ex 0602 20 20</p> <p>ex 0602 20 80</p> <p>ex 0602 90 41</p> <p>ex 0602 90 45</p> <p>ex 0602 90 46</p> <p>ex 0602 90 47</p> <p>ex 0602 90 48</p> <p>ex 0602 90 50</p> <p>ex 0602 90 70</p> <p>ex 0602 90 91</p> <p>ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Official statement that the plants:</p> <p>(a) have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. is not known to occur,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p>	United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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			<p>(c) have been derived in direct line from mother plants which have shown no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. during the last complete cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. have been observed on the plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) for plants of <i>Prunus laurocerasus</i> L. and <i>Prunus lusitanica</i> L. for which there shall be evidence by their packing or by other means that they are intended for sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production no symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. have been observed on plants at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete growing season.</p>	
12.	Unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd.	ex 0602 10 90	<p>Official statement that: (a) the unrooted cuttings originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations),</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed at the place of production, including either on the cuttings or on the plants from which the cuttings are derived and held or produced in this place of production, on official inspections carried out at least each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants on this place of production,</p>	<p>(a) Ireland (b) Sweden (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>

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			<p>or</p> <p>(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the cuttings and the plants from which the cuttings are derived and held or produced in this place of production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement.</p>	
13.	Plants for planting of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd., other than all of the following: — seeds, — unrooted cuttings for planting of <i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd.	<p>ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations),</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks prior to marketing,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants held or produced in this place of</p>	<p>(a) Ireland (b) Sweden (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>

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			<p>production have undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(d) evidence is available that the plants have been produced from cuttings which:</p> <p>(i) originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations),</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) have been grown at a place of production where no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the whole production period of these plants,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(iii) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, have been grown on plants held or produced in this place of production having undergone an appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a</p>	
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			<p>consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be carried out immediately prior to the above movement;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) for those plants for which there shall be evidence by their packing or their flower (or bract) development or by other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) prior to their movement.</p>	
14.	Plants for planting of <i>Begonia</i> L., other than seeds, tubers and corms, and plants for planting of <i>Ajuga</i> L., <i>Crossandra</i> Salisb., <i>Dipladenia</i> A.DC., <i>Hibiscus</i> L., <i>Mandevilla</i> Lindl. and <i>Nerium oleander</i> L., other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 91 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>Official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations),</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no signs of <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) have been observed, including on plants, at the place of production on official inspections carried out at least once each three weeks during the nine weeks prior to marketing,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) in cases where <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) has been found at the place of production, the plants, held or produced in this place of production, have undergone an</p>	<p>(a) Ireland (b) Sweden (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>

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			<p>appropriate treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) and subsequently this place of production shall have been found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) as a consequence of the implementation of appropriate procedures aiming at eradicating <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations), in both official inspections carried out weekly during the three weeks prior to the movement from this place of production and in monitoring procedures throughout the said period. The last inspection of the above weekly inspections shall be prior to the above movement;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) for those plants for which there shall be evidence by their packing or their flower development or by other means that they are intended for direct sale to final consumers not involved in professional plant production, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> Genn. (European populations) immediately prior to their movement.</p>	
15.	Plants for planting of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gremmeniella abietina</i> (Lag.) Morelet.	(a) Ireland
16.	Plants for planting of <i>Cedrus</i> Trew, <i>Pinus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47	Official statement that: (a) the plants have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffmüller is not known to occur,	(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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		<p>ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99</p>	<p>or</p> <p>(b) the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the plants have been produced in nurseries which, including their vicinity, have been found free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller on the basis of official inspections and official surveys carried out at appropriate times,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) the plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i> Denis & Schiffermüller.</p>	
17.	Plants for planting of <i>Larix</i> Mill., other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99</p>	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Cephalcia lariciphila</i> (Klug.).	<p>(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
18.	Plants for planting of <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., other than seeds	<p>ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46</p>	Official statement that the plants have been produced in nurseries and that the place of production is free from <i>Gilpinia hercyniae</i> (Hartig).	<p>(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>

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		ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99		
19.	Plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Herit, other than fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0609 90 91 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1404 90 00	Official statement that the plants: (a) are free from soil, and have been subjected to a treatment against <i>Gonipterus scutellatus</i> Gyll; or (b) originate in areas known to be free from <i>Gonipterus scutellatus</i> Gyll.	(a) Greece (b) Portugal (Azores, except the Terceira island)
20.	Plants for planting of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0802 41 00 ex 0802 42 00 ex 1209 99 10 ex 1209 99 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life: (a) in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is known not to occur; or (b) in an area free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr, established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary measures.	(b) Ireland (c) Sweden (d) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
21.	Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that: (a) the plants have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr is known not to occur; or (b) the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr, established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with relevant	(b) Ireland (c) Sweden (d) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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			International Standards for Phytosanitary measures; or (c) no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the place production or in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation.	
22.	Plants for planting of <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L., of a girth of at least 8 cm measured at 1,2 m height from the root collar	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that: (a) the plants have been grown throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. is not known to occur, or (b) the plants have been grown throughout their life in an area free from <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c) the plants have been grown throughout their life in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L. and have been inspected at appropriate times and found to be free from <i>Thaumetopoea processionea</i> L.	(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
23.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Dendroctonus micans</i> Kugelan.	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
24.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill. <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr.	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46	Official statement that the place of production is free <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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	and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height	ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20		
25.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips typographus</i> Heer.	(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
26.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof.	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
27.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr., <i>Pinus</i> L. and <i>Pseudotsuga</i> Carr., over 3 m in height	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer.	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
28.	Plants of <i>Abies</i> Mill., <i>Larix</i> Mill., <i>Picea</i> A. Dietr. and <i>Pinus</i> L., over 3 m in height	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 50 0604 20 20	Official statement that the place of production is free from <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner.	(a) Ireland (b) Cyprus (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
29.	Plants of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., other than plants in tissue culture, fruit and seeds	ex 0602 10 90 ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 45 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 70 ex 0602 90 99 ex 0604 20 90 ex 1211 90 86 ex 1404 90 00	Official statement that the plants have been grown throughout their life: (a) in places of production in countries where <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu is known not to occur, or (b) in an area free from <i>Dryocosmus kuriphilus</i> Yasumatsu, established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures.	(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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30.	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following genera: : <i>Brahea</i> Mart., <i>Butia</i> Becc., <i>Chamaerops</i> L., <i>Jubaea</i> Kunth, <i>Livistona</i> R. Br., <i>Phoenix</i> L., <i>Sabal</i> Adans., <i>Syagrus</i> Mart., <i>Trachycarpus</i> H. Wendl., <i>Trithrinax</i> Mart., <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown: (a) throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) is known not to occur; or (b) throughout their life in an area free from <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), established by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (c) during a period of at least two years prior to export or movement, in a place of production: (i) which is registered and supervised by the National Plant Protection Organisation of the country of origin, and (ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister), and (iii) where, during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times, including immediately prior to movement from this place of production, no signs of <i>Paysandisia archon</i> (Burmeister) have been observed.	(a) Ireland (b) Malta (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
31.	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: <i>Areca catechu</i> L., <i>Arenga pinnata</i> (Wurmb) Merr., <i>Bismarckia</i> Hildebr. & H.	ex 0602 20 20 ex 0602 20 80 ex 0602 90 41 ex 0602 90 46 ex 0602 90 47 ex 0602 90 48 ex 0602 90 50 ex 0602 90 99	Official statement that the plants have been grown: (a) throughout their life in places of production in countries where <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) is known not to occur or (b) throughout their life in an area free from <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), established	(a) Ireland (b) Portugal (Azores) (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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<p>Wendl., <i>Borassus flabellifer</i> L., <i>Brahea armata</i> S. Watson, <i>Brahea edulis</i> H. Wendl., <i>Butia capitata</i> (Mart.) Becc., <i>Calamus merrillii</i> Becc., <i>Caryota cumingii</i> Lodd. ex Mart., <i>Caryota maxima</i> Blume, <i>Chamaerops humilis</i> L., <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., <i>Copernicia</i> Mart., <i>Corypha utan</i> Lam., <i>Elaeis guineensis</i> Jacq., <i>Howea forsteriana</i> Becc., <i>Jubea chilensis</i> (Molina) Baill., <i>Livistona australis</i> C. Martius, <i>Livistona decora</i> (W. Bull) Dowe, <i>Livistona rotundifolia</i> (Lam.) Mart., <i>Metroxylon sagu</i> Rottb., <i>Phoenix canariensis</i> Chabaud, <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L., <i>Phoenix reclinata</i> Jacq., <i>Phoenix roebelenii</i> O'Brien, <i>Phoenix sylvestris</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Phoenix theophrasti</i> Greuter, <i>Pritchardia</i> Seem. & H. Wendl., <i>Ravenea rivularis</i> Jum. & H. Perrier, <i>Roystonea regia</i> (Kunth) O. F. Cook, <i>Sabal palmetto</i> (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult. f., <i>Syagrus romanzoffiana</i></p>		<p>by the National Plant Protection Organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) during a period of at least two years prior to export or movement, in a place of production:</p> <p>(i) which is registered and supervised by the National Plant Protection Organisation of the country of origin, and</p> <p>(ii) where the plants were placed in a site with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), and</p> <p>(iii) where during three official inspections per year carried out at appropriate times to detect the presence of that pest including immediately prior to movement from this place of production, no signs of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) have been observed.</p>	
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	(Cham.) Glassman, <i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i> (Hook.) H. Wendl. and <i>Washingtonia</i> Raf.			
31.1.	Cut flowers, leafy vegetables of <i>Apium graveolens</i> L. and <i>Ocimum</i> L.	0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 90	Official statement that: (a) the plants originate in an area known to be free from <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach), <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess), or (b) immediately prior to their marketing, the plants have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza bryoniae</i> (Kaltenbach), <i>Liriomyza huidobrensis</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Liriomyza trifolii</i> (Burgess).	(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
32.	Seeds of <i>Gossypium</i> spp.	1207 21 00	Official statement that: (a) the seed has been acid-delinted, and (b) no symptoms of <i>Colletotrichum gossypii</i> Southw have been observed at the place of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, and that a representative sample has been tested and has been found free from <i>Glomerella gossypii</i> Edgerton in those tests.	(a) Greece
33.	Seeds and fodder beet seed of the species <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.	1209 10 00 1209 29 60 ex 1209 29 80 1209 91 30 ex 1209 91 80	Without prejudice to Directive 2002/54/EC, where applicable, official statement that: (a) the seed of the categories 'basic seed' and 'certified seed' satisfies the conditions laid down in Annex I.B.3 to Directive 2002/54/EC; or	(a) Ireland (b) France (Brittany) (c) Portugal (Azores) (d) Finland (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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			<p>(b) in the case of 'seed not finally certified', the seed satisfies the conditions laid down in Article 15(2) of Directive 2002/54/EC, and is intended for processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in part B of Annex I to that Directive and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal, to prevent the spread of BNYVV;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is known not to occur.</p>	
34.	Vegetable seed of the species <i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.	ex 1209 29 80 1209 91 30 ex 1209 91 80	<p>Without prejudice to Directive 2002/55/EC, where applicable, official statement that:</p> <p>(a) the processed seed contains no more than 0,5 % by weight of inert matter (in the case of pelleted seed this standard shall be met prior to pelleting);</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) in the case of non-processed seed, the seed is officially packed in such a manner as to ensure that there is no risk of spread of BNYVV, and is intended for processing that will satisfy the conditions laid down in point a) and delivered to a processing enterprise with officially approved controlled waste disposal, to prevent the spread of BNYVV;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seed has been produced from a crop grown in an area where BNYVV is known not to occur.</p>	<p>(a) Ireland (b) France (Brittany) (c) Portugal (Azores) (d) Finland (e) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
—				
36.	Seeds of <i>Mangifera</i> spp.	ex 1209 99 99	Official statement that the seeds originate in areas known to be	(a) Spain (Granada and Malaga)

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			free from <i>Sternochetus mangiferae</i> Fabricius.	(b) Portugal (Alentejo, Algarve and Madeira)
37.	Fruits of <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., and their hybrids originating in Bulgaria, Greece, Spain, France, Croatia, Italy, Cyprus, Portugal and Slovenia	ex 0805 10 22 ex 0805 10 24 ex 0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00	(a) The fruits are free from leaves and peduncles; or (b) in the case of fruits with leaves or peduncles, the fruits have been packed in closed containers which have been officially sealed and remained sealed during their transport through a protected zone, recognised for these fruits, and shall bear a distinguishing mark to be reported on the passport.	(a) Malta
38.	Fruits of <i>Vitis</i> L.	0806 10 10 0806 10 90	The fruits shall be free from leaves.	(a) Cyprus
39.	Wood of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	(a) The wood is bark-free; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Dendroctonus micans</i> Kugelan; or (c) a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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40.	Wood of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	(a) The wood is bark-free; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlbergh; or (c) a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
41.	Wood of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10	(a) The wood is bark-free; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips typographus</i> Heer; or (c) a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.	(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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		4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00		
42.	Wood of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	(a) The wood is bark-free; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof; or (c) a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
43.	Wood of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00	(a) The wood is bark-free; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer; or (c) a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to	(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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		4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	prove that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.	
44.	Wood of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	4401 11 00 4401 21 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 11 00 ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00 ex 4404 10 00 4406 11 00 4406 91 00 4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90 4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90 4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90 4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00	(a) The wood is bark-free; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner; or (c) a mark 'Kiln-dried', 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on its packaging in accordance with current commercial usage to prove that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, at time of manufacture, achieved through an appropriate time/temperature schedule.	(a) Cyprus (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
45.	Wood of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 4401 12 00 ex 4401 22 00 ex 4401 41 00 ex 4401 49 00 ex 4403 12 00 ex 4403 99 00	(a) The wood is bark-free; or (b) official statement that the wood originates in areas known	(b) Ireland (c) Sweden (d) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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		<p>ex 4404 20 00 ex 4406 12 00 ex 4406 92 00 ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90 ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95 ex 4416 00 00 ex 9406 10 00</p>	<p>to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) a mark 'Kiln-dried' or 'KD' or another internationally recognised mark put on the wood or on any wrapping in accordance with current usage to prove that it has undergone kiln-drying to below 20 % moisture content, expressed as a percentage of dry matter, achieved through an appropriate time/ temperature schedule.</p>	
46.	Isolated bark of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	<p>ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Official statement that the consignment:</p> <p>(a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Dendroctonus micans</i> Kugelan.</p>	<p>(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
47.	Isolated bark of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	<p>ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Official statement that the consignment:</p> <p>(a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips amitinus</i> Eichhof.</p>	<p>(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
48.	Isolated bark of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	<p>ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Official statement that the consignment:</p> <p>(a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips cembrae</i> Heer.</p>	<p>(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)</p>
49.	Isolated bark of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	<p>ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Official statement that the consignment:</p>	<p>(a) Greece (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom</p>

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			(a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips duplicatus</i> Sahlberg.	(Northern Ireland)
50.	Isolated bark of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00	Official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips sexdentatus</i> Börner.	(a) Cyprus (b) Ireland (c) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
51.	Isolated bark of conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00	Official statement that the consignment: (a) has been subjected to fumigation or other appropriate treatments against bark beetles; or (b) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Ips typographus</i> Heer.	(a) Ireland (b) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)
52.	Isolated bark of <i>Castanea</i> Mill.	ex 1404 90 00 ex 4401 49 00	Official statement that the isolated bark: (a) originates in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr.; or (b) has been subjected to an appropriate fumigation or other appropriate treatment against <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill.) Barr. to a specification approved in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. When fumigation is applied, the active ingredient, the minimum bark temperature, the rate (g/m ³) and the exposure time (h) thereof are indicated on	(b) Ireland (c) Sweden (d) United Kingdom (Northern Ireland)

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			the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.	
List IV.B is harmonized with Annex X of the Regulation 2019/2072 and is applied on the day of Montenegro's accession to the European Union. Until the day of accession, this list is used as an overview of requests for the introduction of plants, plant products and objects under supervision into the protected areas of the European Union, originating from or being despatched from Montenegro.				

7. List V. A I: List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport is required for movement within the Montenegro territory and List V. A II: List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a plant passport with the designation 'PZ' is required for introduction into, and movement within certain protected zones, List V. B Part A: List of plants, plant products and other objects for which phytosanitary certificates are required for their introduction into the Montenegro territory if their origin or dispatch are from the respective countries; V.B.I Part B: List of plants, with the respective CN codes, for which phytosanitary certificates are required for their introduction into the Montenegro territory, if their origin or dispatch is from the respective third countries, and phytosanitary control is based on risk analysis; PART C: List of plants, with the respective CN codes, for which phytosanitary certificates are not required for their introduction into the Montenegro territory if their origin or dispatch is from the respective third countries; List V. B II: List of plants, plant products and other objects for which a phytosanitary certificate is required for their introduction into a protected zone from certain third countries of origin or dispatch are given in the Table 8 to 13.

Table 8

List V. A I

LIST OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS FOR WHICH A PLANT PASSPORT IS REQUIRED FOR MOVEMENT WITHIN THE MONTENEGRO TERRITORY

1. All plants for planting, other than seeds.
2. Plants, other than fruits and seeds, of *Choisya* Kunth, *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf., i njihovi hibridi, *Casimiroa* La Llave, *Clausena* Burm. f., *Murraya* J. Koenig ex L., *Vepris* Comm., *Zanthoxylum* L and *Vitis* L.
3. Fruits of *Citrus* L., *Fortunella* Swingle, *Poncirus* Raf. and their hybrids, with leaves and peduncles.
4. Wood, where it:
 - a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of the Law on health protection of plants; and
 - b) has been obtained in whole or part from *Juglans* L., *Platanus* L. and *Pterocarya* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface; and
 - c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the following descriptions:

CN code	Description
4401 12 00	Non-coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 49 00	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated
(ex) 4403 12 00	Non-coniferous wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared

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ex 4403 99 00	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.) or eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives
ex 4404 20 00	Non-coniferous split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of non-coniferous wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.), ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) or poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

- 4.1 Wood of *Chionanthus virginicus* L. and *Fraxinus* L. as referred to in point 27 of List IV. A Section II.
- 4.2 Wood, other than in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap originating in demarcated areas or wood retaining all or part of its round surface not originating but introduced into those demarcated areas of *Acer* spp., *Aesculus* spp., *Betula* spp., *Fraxinus* spp., *Populus* spp., *Salix* spp. and *Ulmus* spp., as referred to in point 30 of List IV.A part II.
- 4.3 Wood in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap originating in demarcated areas obtained in whole or part from *Acer* spp., *Aesculus* spp., *Betula* spp., *Fraxinus* spp., *Populus* spp., *Salix* spp. and *Ulmus* spp., as referred to in point 31 of List IV.A part II.
- 4.4. Wood, other than in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap originating in demarcated areas or wood retaining all or part of its round surface not originating but introduced into those demarcated areas of *Prunus* spp., as referred to in point 33. List IV.A part II.
- 4.5. Wood in the form of chips, particles, shavings, wood waste and scrap originating in demarcated areas, obtained in whole or part from *Prunus* spp., as referred to in point 34 of List IV.A part II.
5. Seed, *Oryza sativa* L., where its movement is carried out within the scope of the special regulation on the production and marketing of grain seed material and for which specific RNQPs have been listed in List VI of this Rulebook.
6. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of of the special regulation on the production and marketing of vegetable seed material and for which specific RNQPs have been listed in List VI of this Rulebook:
 - *Allium cepa* L.,
 - *Allium porrum* L.,
 - *Capsicum annuum* L.,
 - *Phaseolus coccineus* L.,
 - *Phaseolus vulgaris* L.,
 - *Pisum sativum* L.,
 - *Solanum lycopersicum* L. and hybrids thereof,
 - *Vicia faba* L.
7. Seeds of *Solanum tuberosum* L.
8. Seed *Medicago sativa* L., where its movement is carried out within the scope of the special regulation on the production and marketing of seed material of fodder plants and for which specific RNQPs have been listed in List VI of this Rulebook.
9. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of the special regulation on the production and marketing of seed material of oilseeds and spinning plants and turnips and for which specific RNQPs have been listed in List VI of this Rulebook:
 - *Brassica napus* L.,
 - *Brassica rapa* L.,
 - *Glycine max* (L.) Merrill,
 - *Helianthus annuus* L.,

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- *Linum usitatissimum* L.,
 - *Sinapis alba*.
10. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of the special regulation on the production and marketing of planting material of ornamental plants and for which specific RNQPs have been listed in List VI of this Rulebook:
- *Allium* L.,
 - *Capsicum annuum* L.
 - *Helianthus annuus* L.
11. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of the special regulation on the production and marketing of fruit planting material and for which specific RNQPs have been listed in List VI of this Rulebook:
- *Prunus armeniaca* L.,
 - *Prunus cerasus* L.,
 - *Prunus domestica* L.,
 - *Prunus dulcis* (Mill.) D. A. Webb,
 - *Prunus persica* (L.) Batsch,
 - *Prunus salicina* Lindley.
12. Seed, where its movement is carried out within the scope of the special regulation on the production and marketing of fruit planting material and trade in forest reproductive material, and for which specific RNQPs have been listed in List VI of this Rulebook:
- *Prunus avium* L.

List V.A Section I is harmonized with Annex XIII of the Regulation 2019/2072.

Table 9

List V. A II

LIST OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS FOR WHICH A PLANT PASSPORT WITH THE DESIGNATION 'PZ' IS REQUIRED FOR INTRODUCTION INTO, AND MOVEMENT WITHIN CERTAIN PROTECTED ZONES

1. Plants of *Abies* Mill., *Larix* Mill., *Picea* A. Dietr., *Pinus* L. and *Pseudotsuga* Carr., other than seeds.
2. Plants for planting, other than seeds, of *Ajuga* L., *Beta vulgaris* L., *Cedrus* Trew, *Crossandra* Salisb., *Dipladenia* A.DC., *Euphorbia pulcherrima* Willd., *Hibiscus* L., *Mandevilla* Lindl., *Nerium oleander* L., *Populus* L., *Prunus* L., *Quercus* spp., other than *Quercus suber*, *Ulmus* L., and plants for planting of *Begonia* L., other than corms, seeds and tubers.
3. Plants, other than fruit and seeds, of *Amelanchier* Med., *Castanea* Mill., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Eucalyptus* L'Herit., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dcne.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L., *Sorbus* L. and *Vitis* L.
4. Plants of *Palmae*, intended for planting, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm and belonging to the following taxa: *Areca catechu* L., *Arenga pinnata* (Wurmb) Merr., *Bismarckia* Hildebr. & H. Wendl., *Borassus flabellifer* L., *Brahea* Mart., *Butia* Becc., *Calamus merrillii* Becc., *Caryota cumingii* Lodd. ex Mart., *Caryota maxima* Blume, *Chamaerops* L., *Cocos nucifera* L., *Copernicia* Mart., *Corypha utan* Lam., *Elaeis guineensis* Jacq., *Howea forsteriana* Becc., *Jubaea Kunth*, *Livistona* R. Br., *Metroxylon sagu* Rottb., *Phoenix* L., *Pritchardia* Seem. & H. Wendl., *Ravenea rivularis* Jum. & H. Perrier, *Roystonea regia* (Kunth) O. F. Cook, *Sabal* Adans., *Syagrus* Mart., *Trachycarpus* H. Wendl., *Trithrinax* Mart., *Washingtonia* Raf.
5. Live pollen for pollination of *Amelanchier* Med., *Chaenomeles* Lindl., *Cotoneaster* Ehrh., *Crataegus* L., *Cydonia* Mill., *Eriobotrya* Lindl., *Malus* Mill., *Mespilus* L., *Photinia davidiana* (Dcne.) Cardot, *Pyracantha* Roem., *Pyrus* L. and *Sorbus* L.
6. Tubers of *Solanum tuberosum* L., intended for planting.

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7. Plants of *Beta vulgaris* L., intended for industrial processing.
8. Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet (*Beta vulgaris* L.)
9. Seeds of *Beta vulgaris* L., *Castanea* Mill., *Gossypium* spp and *Mangifera* L.
10. Fruits (bolls) of *Gossypium* spp. and unginned cotton.
11. Wood, where it:
 - a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of Law on the Health Protection of Plants; and
 - b) has been obtained in whole or part from
 - conifers (*Pinopsida*), excluding wood which is bark-free,
 - *Castanea* Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free,
 - *Platanus* L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface; and
 - c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the following descriptions:

CN code	Description
4401 11 00	Coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 12 00	Non-coniferous fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms
4401 21 00	Coniferous wood, in chips or particles
4401 22 00	Non-coniferous wood, in chips or particles
ex 4401 49 00	Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust), not agglomerated
ex 4403 11 00	Coniferous wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 12 00	Non-coniferous wood in the rough, treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
ex 4403 21	Coniferous wood of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 22 00	Coniferous wood of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, other than of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 23	Coniferous wood of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 24 00	Coniferous wood of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.) in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, other than of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 25	Coniferous wood, other than of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.), fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) or spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.), in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 26 00	Coniferous wood, other than of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.), fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) or spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.), in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives, other than of which any cross-sectional dimension is 15 cm or more
ex 4403 99 00	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.) or eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives

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ex 4404	Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise
4406	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
ex 4407	Coniferous wood, sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm
ex 4407 99	Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.), ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) or poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

12. Isolated bark of *Castanea* Mill, and conifers (*Pinopsida*).

List V.A Section II is harmonized with Annex XIV of the Regulation 2019/2072 and is applied on the day of Montenegro's accession to the European Union. Until the day of accession, this list is used as an overview of requests for the introduction of plants, plant products and objects under supervision into the protected areas of the European Union, originating from or being despatched from Montenegro.

Table 10

List V.B

V.B. I Part A

LIST OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS FOR WHICH PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATES ARE REQUIRED FOR THEIR INTRODUCTION INTO THE MONTENEGRO TERRITORY IF THEIR ORIGIN OR DISPATCH ARE FROM THE RESPECTIVE COUNTRIES

Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
1. Miscellaneous		
Machinery and vehicles which have been operated for agricultural or forestry purposes	<p>Agricultural, horticultural or forestry machinery for soil preparation or cultivation already having been operated; lawn or sports-ground rollers – already operated:</p> <p>– Ploughs:</p> <p>ex 8432 10 00</p> <p>– Harrows, scarifiers, cultivators, weeders and hoes:</p> <p>ex 8432 21 00 ex 8432 29 10 ex 8432 29 30 ex 8432 29 50 ex 8432 29 90</p> <p>– Seeders, planters and transplanters:</p> <p>ex 8432 31 00 ex 8432 39 11 ex 8432 39 19 ex 8432 39 90</p>	Third countries

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	<p>– Manure spreaders and fertiliser distributors:</p> <p>ex 8432 41 00 ex 8432 42 00</p> <p>– Other machinery:</p> <p>ex 8432 80 00</p> <p>– Parts:</p> <p>ex 8432 90 00</p> <p>Other agricultural, horticultural, forestry, poultry-keeping or bee-keeping machinery, including germination plant fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment; poultry incubators and brooders – already operated:</p> <p>– – Forestry machinery: ex 8436 80 10</p> <p>Tractors (other than tractors of heading 8709) – already operated:</p> <p>– Road tractors for semi-trailers:</p> <p>ex 8701 20 90</p> <p>– Other than single axle tractors, road tractors or track-laying tractors:</p> <p>– – – Agricultural tractors and forestry tractors, wheeled:</p> <p>ex 8701 91 10 ex 8701 92 10 ex 8701 93 10 ex 8701 94 10 ex 8701 95 10</p>	
<p>Growing medium, attached to or associated with plants, intended to sustain the vitality of the plants</p>	<p>N.A.</p>	<p>Third countries</p>
<p>Grain of the genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and x <i>Triticosecale</i> Witt</p>	<p>Wheat and meslin, other than seeds for sowing:</p> <p>1001 19 00 1001 99 00</p> <p>Rye, other than seed for sowing: 1002 90 00</p> <p>Triticale, other than seed for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1008 60 00</p>	<p>Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and the USA</p>

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2. General categories		
Plants for planting, other than seeds	<p>Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots other than roots of heading 1212:</p> <p>0601 10 10 0601 10 20 0601 10 30 0601 10 40 0601 10 90 0601 20 10 0601 20 30 0601 20 90</p> <p>Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; other than mushroom spawn:</p> <p>0602 10 90 0602 20 20 0602 20 80 0602 30 00 0602 40 00 0602 90 20 0602 90 30 0602 90 41 0602 90 45 0602 90 46 0602 90 47 0602 90 48 0602 90 50 0602 90 70 0602 90 91 0602 90 99</p> <p>Mosses, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 19</p> <p>Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh, for planting:</p> <p>ex 0703 10 11 ex 0703 10 90 ex 0703 20 00</p> <p>Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh, planted in a growing substrate:</p> <p>ex 0704 10 00 ex 0704 90 10 ex 0704 90 90</p>	Third countries

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	<p>Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh, planted in a growing substrate:</p> <p>ex 0705 11 00 ex 0705 19 00 ex 0705 21 00 ex 0705 29 00</p> <p>Celery other than celeriac, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 40 00</p> <p>Salad vegetables, other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 10</p> <p>Other vegetables, planted in a growing substrate: ex 0709 99 90</p> <p>Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices, for planting or planted in a growing substrate: ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 20 10 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 31 ex 0910 99 33</p>	
<p>Root and tubercle vegetables</p>	<p>Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled: 0706 10 00 0706 90 10 0706 90 30 0706 90 90</p> <p>Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh or chilled: ex 0709 99 90</p> <p>Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, not sliced or in the form of pellets: ex 0714 10 00 ex 0714 20 10</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	<p>ex 0714 20 90 ex 0714 30 00 ex 0714 40 00 ex 0714 50 00 ex 0714 90 20 ex 0714 90 90</p> <p>Ginger, saffron, turmeric (curcuma), and other spices in the form of root or tubercle plant parts, fresh or chilled, other than dried:</p> <p>ex 0910 11 00 ex 0910 30 00 ex 0910 99 91</p> <p>Sugar beet, not ground, fresh and chilled:</p> <p>ex 1212 91 80</p> <p>Chicory roots, fresh and chilled:</p> <p>ex 1212 94 00</p> <p>Other root and tubercle vegetables, fresh and chilled:</p> <p>ex 1212 99 95</p> <p>Swedes, mangolds, fodder roots, similar forage products, not in the form of pellets, fresh or chilled, other than dried:</p> <p>ex 1214 90 10 ex 1214 90 90</p>	
3. Parts of plants, other than fruits and seeds, of:		
<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	<p>Foliage, branches and other parts of tomato or eggplant plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products of tomatoe or eggplant plants, not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries
<i>Zea mays</i> L.	<p>Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>— — — Sweetcorn:</p> <p>ex 0709 99 60</p> <p>Maize (corn), other:</p>	Third countries

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	<p>ex 1005 90 00</p> <p>Vegetable products of maize (<i>Zea mays</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	
<p><i>Convolvulus</i> L., <i>Ipomoea</i> L., <i>Micromeria</i> Benth and <i>Solanaceae</i> Juss.</p>	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0709 99 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>Americas, Australia, New Zealand,</p>
<p>Leafy vegetables of <i>Apium graveolens</i> L, <i>Eryngium</i> L, <i>Limnophila</i> L. and <i>Ocimum</i> L.</p>	<p>Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0709 40 00 ex 0709 99 10 ex 0709 99 90</p> <p>Plants and parts of plants, of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh not cut, crushed nor powdered:</p> <p>ex 1211 90 86</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>Third countries</p>
<p>Leaves of <i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz</p>	<p>Leaves of cassava (<i>Manihot esculenta</i>), fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0709 99 90</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	Vegetable products of cassava (<i>Manihot esculenta</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	
Conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	Foliage, branches and other parts of Conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>) plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 20 ex 0604 20 40	Third countries
<i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Dianthus</i> L., <i>Gypsophila</i> L., <i>Pelargonium</i> l'Herit. ex Ait, <i>Phoenix</i> spp., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Quercus</i> L., <i>Solidago</i> L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: 0603 12 00 0603 14 00 ex 0603 19 70 Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Third countries
<i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of sugar maple (<i>Acer saccharum</i>), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products of plants of sugar maple (<i>Acer saccharum</i>), not elsewhere specified or included, fresh: ex 1404 90 00	Canada and United States
<i>Prunus</i> L.	Cut flowers and flower buds of <i>Prunus</i> spp. of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70	Countries other than: members of the European Union and the CEFTA agreement, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands,

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	<p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products of plants of <i>Prunus</i> spp. not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom¹</p>
<i>Betula</i> L.	<p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products of plants of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>Third countries</p>
<i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L.	<p>Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p> <p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>– Other:</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and United States</p>
<i>Amyris</i> P. Browne, <i>Casimiroa</i> La Llave, <i>Citropsis</i> Swingle & Kellerman, <i>Eremocitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Esenbeckia</i> Kunth., <i>Glycosmis</i> Corrêa, <i>Merrillia</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans., <i>Tetradium</i> Lour., <i>Toddalia</i> Juss. and <i>Zanthoxylum</i> L.	<p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	ex 1404 90 00	
<p><i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L., <i>Adiantum aleuticum</i> (Rupr.) Paris, <i>Adiantum jordanii</i> C. Muell., <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i> L., <i>Arbutus menziesii</i> Pursch., <i>Arbutus unedo</i> L., <i>Arctostaphylos</i> spp. Adans, <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> (L.) Hull, <i>Camellia</i> spp. L., <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L., <i>Frangula californica</i> (Eschsch.) Gray, <i>Frangula purshiana</i> (DC.) Cooper, <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L., <i>Griselinia littoralis</i> (Raoul), <i>Hamamelis virginiana</i> L., <i>Heteromeles arbutifolia</i> (Lindley) M. Roemer, <i>Kalmia latifolia</i> L., <i>Laurus nobilis</i> L., <i>Leucothoe</i> spp. D. Don, <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., <i>Lonicera hispidula</i> (Lindl.) Dougl. ex Torr.&Gray, <i>Magnolia</i> spp. L., <i>Michelia doltsopa</i> Buch.-Ham. ex DC, <i>Nothofagus obliqua</i> (Mirbel) Blume, <i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i> (G. Don) P. S. Green, <i>Parrotia persica</i> (DC) C.A. Meyer, <i>Photinia x fraseri</i> Dress, <i>Pieris</i> spp. D. Don, <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Mirbel) Franco, <i>Quercus</i> spp. L., <i>Rhododendron</i> spp. L., other than <i>Rhododendron simsii</i> Planch., <i>Rosa gymnocarpa</i> Nutt., <i>Salix caprea</i> L., <i>Sequoia sempervirens</i> (Lamb. ex D. Don) Endl., <i>Syringa vulgaris</i> L., <i>Taxus</i> spp. L., <i>Trientalis latifolia</i> (Hook), <i>Umbellularia californica</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Nutt., <i>Vaccinium ovatum</i> Pursh i <i>Viburnum</i> spp. L</p>	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia, cleaned, bleached or dyed cereal straw, and lime bark), fresh:</p> <p>ex 1401 90 00</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>Canada, United Kingdom¹, United States and Vietnam</p>
4. Parts of plants, other than fruits but including seeds of:		
<p><i>Aegle</i> Corrêa, <i>Aeglopsis</i> Swingle, <i>Afraegle</i> Engl., <i>Atalantia</i> Corrêa, <i>Balsamocitrus</i> Stapf, <i>Burkillanthus</i> Swingle, <i>Calodendrum</i> Thunb., <i>Choisya</i> Kunth, <i>Clausena</i> Burm. f., <i>Limonia</i> L., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Murraya</i> J. Koenig ex L., <i>Pamburus</i> Swingle, <i>Severinia</i> Ten., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr., <i>Triphasia</i> Lour and <i>Vepris</i> Comm.</p>	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0709 99 90</p> <p>Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing:</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	<p>– Seeds of herbaceous plants cultivated principally for their flowers:</p> <p>ex 1209 30 00</p> <p>– – Vegetable seeds:</p> <p>ex 1209 91 80</p> <p>– – Other:</p> <p>ex 1209 99 91 ex 1209 99 99</p> <p>Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh, not cut, crushed or powdered:</p> <p>ex 1211 90 86</p> <p>Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, bamboos, rattans, reeds, rushes, osier, raffia, cleaned, bleached or dyed cereal straw, and lime bark), fresh:</p> <p>ex 1401 90 00</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	
<p>5. Fruits in the botanical sense, not mashed, of:</p>		
<p><i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Microcitrus</i> Swingle, <i>Naringi</i> Adans., <i>Swinglea</i> Merr. and njihovi hibridi, <i>Momordica</i> L. and <i>Solanaceae</i> Juss.</p>	<p>Tomatoes, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0702 00 00</p> <p>Other vegetables, of Solanaceae, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0709 30 00 0709 60 10 0709 60 91 0709 60 95 0709 60 99 ex 0709 99 90</p> <p>Citrus fruit, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0805 10 22 0805 10 24</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	<p>0805 10 28 ex 0805 10 80 ex 0805 21 10 ex 0805 21 90 ex 0805 22 00 ex 0805 29 00 ex 0805 40 00 ex 0805 50 10 ex 0805 50 90 ex 0805 90 00</p> <p>Other fruit, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0810 90 75</p>	
<p><i>Actinidia</i> Lindl., <i>Annona</i> L., <i>Carica papaya</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Diospyros</i> L., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> L., <i>Mangifera</i> L., <i>Passiflora</i> L., <i>Persea americana</i> Mill., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Psidium</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L., <i>Syzygium</i> Gaertn., <i>Vaccinium</i> L., and <i>Vitis</i> L.</p>	<p>Avocados, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0804 40 00</p> <p>Guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0804 50 00</p> <p>Grapes, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0806 10 10 0806 10 90</p> <p>Papaws (papayas), fresh or chilled:</p> <p>– Papaws (papayas):</p> <p>0807 20 00</p> <p>Apples, pears and quinces, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0808 10 10 0808 10 80 0808 30 10 0808 30 90 0808 40 00</p> <p>Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0809 10 00 0809 21 00 0809 29 00 0809 30 10 0809 30 90 0809 40 05 0809 40 90</p> <p>– Strawberries, fresh or chilled:</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	<p>0810 10 00</p> <p>– Raspberries, blackberries, mulberries and logan-berries, fresh</p> <p>0810 20 10 ex 0810 20 90</p> <p>– Black-, white- or redcurrants and gooseberries, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0810 30 10 0810 30 30 0810 30 90</p> <p>– Cranberries, bilberries and other fruit of the genus <i>Vaccinium</i>, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0810 40 10 0810 40 30 0810 40 50 0810 40 90</p> <p>– Kiwifruit, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0810 50 00</p> <p>– Persimmons, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0810 70 00</p> <p>– Other, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0810 90 20 ex 0810 90 75</p>	
<i>Punica granatum</i> L.	<p>Pomegranate, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0810 90 75</p>	Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel
6. Cut flowers of:		
<i>Orchidaceae</i>	<p>– Orchids, fresh:</p> <p>0603 13 00</p>	Third countries
<i>Aster</i> spp., <i>Eryngium</i> L., <i>Hypericum</i> L., <i>Lisianthus</i> L., <i>Rosa</i> L. and <i>Trachelium</i> L.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>0603 11 00 ex 0603 19 70</p>	Countries other than: members of the European Union and the CEFTA agreement, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein,

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		Monaco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom ¹
7. Tubers of:		
<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	Potatoes, fresh or chilled, other than seed potatoes: ex 0701 90 10 ex 0701 90 50 ex 0701 90 90	Third countries
8. Seeds of:		
<i>Brassicaceae, Poaceae, Trifolium</i> spp.	Seeds of wheat and meslin: 1001 11 00 1001 91 10 1001 91 20 1001 91 90 Seed of rye: 1002 10 00 Seed of barley: 1003 10 00 Seed of oats: 1004 10 00 Seed of maize (corn): 1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 18 1005 10 90 Seed of rice: 1006 10 10 Seed of sorghum:	Argentina, Australia, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, New Zealand and Uruguay

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	<p>1007 10 10 1007 10 90</p> <p>Seed of millet:</p> <p>1008 21 00</p> <p>Canary seed for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1008 30 00</p> <p>Fonio (<i>Digitaria</i> spp.) seed for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1008 40 00</p> <p>Seed of triticale:</p> <p>ex 1008 60 00</p> <p>Seed of other cereals for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1008 90 00</p> <p>Rape or colza seeds, for sowing:</p> <p>1205 10 10 ex 1205 90 00</p> <p>Mustard seed, for sowing:</p> <p>1207 50 10</p> <p>Clover (<i>Trifolium</i> spp.) seeds for sowing:</p> <p>1209 22 10 1209 22 80</p> <p>Fescue seeds for sowing:</p> <p>1209 23 11 1209 23 15 1209 23 80</p> <p>Kentucky blue grass (<i>Poa pratensis</i> L.) seed for sowing:</p> <p>1209 24 00</p> <p>Ryegrass (<i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Lam., <i>Lolium perenne</i> L.) seeds for sowing:</p> <p>1209 25 10 1209 25 90</p>	
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	<p>Timothy grass seed; seeds of the genus <i>Poa</i> (<i>Poa palustris</i> L., <i>Poa trivialis</i> L.); cocksfoot grass (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L.) and bent grass (<i>Agrostis</i>) seeds, for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1209 29 45</p> <p>Seeds of other grasses for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1209 29 80</p> <p>Seeds of ornamental grasses for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1209 30 00</p> <p>Other brassicas' (<i>Brassicaceae</i>) seeds for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1209 91 80</p>	
<p>Genera <i>Triticum</i> L., <i>Secale</i> L. and <i>Triticosecale</i> Wittm. ex A. Camus</p>	<p>Seeds of wheat and meslin:</p> <p>1001 11 00 1001 91 10 1001 91 20 1001 91 90</p> <p>Seeds of rye: 1002 10 00</p> <p>Seeds of triticale: ex 1008 60 00</p>	<p>Afghanistan, India, Iran, Iraq, Mexico, Nepal, Pakistan, South Africa and United States</p>
<p><i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle i <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., i njihovi hibridi, <i>Capsicum</i> spp. L., <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Medicago sativa</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L., <i>Oryza</i> spp. L., <i>Zea mays</i> L., <i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Phaseolus cocineus</i> L., <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.</p>	<p>Sweetcorn for sowing:</p> <p>ex 0709 99 60</p> <p>– – – Hybrids of sweetcorn (<i>Zea mays</i> var. <i>saccharata</i>) for sowing: 0712 90 11</p> <p>– Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) for sowing:</p> <p>0713 33 10</p> <p>Almonds, for sowing: ex 0802 11 10 ex 0802 11 90 ex 0802 12 10 ex 0802 12 90</p> <p>Maize (corn) seeds, for sowing: 1005 10 13 1005 10 15 1005 10 18</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	<p>1005 10 90</p> <p>Rice, for sowing: 1006 10 10</p> <p>Sunflower seeds, for sowing: 1206 00 10</p> <p>Lucerne (alfalfa) seeds, for sowing: 1209 21 00</p> <p>--- Other vegetable seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 91 80</p> <p>-- Other seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 99</p>	
9. Vegetable seeds of:		
<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	ex 1209 91 80	Third countries
<i>Pisum sativum</i> L.	Peas (<i>Pisum sativum</i>) seeds, for sowing: 0713 10 10	Third countries
<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and hybrids thereof	ex 1209 91 80	Third countries
<i>Vicia faba</i> L.	Broad beans and horse beans seeds, for sowing: ex 0713 50 00	Third countries
	– Other, seeds for sowing: ex 0713 90 00	
10. Seeds of oil and fibre plants of:		
<i>Brassica napus</i> L.	Rape or colza seeds, for sowing: 1205 10 10 ex 1205 90 00	Third countries
<i>Brassica rapa</i> L.,	Seeds of <i>Brassica rapa</i> , for sowing: ex 1209 91 80	Third countries
<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merrill	Soya bean seeds for sowing: 1201 10 00	Third countries
<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L.	Linseed, for sowing: 1204 00 10	Third countries

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<i>Sinapis alba</i> L.	Mustard seeds, for sowing: 1207 50 10	Third countries
11. Isolated bark of:		
Conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>)	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 4401 49 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 40 90	Countries other than: members of the European Union and the CEFTA agreement, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom ¹
<i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh, <i>Populus</i> L. i <i>Quercus</i> L., other than <i>Quercus suber</i> L.	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00 Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 49 00	Third countries
<i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L.	Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea,

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	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p>	Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and United States
<i>Betula L.</i>	<p>Vegetable products of bark of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.), not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p> <p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>– Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p>	Canada and United States
<i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd. and <i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt.	<p>Vegetable products of bark not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p> <p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>– Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p>	Canada, United States, Vietnam

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<p>12. Wood, where it: (a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of Plant health law; and (b) has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, except wood packaging material, and (c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the descriptions referred to in the middle column:</p>		
<p><i>Quercus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface and except wood which meets the description of CN code 4416 00 00 and where there is documented evidence that the wood has been processed or manufactured using a heat treatment to achieve a minimum temperature of 176 °C for 20 minutes</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p>	<p>Canada, United States, Vietnam</p>

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	<p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— – Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— – Of oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4403 91 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (crossies) of wood:</p> <p>— Not impregnated</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated)</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— – Of oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>- Other:</p>	
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	<p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— — — Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Platanus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p>	<p>Albania, Armenia, Switzerland, Turkey or United States</p>

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	<p>-- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>-- Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (crossies) of wood:</p> <p>— Not impregnated</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated)</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35</p>	
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	<p>ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— — — Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Populus L.</i>, including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p>	<p>Americas</p>

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	<p>-- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4403 97 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (crossties) of wood: — Not impregnated ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated)</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p>	
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	<p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— — — Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Acer saccharum</i> Marsh., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p>	<p>United States and Canada</p>

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	<p>--- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (crossies) of wood: — Not impregnated</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated)</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p>	
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	<p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>-- Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p>Conifers (Pinopsida), including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>-- Coniferous</p> <p>4401 11 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>-- Coniferous</p> <p>4401 21 00</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>-- Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p> <p>-- Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p>	<p>Kazakhstan, Russia and Turkey and other third countries other than: members of the European Union and the CEFTA agreement, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, San Marino, Switzerland, Ukraine and the United Kingdom¹</p>

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	<p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: — — Coniferous:</p> <p>4403 11 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Coniferous, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: — — Of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.):</p> <p>ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00</p> <p>— — Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.):</p> <p>ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00</p> <p>— — Other, coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: — Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 10 00</p> <p>Coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: — Not impregnated:</p> <p>4406 11 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>4406 91 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: — Coniferous:</p>	
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	<p>-- Of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 11 10 4407 11 20 4407 11 90</p> <p>-- Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 12 10 4407 12 20 4407 12 90</p> <p>-- Other, coniferous:</p> <p>4407 19 10 4407 19 20 4407 19 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Coniferous:</p> <p>4408 10 15 4408 10 91 4408 10 98</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>-- Coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 10 18</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
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<p><i>Chionanthus virginicus</i> L. and <i>Fraxinus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Other:</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p>	<p>Belarus, Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Ukraine and the United States</p>
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	<p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (crossties) of wood: — Not impregnated:</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— — Of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99</p> <p>— — Other:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— — — Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 10 ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p>	
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	<p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Betula</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.):</p> <p>4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00</p>	<p>Canada and United States</p>

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	<p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: — Not impregnated:</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: — — Of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed: — — — Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p>	
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	<p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Aronia</i> Medik., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. and <i>Sorbus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, except sawdust or shavings</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p>	<p>Canada and United States</p>

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	<p>Non-coniferous railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</p> <p>— Not impregnated:</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— — — Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
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<p><i>Prunus L.</i> including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – Non-coniferous: <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Wood in chips or particles: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – Non-coniferous: <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – – Bark and production waste, scrap, rejects and residues: – – – Other: <p>ex 4401 49 10</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – – Other: <p>ex 4401 49 90</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – Non-coniferous: <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Other: <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Non-coniferous: <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Not impregnated <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – Non-coniferous: <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – – Non-coniferous: <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed,</p>	<p>Canada, China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, United States Vietnam'</p>
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	<p>sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>-- Of cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 94 10</p> <p>4407 94 91</p> <p>4407 94 99</p> <p>-- Of other:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27</p> <p>ex 4407 99 40</p> <p>ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15</p> <p>ex 4408 90 35</p> <p>ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>-- Non-coniferous:</p> <p>-- Other</p> <p>ex. 4409 29 91</p> <p>ex. 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Acer</i> L., <i>Aesculus</i> L., <i>Betula</i> L., <i>Fraxinus</i> L., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L. and <i>Ulmus</i> L., including wood which has not kept its natural round surface</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>-- Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>-- Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>-- Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>-- Non-coniferous:</p>	<p>China, Japan, Lebanon, North Korea, South Korea, Switzerland, United States'</p>

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	<p>--- Other (than of eucalyptus (Eucalyptus spp.): ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>– Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: --- Bark and production waste, scrap, rejects and residues: ex 4401 49 10</p> <p>--- Other: ex 4401 49 90</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: -- Of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.): 4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00</p> <p>– Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.): 4403 97 00</p> <p>– Of other: ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated: -- Non coniferous: ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>– Other (than not impregnated): -- Non coniferous: ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: -- Of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.): 4407 93 10 4407 93 91</p>	
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	<p>4407 93 99 -- Of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.): 4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99 -- Of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.): 4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99 -- Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.): 4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99 -- Of other: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm: ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed: --- Non-coniferous, other: ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves: ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Lithocarpus</i></p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not</p>	<p>Canada, United Kingdom¹,</p>

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<p><i>densiflorus</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Rehd., <i>Quercus</i> L. and <i>Taxus brevifolia</i> Nutt.</p>	<p>agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 11 00</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 21 00</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 11 00</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p>	<p>United States, Vietnam</p>
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	<p>— Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Other, coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Other, of non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <p>— Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 10 00</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</p> <p>— Not impregnated:</p> <p>— — Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4406 11 00</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>— — Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4406 91 00</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed,</p>	
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	<p>sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>– Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90</p> <p>– – Of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99</p> <p>– – Of other:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4408 10 15 ex 4408 10 91 ex 4408 10 98</p> <p>— Other:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15 ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>– – – Non-coniferous, other:</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p>	
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	<p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Artocarpus chaplasha</i> Roxb., <i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam., <i>Artocarpus integer</i> (Thunb.) Merr., <i>Alnus formosana</i> Makino, <i>Bombax malabaricum</i> DC., <i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i> (L.) Vent., <i>Broussonetia kazinoki</i> Siebold, <i>Caesalpinia japonica</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Cajanus cajan</i> (L.) Huth, <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (L.) Kuntze, <i>Camellia oleifera</i> C.Abel, <i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Celtis sinensis</i> Pers., <i>Cercis chinensis</i> Bunge, <i>Chaenomeles sinensis</i> (Thouin) Koehne, <i>Cinnamomum camphora</i> (L.) J.Presl, <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Cornus kousa</i> Bürger ex Hanse, <i>Crataegus cordata</i> Aiton, <i>Cunninghamia lanceolata</i> (Lamb.) Hook., <i>Dalbergia</i> L.f., <i>Debregeasia edulis</i> (Siebold & Zucc.) Wedd., <i>Debregeasia hypoleuca</i> (Hochst. ex Steud.) Wedd., <i>Diospyros kaki</i> L., <i>Enkianthus perulatus</i> (Miq.) C.K. Schneid., <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl., <i>Fagus crenata</i> Blume, <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Firmiana simplex</i> (L.) W.Wight, <i>Gleditsia japonica</i> Miq., <i>Hovenia dulcis</i> Thunb., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Lagerstroemia indica</i> L., <i>Maclura tricuspidata</i> Carrière, <i>Maclura pomifera</i> (Raf.) C.K.Schneid., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Melia azedarach</i> L., <i>Morus</i> L., <i>Platanus x hispanica</i> Mill. ex Münchh., <i>Platycarya strobilaceae</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Populus</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> spp., <i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i> Siebold & Zucc., <i>Pterocarya stenoptera</i> C. DC., <i>Punica granatum</i> L., <i>Pyrus</i> spp., <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> L., <i>Salix</i> L., <i>Sapium sebiferum</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Schima superba</i> Gardner & Champ., <i>Sophora japonica</i> L., <i>Spiraea thunbergii</i> Siebold ex Blume, <i>Trema amboinensis</i> (Willd.) Blume, <i>Trema orientale</i> (L.) Blume, <i>Ulmus</i> L., <i>Vernicia fordii</i> (Hemsl.) Airy Shaw, <i>Villebrunea pedunculata</i> Shirai, <i>Xylosma</i> G.Forst., and <i>Zelkova serrata</i> (Thunb.) Makino</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p>	<p>Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, North Korea, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District (Uralsky federalny okrug)), Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Syria, Tajikistan, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkmenistan, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Vietnam, and Yemen</p>

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	<p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Of beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.):</p> <p>ex 4403 93 00 ex 4403 94 00</p> <p>— — Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):</p> <p>ex 4403 97 00</p> <p>— — Other:</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</p> <p>— Not impregnated:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Other (than coniferous or tropical wood):</p> <p>— — Of beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.):</p> <p>ex 4407 92 00</p> <p>— — Of cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.):</p> <p>— — — Planed; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p>	
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	<p>ex 4407 94 10</p> <p>--- Other:</p> <p>ex 4407 94 91 ex 4407 94 99</p> <p>-- Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):</p> <p>--- Planed; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4407 97 10</p> <p>--- Other:</p> <p>ex 4407 97 91 ex 4407 97 99</p> <p>-- Other:</p> <p>--- Planed; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27</p> <p>--- Other:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Other (than coniferous or tropical wood):</p> <p>-- Planed; sanded; end-jointed whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15</p> <p>-- Other:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved,</p>	
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	<p>rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — Other (than of bamboo or tropical wood):</p> <p>— — — Other (than mouldings for frames for paintings, photographs, mirrors or similar objects):</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Acer L., Betula L., Elaeagnus L., Fraxinus L., Gleditsia L., Juglans L., Malus Mill., Morus L., Platanus L., Populus L., Prunus L., Pyrus L., Quercus L., Robinia L., Salix L., and Ulmus L.,</i> including wood which has not kept its natural round surface, but excluding sawdust and shavings</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Afghanistan, India, Iran, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan</p>

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	<p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — of oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4403 91 00</p> <p>— — of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.):</p> <p>4403 95 10 4403 95 90 4403 96 00</p> <p>— — of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4403 97 00</p> <p>— — other (than <i>Quercus</i>, <i>Betula</i>, <i>Populus</i>):</p> <p>ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood:</p> <p>— Not impregnated:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4406 12 00</p> <p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p>	
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	<p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>-- of oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90</p> <p>-- of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99</p> <p>-- of cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 94 10 4407 94 91 4407 94 99</p> <p>-- of ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 95 10 4407 95 91 4407 95 99</p> <p>-- of birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 96 10 4407 96 91 4407 96 99</p> <p>-- of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99</p> <p>-- Other:</p> <p>--- Planed; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27</p> <p>--- Other:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for</p>	
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	<p>plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Other (than coniferous or of tropical wood)</p> <p>-- Planed; sanded; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15</p> <p>-- Other:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>-- Other (than of bamboo or tropical wood):</p> <p>--- Other (than mouldings for frames for paintings, photographs, mirrors or similar objects):</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood: ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p>Wood of <i>Castanea</i> Mill., <i>Castanopsis</i> (D. D.) Mill., <i>Quercus</i> L.</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p>	<p>China, North Korea, Russia, South Korea, Taiwan and Vietnam</p>

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	<p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 41 00</p> <p>— Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p>	
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	<p>— — — Other (than of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.)):</p> <p>ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Sawdust:</p> <p>ex 4401 40 10</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 40 90</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:</p> <p>— Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>— — — ostalo:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Other (than coniferous or of tropical wood)</p> <p>— — Planed; sanded; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15</p> <p>— — Other:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved,</p>	
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These lists are harmonized with Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 of 28 November 2019 establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants, including amendments with Implementing Regulations: (EU) 2020/1199; (EU) 2020/1825; (EU) 2020/2210; (EU) 2020/2211; (EU) 2021/759; (EU) 2021/2069; (EU) 2021/2285; (EU) 2022/853; (EU) 2022/959; (EU) 2023/1134; (EU) 2023/1492; (EU) 2023/1787; (EU) 2024/2004, (EU) 2024/2970; (EU) 2025/2521; (EU) 2025/659; (EU) 2025/1078; (EU) 2025/2294; (EU) 2025/1953; (EU) 2025/2521.

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	<p>rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>— — Other (than of bamboo or tropical wood):</p> <p>— — — Other (than mouldings for frames for paintings, photographs, mirrors or similar objects):</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p>Drvo rodova i vrsta <i>Acacia</i> Mill., <i>Acer buergerianum</i> Miq., <i>Acer macrophyllum</i> Pursh, <i>Acer negundo</i> L., <i>Acer palmatum</i> Thunb., <i>Acer paxii</i> Franch., <i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L., <i>Aesculus californica</i> (Spach) Nutt., <i>Ailanthus altissima</i> (Mill.) Swingle, <i>Albizia falcate</i> Backer ex Merr., <i>Albizia julibrissin</i> Durazz., <i>Alectryon excelsus</i> Gärtn., <i>Alnus rhombifolia</i> Nutt., <i>Archontophoenix cunninghamiana</i> H. Wendl. & Drude, <i>Artocarpus integer</i> (Thunb.) Merr., <i>Azadirachta indica</i> A. Juss., <i>Baccharis salicina</i> Torr. & A. Gray, <i>Bauhinia variegata</i> L., <i>Brachychiton discolor</i> F.Muell., <i>Brachychiton populneus</i> R.Br., <i>Camellia semiserrata</i> C.W.Chi, <i>Camellia sinensis</i> (L.) Kuntze, <i>Canarium commune</i> L., <i>Castanospermum australe</i> A. Cunningham & C.Fraser, <i>Cercidium floridum</i> Benth. ex A. Gray, <i>Cercidium sonora</i> Rose & I.M.Johnst., <i>Cocculus laurifolius</i> DC., <i>Combretum kraussii</i> Hochst., <i>Cupaniopsis anacardioides</i> (A.Rich.) Radlk., <i>Dombeya cacuminum</i> Hochr., <i>Erythrina corallodendron</i> L., <i>Erythrina coralloides</i> Moc. & Sessé ex DC., <i>Erythrina falcata</i> Benth., <i>Erythrina fusca</i> Lour., <i>Eucalyptus ficifolia</i> F.Müll., <i>Fagus crenata</i> Blume, <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> L., <i>Hevea brasiliensis</i> (Willd. ex A.Juss) Muell.Arg., <i>Howea forsteriana</i> (F.Müller)</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms:</p> <p>— Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>— Wood in chips or particles:</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4401 22 10 ex 4401 22 90</p> <p>— Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated:</p> <p>— — Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust):</p> <p>ex 4401 49 00</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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<p>Becc., <i>Ilex cornuta</i> Lindl. & Paxton, <i>Inga vera</i> Willd., <i>Jacaranda mimosifolia</i> D. Don, <i>Koelreuteria bipinnata</i> Franch., <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> L., <i>Magnolia grandiflora</i> L., <i>Magnolia virginiana</i> L., <i>Mimosa bracaatinga</i> Hoehne, <i>Morus alba</i> L., <i>Parkinsonia aculeata</i> L., <i>Persea americana</i> Mill., <i>Pithecellobium lobatum</i> Benth., <i>Platanus x hispanica</i> Mill. ex Münchh., <i>Platanus mexicana</i> Torr., <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> L., <i>Platanus orientalis</i> L., <i>Platanus racemosa</i> Nutt., <i>Podalyria calyptata</i> Willd., <i>Populus fremontii</i> S. Watson, <i>Populus nigra</i> L., <i>Populus trichocarpa</i> Torr. & A. Gray ex Hook., <i>Prosopis articulata</i> S. Watson, <i>Protium serratum</i> Engl., <i>Psoralea pinnata</i> L., <i>Pterocarya stenoptera</i> C. DC., <i>Quercus agrifolia</i> Née, <i>Quercus calliprinos</i> Webb., <i>Quercus chrysolepis</i> Liebm., <i>Quercus engelmannii</i> Greene, <i>Quercus ithaburensis</i> Dence, <i>Quercus lobata</i> Née, <i>Quercus palustris</i> Marshall, <i>Quercus robur</i> L., <i>Quercus suber</i> L., <i>Ricinus communis</i> L., <i>Salix alba</i> L., <i>Salix babylonica</i> L., <i>Salix gooddingii</i> C. R. Ball, <i>Salix laevigata</i> Bebb, <i>Salix mucronata</i> Thnb., <i>Shorea robusta</i> C. F. Gaertn., <i>Spathodea campanulata</i> P. Beauv., <i>Spondias dulcis</i> Parkinson, <i>Tamarix ramosissima</i> Kar. ex Boiss., <i>Virgilia oroboides</i> subsp. <i>ferrugine</i> B.-E. van Wyk, <i>Wisteria floribunda</i> (Willd.) DC. i <i>Xylosma avilae</i> Sleumer</p>	<p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: — — Non-coniferous: ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: — Other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: — — Of oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.): 4403 91 00 — — Of beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.): 4403 92 00 — — Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.): 4403 97 00 — — Of eucalyptus (<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.): 4403 98 00 — — ostalo: ex 4403 99 00 — — Other: ex 4403 99 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: — Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: — Not impregnated: — — Non-coniferous: ex 4406 12 00</p>	
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	<p>— Other (than not impregnated):</p> <p>— — Non-coniferous:</p> <p>ex 4406 92 00</p> <p>Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— — Of oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 91 15 4407 91 31 4407 91 39 4407 91 90</p> <p>— — Of beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 92 00</p> <p>— — Of maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 93 10 4407 93 91 4407 93 99</p> <p>— — Of poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.):</p> <p>4407 97 10 4407 97 91 4407 97 99</p> <p>— — Other:</p> <p>— — — Planed; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 27</p> <p>— — — Other:</p> <p>ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Sheets for veneering (including those obtained by slicing laminated wood), for plywood or for similar laminated wood and other wood, sawn lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded, spliced or end-jointed, of a thickness not exceeding 6 mm:</p> <p>— Other (than coniferous or of tropical wood)</p>	
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	<p>-- Planed; sanded; end-jointed, whether or not planed or sanded:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 15</p> <p>-- Other:</p> <p>ex 4408 90 35 ex 4408 90 85 ex 4408 90 95</p> <p>Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed:</p> <p>— Non-coniferous:</p> <p>-- Other (than of bamboo or tropical wood):</p> <p>--- Other (than mouldings for frames for paintings, photographs, mirrors or similar objects):</p> <p>ex 4409 29 91 ex 4409 29 99</p> <p>Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves:</p> <p>ex 4416 00 00</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings of wood:</p> <p>ex 9406 10 00</p>	
<p>13. Plants of <i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L., other than stems covered during their entire life by soil, live pollen, plant tissue cultures and seeds</p>	<p>Other vegetables, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>— <i>Asparagus</i></p> <p>ex 0709 20 00</p>	<p>Third countries</p>
<p>(1) The CN code of an associated plant shall apply</p>		
<p>List V.B.I Part A is harmonized with Annex XI of EU Regulation 2019/2072. <i>'In accordance with the Agreement on the Withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland/Northern Ireland in relation to Annex 2 of that Protocol, for the purposes of List V.B.I, references to the United Kingdom do not include Northern Ireland.</i></p>		

Table 11

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V.B I PART B

LIST OF PLANTS, WITH THE RESPECTIVE CN CODES, FOR WHICH PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATES ARE REQUIRED FOR THEIR INTRODUCTION INTO THE MONTENEGRO TERRITORY, IF THEIR ORIGIN OR DISPATCH IS FROM THE RESPECTIVE THIRD COUNTRIES, AND PHYTOSANITARY CONTROL IS BASED ON RISK ANALYSIS*

Plants	CN code and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
<p>All plants, within the meaning of Law on Plant Health Protection, other than those specified in parts A and C of this List</p>	<p>Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, and chicory plants and roots, other than for planting:</p> <p>ex 0601 10 90</p> <p>ex 0601 20 10</p> <p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>0603 11 00</p> <p>0603 15 00</p> <p>0603 19 10</p> <p>0603 19 20</p> <p>ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses, not lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than for planting:</p> <p>ex 0703 10 19</p> <p>ex 0703 10 90</p> <p>ex 0703 20 00</p> <p>ex 0703 90 00</p> <p>Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh or</p>	<p>Third countries</p>

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	<p>chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:</p> <p>ex 0704 10 00</p> <p>0704 20 00</p> <p>ex 0704 90 10</p> <p>ex 0704 90 90</p> <p>Lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:</p> <p>ex 0705 11 00</p> <p>ex 0705 19 00</p> <p>ex 0705 21 00</p> <p>ex 0705 29 00</p> <p>Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0707 00 05</p> <p>0707 00 90</p> <p>Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0708 10 00</p> <p>0708 20 00</p> <p>0708 90 00</p> <p>Asparagus, celery other than celeriac, spinach, New Zealand spinach and orache spinach (garden spinach), globe artichokes, olives, pumpkins, squash and gourds (<i>Cucurbita</i> spp.), salad vegetables, (other than lettuce (<i>Lactuca sativa</i>) and chicory (<i>Cichorium</i> spp.)), chard (or white beet) and cardoons, capers, fennel and other vegetables, fresh or chilled, other than planted in a growing substrate:</p> <p>0709 20 00</p> <p>ex 0709 40 00</p> <p>ex 0709 70 00</p>	
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	<p>0709 91 00</p> <p>0709 92 10</p> <p>0709 92 90</p> <p>0709 93 10</p> <p>0709 93 90</p> <p>ex 0709 99 10</p> <p>ex 0709 99 20</p> <p>0709 99 40</p> <p>ex 0709 99 50</p> <p>ex 0709 99 90</p> <p>Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, not skinned or split, for sowing:</p> <p>ex 0713 20 00</p> <p>ex 0713 31 00</p> <p>ex 0713 32 00</p> <p>ex 0713 34 00</p> <p>ex 0713 35 00</p> <p>ex 0713 39 00</p> <p>ex 0713 40 00</p> <p>ex 0713 60 00</p> <p>ex 0713 90 00</p> <p>Brazil nuts and cashew nuts, whole, fresh in the green husk, also for sowing:</p> <p>ex 0801 21 00</p> <p>ex 0801 31 00</p> <p>Other nuts, whole, fresh in the green husk, also for sowing:</p> <p>ex 0802 11 10</p> <p>ex 0802 11 90</p> <p>ex 0802 21 00</p> <p>ex 0802 31 00</p> <p>ex 0802 41 00</p>	
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	<p>ex 0802 51 00</p> <p>ex 0802 61 00</p> <p>ex 0802 70 00</p> <p>ex 0802 80 00</p> <p>ex 0802 90 10</p> <p>ex 0802 90 50</p> <p>ex 0802 90 85</p> <p>Figs, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0804 20 10</p> <p>Melons, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>0807 11 00</p> <p>0807 19 00</p> <p>Other fruit, fresh or chilled:</p> <p>ex 0810 20 90</p> <p>ex 0810 90 20</p> <p>ex 0810 90 75</p> <p>Coffee berries (other than beans), fresh, whole in husk, not roasted:</p> <p>ex 0901 11 00</p> <p>Tea leaves, fresh, whole, not cut, not fermented, not flavoured:</p> <p>ex 0902 10 00</p> <p>ex 0902 20 00</p> <p>Thyme and fenugreek seeds for sowing:</p> <p>ex 0910 99 10</p> <p>ex 0910 99 31</p> <p>ex 0910 99 33</p> <p>Bay leaves, fresh:</p> <p>ex 0910 99 50</p> <p>Seeds of wheat and meslin:</p> <p>1001 11 00</p> <p>1001 91 10</p>	
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	<p>1001 91 20</p> <p>1001 91 90</p> <p>Seed of rye:</p> <p>1002 10 00</p> <p>Barley, seed for sowing:</p> <p>1003 10 00</p> <p>Oats, seed for sowing:</p> <p>1004 10 00</p> <p>Grain sorghum, seed for sowing:</p> <p>1007 10 10</p> <p>1007 10 90</p> <p>Buckwheat, millet and canary seed, other cereals, seed for sowing:</p> <p>ex 1008 10 00</p> <p>1008 21 00</p> <p>ex 1008 30 00</p> <p>ex 1008 40 00</p> <p>ex 1008 50 00</p> <p>ex 1008 60 00</p> <p>ex 1008 90 00</p> <p>Groundnuts, fresh, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whole, not shelled, not broken, also seed for sowing:</p> <p>1202 30 00</p> <p>ex 1202 41 00</p> <p>Other oil seeds for sowing and oleaginous fruits, fresh, not broken:</p> <p>ex 1207 10 00</p> <p>1207 21 00</p> <p>ex 1207 30 00</p> <p>1207 40 10</p> <p>ex 1207 60 00</p>	
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	<p>ex 1207 70 00</p> <p>1207 91 10</p> <p>1207 99 20</p> <p>Seeds and fruit, of a kind used for sowing:</p> <p>1209 10 00</p> <p>1209 22 10</p> <p>1209 22 80</p> <p>1209 23 11</p> <p>1209 23 15</p> <p>1209 23 80</p> <p>1209 24 00</p> <p>1209 25 10</p> <p>1209 25 90</p> <p>1209 29 45</p> <p>1209 29 50</p> <p>1209 29 60</p> <p>1209 29 80</p> <p>1209 30 00</p> <p>1209 91 30</p> <p>1209 91 80</p> <p>1209 99 10</p> <p>1209 99 91</p> <p>1209 99 99</p> <p>Hop cones, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1210 10 00</p> <p>Plants, other than for planting, and parts of plants (including seeds for sowing and fruits), fresh or chilled, not cut nor crushed or powdered:</p> <p>ex 1211 30 00</p> <p>ex 1211 40 00</p> <p>ex 1211 50 00</p>	
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	<p>ex 1211 90 30</p> <p>ex 1211 90 86</p> <p>Locust beans for sowing, and sugar cane, fresh or chilled, not ground; fruit stones and kernels for sowing and other fresh vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>ex 1212 92 00</p> <p>ex 1212 93 00</p> <p>ex 1212 94 00</p> <p>ex 1212 99 41</p> <p>ex 1212 99 95</p> <p>Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1401 90 00</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included, fresh:</p> <p>ex 1404 90 00</p>	
<p>*For plants from List V.B.I Part B originating from member states of the European Union and members of the CEFTA agreement, only a documentation review is performed, and a health check is performed in case of suspicion of the presence of pests and in accordance with a risk analysis at least 1%.</p> <p>List V.B.I Part B is harmonized with Annex XI Regulative EU 2019/2072</p>		

Table 12

PART C

LIST OF PLANTS, WITH THE RESPECTIVE CN CODES, FOR WHICH PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATES ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR THEIR INTRODUCTION INTO THE MONTENEGRO TERRITORY IF THEIR ORIGIN OR DISPATCH IS FROM THE RESPECTIVE THIRD COUNTRIES

Plants	CN Codes and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
Fruits of <i>Ananas comosus</i> (L.) Merrill	Pineapples, fresh or dried: 0804 30 00	Third countries
	Coconuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled:	Third countries

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Fruits of <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L.	0801 12 00 0801 19 00	
Fruits of <i>Durio zibethinus</i> Murray	Durians: 0810 60 00	Third countries
Fruits of <i>Musa</i> L.	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried: 0803 10 10 0803 10 90 0803 90 10 0803 90 90	Third countries
Fruits of <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L.	Dates, fresh or dried: 0804 10 00	Third countries
List V.B.I DIO C is harmonized with the Annex XI Regulative EU 2019/2072		

Table 13

List V. B. II
LIST OF PLANTS, PLANT PRODUCTS AND OTHER OBJECTS FOR WHICH A PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE IS REQUIRED FOR THEIR INTRODUCTION INTO A PROTECTED ZONE FROM CERTAIN THIRD COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN OR DISPATCH

Plants, plant products and other objects	CN code and its respective description	Country of origin or dispatch
1. Plants of		
<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L., intended for industrial processing.	Sugar beet, fresh: ex 1212 91 80 Mangold roots, fresh: ex 1214 90 10	Third countries other than Switzerland.
2. Parts of plants of		
<i>Eucalyptus</i> l'Hérit.	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0604 20 90 <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. seeds: ex 1209 99 10 Plants and parts of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.(including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily	Third countries other than Switzerland.

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	<p>in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh, chilled, not frozen nor dried, whether or not cut, but not crushed nor powdered: ex 1211 90 86</p> <p>Vegetable products of plants of <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	
3. Parts of plants, other than fruit and seeds, of:		
<i>Amelanchier</i> Med.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90 Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared: – Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.

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	<p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	
<i>Crataegus</i> L.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Cydonia</i> Mill.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.

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<p><i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl.</p>	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>Third countries other than Switzerland.</p>
<p><i>Malus</i> Mill.</p>	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	<p>Third countries other than Switzerland.</p>
<p><i>Mespilus</i> L.</p>	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p>	<p>Third countries other than Switzerland.</p>

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	Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00	
<i>Photinia davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Pyracantha</i> Roem.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
<i>Pyrus</i> L	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.

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	<p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p>	
<i>Sorbus</i> L.	<p>Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh: ex 0603 19 70</p> <p>Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being goods of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared:</p> <p>– Fresh: ex 0604 20 90</p> <p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or : ex 1404 90 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
4. Seeds of:		
<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.	<p>Sugar beet seeds, for sowing: 1209 10 00</p> <p>Fodder beet seed (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> var. <i>alba</i>), for sowing: 1209 29 60</p> <p>Other fodder beet seeds (other than <i>Beta vulgaris</i> var. <i>alba</i>), for sowing: ex 1209 29 80</p> <p>Salad beet seed or beetroot seed (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> var. <i>conditiva</i>), for sowing: 1209 91 30</p> <p>Other beet seeds (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>), for sowing: ex 1209 91 80</p>	Treće zemlje, osim Švajcarske.
<i>Castanea</i> Mill.	<p>Chestnut (<i>Castanea</i> spp.) seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 10</p> <p>Chestnuts (<i>Castanea</i> spp.), in shell, for sowing: ex 0802 41 00</p>	Treće zemlje, osim Švajcarske.
<i>Mangifera</i> L.	Mango seeds, for sowing: ex 1209 99 99	Third countries other than Switzerland.
5. Sjeme i plodovi (sjemene čahure) sljedećih rodova		
<i>Gossypium</i> L.	Seeds and fruits (bolls) of:	Treće zemlje, osim Švajcarske.

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	1207 21 00	
unginned cotton	Cotton, not carded or combed, other: 5201 00 90	Treće zemlje, osim Švajcarske.
6. Wood, where it: (a) is considered a plant product within the meaning of point 2 of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031; and (b) has been obtained in whole or part from one of the order, genera or species as described hereafter, and (c) falls under the respective CN code and corresponds to one of the descriptions referred to in the middle column, as laid down in Part II of Annex I to Regulation (EEC) No 2658/87:		
Conifers (<i>Pinopsida</i>), excluding wood which is bark-free originating in European third countries	Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – – Coniferous: ex 4401 11 00 – Wood, in chips or particles: – – Coniferous: ex 4401 21 00 – Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 49 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Coniferous: ex 4403 11 00 Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared:	Albania, Andorra, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canary Islands, Faeroe Islands, Georgia, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Moldova, Monaco, North Macedonia, Norway, Russia (only the following parts: Central Federal District (Tsentralny federalny okrug), Northwestern Federal District (Severo-Zapadny federalny okrug), Southern Federal District (Yuzhny federalny okrug), North Caucasian Federal District (Severo-Kavkazsky federalny okrug) and Volga Federal District (Privolzhsky federalny okrug)), San Marino, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine and the United Kingdom ¹ .

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	<p>– Coniferous, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.): ex 4403 21 10 ex 4403 21 90 ex 4403 22 00 – – Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.): ex 4403 23 10 ex 4403 23 90 ex 4403 24 00 – – Other, coniferous: ex 4403 25 10 ex 4403 25 90 ex 4403 26 00</p> <p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Coniferous: ex 4404 10 00 Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated: – – Coniferous: 4406 11 00 – Other (than not impregnated): – – Coniferous: 4406 91 00 Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: – Coniferous: – – Of pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.): ex 4407 11 10 ex 4407 11 20 ex 4407 11 90 – – Of fir (<i>Abies</i> spp.) and spruce (<i>Picea</i> spp.): ex 4407 12 10 ex 4407 12 20 ex 4407 12 90 – – Other, coniferous: ex 4407 19 10 ex 4407 19 20 ex 4407 19 90</p> <p>Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood:</p>	
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	<p>– Cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings; cable-drums: 4415 10 10 4415 10 90</p> <p>– Pallets, box pallets and other load boards; pallet collars: 4415 20 20 4415 20 90</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings, of wood: 9406 10 00</p>	
<p><i>Castanea</i> Mill., excluding wood which is bark-free</p>	<p>Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste and scrap, whether or not agglomerated in logs, briquettes, pellets or similar forms: – Fuel wood, in logs, in billets, in twigs, in faggots or in similar forms: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 12 00</p> <p>– Wood, in chips or particles: – – Non-coniferous: ex 4401 22 00</p> <p>– Sawdust and wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: – – Wood waste and scrap (other than sawdust): ex 4401 49 00</p> <p>Wood in the rough, not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared: – Treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: – – Non-coniferous ex 4403 12 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood specified in subheading note 1 to Chapter 44 or other tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.) or beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.)), in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared, other than treated with paint, stains, creosote or other preservatives: ex 4403 99 00</p>	<p>Third countries other than Switzerland.</p>

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	<p>Split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise: – Non-coniferous: ex 4404 20 00</p> <p>Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood: – Not impregnated: – – Non-coniferous: 4406 12 00 – Other (than not impregnated): – – Non-coniferous: 4406 92 00</p> <p>Non-coniferous wood (other than tropical wood, oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), beech (<i>Fagus</i> spp.), maple (<i>Acer</i> spp.), cherry (<i>Prunus</i> spp.), ash (<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.), birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) or poplar and aspen (<i>Populus</i> spp.)), sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm: ex 4407 99 27 ex 4407 99 40 ex 4407 99 90</p> <p>Packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings of wood; cable-drums of wood; pallets, box pallets and other load boards, of wood; pallet collars of wood: – Cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings; cable-drums: 4415 10 10 4415 10 90 – Pallets, box pallets and other load boards; pallet collars: 4415 20 20 4415 20 90</p> <p>Prefabricated buildings, of wood: 9406 10 00</p>	
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7. Bark

Isolated bark of conifers	<p>Vegetable products of bark, not elsewhere specified or included: ex 1404 90 00</p> <p>Wood waste and scrap, not agglomerated: ex 4401 49 00</p>	Third countries other than Switzerland.
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8. Other

Soil from beet and unsterilized waste from beet (<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.).	Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues, beet-pulp, bagasse and other waste of sugar manufacture, brewing or distilling dregs and waste, whether or not in the form of pellets, other: ex 2303 20 10 ex 2303 20 90 Mineral substances not elsewhere specified or included, other: ex 2530 90 00	Third countries other than Switzerland.
Live pollen for pollination of <i>Amelanchier</i> Med., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Ehrh., <i>Crataegus</i> L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobotrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> L., <i>Photinia davidiana</i> (Dcne.) Cardot, <i>Pyracantha</i> Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L. i <i>Sorbus</i> L.	Live pollen: ex 1212 99 95	Third countries other than Switzerland.

List V.B.II is harmonised with Annex XII of Regulation EU 2019/2072.

¹ In accordance with the Agreement on the Withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland/Northern Ireland in relation to Annex 2 of that Protocol, for the purposes of List V.B.I, references to the United Kingdom do not include Northern Ireland.

8. List VI. 1: List of regulated non-quarantine pests ('RNQPs') and specific plants for planting, with categories and thresholds and List VI. 2: Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on specific plants for planting are given in the Table 14 and 15.

Table 14

List VI. 1

LIST OF REGULATED NON-QUARANTINE PESTS ('RNQPS') AND SPECIFIC PLANTS FOR PLANTING, WITH CATEGORIES AND THRESHOLDS

PART A

RNQPs concerning fodder plant seed

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds certified seed
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> (McCulloch 1925) Davis <i>et al.</i> [CORBIN]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

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PART B
RNQPs concerning cereal seed

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds certified seed
Nematodes				
<i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie [APLOBE]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	0%	0%	0%
Fungi				
<i>Gibberella fujikuroi</i> Sawada [GIBBFU]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free

PART C
RNQPs concerning vine propagating material

Bacteria			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material
<i>Xylophilus ampelinus</i> Willems <i>et al.</i> [XANTAM]	<i>Vitis</i> L.	0%	0%
Insects and mites			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material
<i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> Fitch [VITEVI]	Non-grafted <i>Vitis vinifera</i> L.	0%	0%
<i>Viteus vitifoliae</i> Fitch [VITEVI]	<i>Vitis</i> L other than non-grafted <i>Vitis vinifera</i> L.	Practically free	Practically free
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas			
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting other than seeds (genus or species)	Threshold for initial propagating material, basic propagating material, certified material	Threshold for standard material
<i>Arabis mosaic virus</i> [ARMV00]	<i>Vitis</i> L.	0%	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	<i>Vitis</i> L.	0%	0%

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Grapevine fanleaf virus [GFLV00]	<i>Vitis L.</i>	0%	0%
Virus [GFKV00] Grapevine fleck	Rootstocks of <i>Vitis</i> spp. and their hybrids, except <i>Vitis vinifera L.</i>	% for initial propagating material N/A for basic propagating material and certified material	Not applicable
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 1 [GLRAV1]	<i>Vitis L.</i>	0%	0%
Grapevine leafroll associated virus 3 [GLRAV3]	<i>Vitis L.</i>	0%	0%

PART D

RNQPs concerning propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow <i>et al.</i> [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> Bosc ex Spach, <i>Photinia davidiana</i> Decne., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Sorbus</i> L.	0%
' <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto [PSDMAK]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl.	0%
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti & Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.	0%
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio <i>et al.</i> [SPIRCI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	0%
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus L.</i>	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTEU]	<i>Capsicum annuum L.</i>	0%
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTGA]	<i>Capsicum annuum L.</i>	0%
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones <i>et al.</i> [XANTPF]	<i>Capsicum annuum L.</i>	0%

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<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin <i>et al.</i> [XANTVE]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	0%
Fungi and oomycetes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Castanea</i> L.	0%
<i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary [DOTSPI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
<i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
<i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (evropski ¹ izolati) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]	Plants for planting other than pollen and seeds, <i>Camellia</i> L., <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L., <i>Larix decidua</i> Mill., <i>Larix kaempferi</i> (Lamb.) Carrière, <i>Larix</i> × <i>eurolepis</i> A. Henry, <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Mirb.) Franco, <i>Quercus cerris</i> L., <i>Quercus ilex</i> L., <i>Quercus rubra</i> L., <i>Rhododendron</i> L. other than <i>R. simsii</i> L., <i>Viburnum</i> L.	0%
<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	Seeds <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	0%
<i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley [DEUTTR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	0%
<i>Puccinia horiana</i> P. Hennings [PUCCHN]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	0%
Insects and mites		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Aculops fuchsiae</i> Keifer [ACUPFU]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fuchsia</i> L.	0%
<i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bo [OPOGSC]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Beaucarnea</i> Lem., <i>Bougainvillea</i> Comm. ex Juss., <i>Crassula</i> L., <i>Crinum</i> L., <i>Dracaena</i> Vand. ex L., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Pachira</i> Aubl., <i>Palmae</i> , <i>Sansevieria</i> Thunb., <i>Yucca</i> L.	0%
<i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) [RHYCFE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Palmae</i> , as regards the following genera and species: <i>Areca catechu</i> L., <i>Arenga pinnata</i> (Wurmb) Merr.,	

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	<i>Bismarckia</i> Hildebr. & H. Wendl., <i>Borassus flabellifer</i> L., <i>Brahea armata</i> S. Watson, <i>Brahea edulis</i> H.Wendl., <i>Butia capitata</i> (Mart.) Becc., <i>Calamus merrillii</i> Becc., <i>Caryota maxima</i> Blume, <i>Caryota cumingii</i> Lodd. ex Mart., <i>Chamaerops humilis</i> L., <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., <i>Corypha utan</i> Lam., <i>Copernicia</i> Mart., <i>Elaeis guineensis</i> Jacq., <i>Howea forsteriana</i> Becc., <i>Jubaea chilensis</i> (Molina) Baill., <i>Livistona australis</i> C. Martius, <i>Livistona decora</i> (W. Bull) Dowe, <i>Livistona rotundifolia</i> (Lam.) Mart., <i>Metroxylon sagu</i> Rottb., <i>Phoenix canariensis</i> Chabaud, <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L., <i>Phoenix reclinata</i> Jacq., <i>Phoenix roebelenii</i> O'Brien, <i>Phoenix sylvestris</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Phoenix theophrasti</i> Greuter, <i>Pritchardia</i> Seem. & H. Wendl., <i>Ravenea rivularis</i> Jum. & H. Perrier, <i>Roystonea regia</i> (Kunth) O.F. Cook, <i>Sabal palmetto</i> (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult.f., <i>Syagrus romanzoffiana</i> (Cham.) Glassman, <i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i> (Hook.) H. Wendl., <i>Washingtonia</i> H. Wendl.	0%
Nematodes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Allium</i> L.	0%
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit., <i>Tulipa</i> L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the propagating material of ornamental plants concerned and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPMA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	0%

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<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus L.</i>	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Lavandula L.</i>	0%
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid [CSVD00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb ex Sch.Bip., <i>Chrysanthemum L.</i> ,	0%
<i>Citrus</i> exocortis viroid [CEVD00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus L.</i>	0%
<i>Citrus</i> <i>tristeza</i> virus [CTV000] evropski ¹ izolati	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus L.</i> hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	0%
<i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus [INSV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i> Fotsch, <i>Impatiens</i> <i>L. New Guinea Hybrids</i>	0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Capsicum annuum L.</i> ,	0%
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	Plants of the following species of <i>Prunus L.</i> , intended for planting, other than seeds: <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> <i>L.</i> , <i>Prunus blireiana</i> Andre, <i>Prunus</i> <i>brigantina</i> Vill., <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh., <i>Prunus cistena</i> Hansen, <i>Prunus curdica</i> Fenzl i Fritsch., <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>insititia</i> (L.) C.K. Schneid, <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>italica</i> (Borkh.) Heg-, <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus</i> <i>glandulosa</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus</i> <i>holosericea</i> Batal., <i>Prunus hortulana</i> Bailey, <i>Prunus japonica</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus mandshurica</i> (Maxim.) Koehne, <i>Prunus maritima</i> Marsh., <i>Prunus mume</i> Sieb. i Zucc., <i>Prunus</i> <i>nigra</i> Ait., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> L., <i>Prunus</i> <i>sibirica</i> L., <i>Prunus simonii</i> Carr., <i>Prunus spinosa</i> L., <i>Prunus tomentosa</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus triloba</i> Lindl., other species of <i>Prunus L.</i> susceptible to Plum pox virus	0%
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i> Fotsch, <i>Capsicum</i> <i>annuum L.</i> , <i>Chrysanthemum L.</i> , <i>Gerbera L.</i> , <i>Impatiens L.</i> New Guinea Hybrids, <i>Pelargonium L.</i>	0%

PART E

RNQPs concerning forest reproductive material, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the forest reproductive material concerned

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<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Plants for planting, other than seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0%
<i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary [DOTSPI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
<i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet [SCIRPI]	Plants for planting, other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
<i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]	Plants for planting, other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
<i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow [SCIRAC]	Plants for planting, other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld	Plants for planting, other than pollen and seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L., <i>Larix decidua</i> Mill., <i>Larix kaempferi</i> (Lamb.) Carrière, <i>Larix</i> × <i>eurolepis</i> A. Henry, <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Mirb.) Franco, <i>Quercus cerris</i> L., <i>Quercus ilex</i> L., <i>Quercus rubra</i> L.	0%

PART F
RNQPs concerning vegetable seed

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPH]	<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad et al. [XANTFF]	<i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. [XANTEU]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones et al [XANTGA]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. [XANTPF]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
Insects and mites		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned
<i>Acanthoscelides obtectus</i> (Say) [ACANOB]	<i>Phaseolus coccineus</i> L., <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.	0%
<i>Bruchus pisorum</i> (Linnaeus) [BRCHPI]	<i>Pisum sativum</i> L.,	0%
<i>Bruchus rufimanus</i> Boheman [BRCHRU]	<i>Vicia faba</i> L.	0%
Nematodes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned

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<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable seed concerned
Pepino mosaic virus [PEPMV0]	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV)	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and hybrids thereof <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. other than seeds belonging to a variety known to be resistant to ToBRFV	0%

PART G
RNQPs concerning seed potato

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the direct progeny of pre-basic seed potatoes		Threshold for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Threshold for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
		PBTC	PB		
Symptoms of virus infection	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	0.5%	4,0%	10,0%

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the direct progeny of pre-basic seed potatoes		Threshold for the direct progeny of basic seed potatoes	Threshold for the direct progeny of certified seed potatoes
		PBTC	PB		
Blackleg (<i>Dickeya</i> Samson <i>et al. spp.</i> [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben <i>et al. spp.</i> [1PECBG])	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	Practically free	Practically free	Practically free
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Lieferting <i>et al.</i> [LIBEPS]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino <i>et al.</i> [PHYPSO]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i> Thorne [DITYDE]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	0%	0%	0%
Black scurf as caused by <i>Thanatephorus cucumeris</i> (A.B.	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	1,0 % affecting tubers over	5,0 % affecting tubers over more	5,0 % affecting tubers over more

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Frank) Donk [RHIZSO]			more than 10 % of their surface	than 10 % of their surface	than 10 % of their surface
Powdery scab as caused by <i>Spongospora subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh. [SPONSU]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	1,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	3,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface	3,0 % affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and symptoms caused by leaf roll virus [PLRV00]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	0.1%	0.8%	6,0%
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0%	0%	0%	0%

PART H
RNQPs concerning seed of oil and fibre plants

Fungi and oomycetes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed
<i>Alternaria linicola</i> Groves & Skolko [ALTELI]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L.	5 % 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp	5% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp	5 % 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp
<i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> (Naumov & Vassiljevsky) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMEL]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L. - flax	1% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp	1% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp	1% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp
<i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> (Naumov & Vassiljevsky) Aveskamp, Gruyter & Verkley [PHOMEL]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L. - linseed	5% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp	5% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp	5% 5% affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichium lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> spp
<i>Botrytis cinerea</i> de Bary [BOTRCI]	<i>Helianthus annuus</i> L., <i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L.	5%	5%	5%

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<i>Colletotrichum lini</i> Westerdijk [COLLLI]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L.	5% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia</i>	5% 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia</i>	5 % 5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia</i>
<i>Diaporthe caulivora</i> (Athow & Caldwell) J.M. Santos, Vrandecic & A.J.L. Phillips [DIAPPC] <i>Diaporthe phaseolorum</i> var. <i>sojae</i> Lehman [DIAPPS]	<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr	15 % for infection with the <i>Phomopsis</i> complex	15 % for infection with the <i>Phomopsis</i> complex	15 % for infection with the <i>Phomopsis</i> complex
<i>Fusarium</i> (anamorfn rod) Link [1FUSAG] osim <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] i <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L.	5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon i <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon i <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	5 % affected with <i>Alternaria linicola</i> , <i>Boeremia exigua</i> var. <i>linicola</i> , <i>Colletotrichum lini</i> and <i>Fusarium</i> (anamorphic genus) Link other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon i <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell
<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	<i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	<i>Brassica rapa</i> L. var. <i>silvestris</i> (Lam.) Briggs,	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed material oilseeds and fine herbs	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed material oilseeds and fine herbs	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed material oilseeds and fine herbs
<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	<i>Brassica napus</i> L. (<i>partim</i>), <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed	Not more than 10 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed

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		material oilseeds and fine herbs	material oilseeds and fine herbs	material oilseeds and fine herbs
<i>Sclerotinia sclerotiorum</i> (Libert) de Bary [SCLESC]	<i>Sinapis alba</i> L.	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed material oilseeds and fine herbs	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed material oilseeds and fine herbs	Not more than 5 sclerotia or fragments of sclerotia found in a laboratory examination of a representative sample of each seed lot, of a size specified in the regulation on the production of seed material oilseeds and fine herbs
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for pre-basic seed	Thresholds for basic seed	Thresholds for certified seed
Tobacco ringspot virus [TRSV00]	<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr.	0%	0%	

PART I

RNQPs concerning vegetable propagating and planting material other than seeds

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al. [CORBMI]	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. [XANTEU]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič 1957) Jones et al. [XANTGA]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. [XANTPF]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. [XANTVE]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0%
Fungi and oomycetes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
<i>Fusarium</i> Link (anamorphic genus) [1FUSAG] other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon [FUSAAL] and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell [GIBBCI]	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L.	0%

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<i>Helicobasidium brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk [HLCBBR]	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L.	0%
<i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. [SCLOCE]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium fistulosum</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L., <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	0%
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb. [VERTDA]	<i>Cynara cardunculus</i> L.	0%
Nematodes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	0%
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the vegetable propagating and planting material concerned
Leek yellow stripe virus [LYSV00]	<i>Allium sativum</i> L.	1 %
Onion yellow dwarf virus [OYDV00]	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	1 %
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0 %
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV)	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and hybrids thereof <i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. other than plants for planting belonging to a variety known to be resistant to ToBRFV	0%
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus [TSWV00]	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Lactuca sativa</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	0 %
Tomato yellow leaf curl virus [TYLCV0]	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	0 %

PART J

RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
<i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> (Smith & Townsend) Conn [AGRBTU]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0%
<i>Agrobacterium</i> spp. Conn [1AGRBG]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %

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<i>Candidatus Phlomobacter fragariae</i> Zreik, Bové & Garnier [PHMBFR]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow et al. [ERWIAM]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas avellanae</i> Janse et al. [PSDMAL]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas savastanoi</i> pv. <i>savastanoi</i> (Smith) Gardan et al. [PSDMSA]	<i>Olea europaea</i> L.	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>morsprunorum</i> (Wormald) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMMP]	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti & Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie [PSDMPE]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0 %
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>syringae</i> van Hall [PSDMSY]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L.	0%
<i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Burkholder) Dowson [PSDMVF]	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L.	0%
<i>Rhodococcus fascians</i> Tilford [CORBFA]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio et al. [SPIRCI]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0%
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>corylina</i> (Miller, Bollen, Simmons, Gross & Barss) Vauterin, Hoste, Kersters & Swings [XANTCY]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>juglandi</i> (Pierce) Vauterin et al. [XANTJU]	<i>Juglans regia</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. [XANTPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus amygladus</i> Batsch, <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0%
<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>fici</i> (Cavara) Dye [XANTFI]	<i>Ficus carica</i> L.	0%
<i>Xanthomonas fragariae</i> Kennedy & King [XANTFR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
Fungi and oomycetes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
<i>Armillariella mellea</i> (Vahl) Kummer [ARMIME]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L., <i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Ficus carica</i> L.,	0%

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	<i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	
<i>Chondrostereum purpureum</i> Pouzar [STERPU]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Colletotrichum acutatum</i> Simmonds [COLLAC]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr [ENDOPA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0%
<i>Diaporthe strumella</i> (Fries) Fuckel [DIAPST]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0%
<i>Diaporthe vaccinii</i> Shear [DIAPVA]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0%
<i>Exobasidium vaccinii</i> (Fuckel) Woronin [EXOBVA]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0%
<i>Glomerella cingulata</i> (Stoneman) Spaulding & von Schrenk [GLOMCI]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Godronia cassandrae</i> (anamorf <i>Topospora myrtilli</i>) Peck [GODRCA]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0%
<i>Microsphaera grossulariae</i> (Wallroth) Léveillé [MCRSGR]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0%
<i>Mycosphaerella punctiformis</i> Verkley & U. Braun [RAMUEN]	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0%
<i>Neofabraea alba</i> Desmazières [PEZIAL]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Neofabraea malicorticis</i> Jackson [PEZIMA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Neonectria ditissima</i> (Tulasne & C. Tulasne) Samuels & Rossman [NECTGA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Peronospora rubi</i> Rabenhorst [PERORU]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora cactorum</i> (Lebert & Cohn) J.Schröter [PHYTCC]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Phytophthora cambivora</i> (Petri) Buisman [PHYTCM]	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Pistacia vera</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora cinnamomi</i> Rands [PHYTCN]	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0%
<i>Phytophthora citrophthora</i> (R.E.Smith & E.H.Smith) Leonian [PHYTCO]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0%
<i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> Pethybridge & Lafferty [PHYTCR]	<i>Pistacia vera</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora fragariae</i> C.J. Hickman [PHYTFR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora nicotianae</i> var. <i>parasitica</i> (Dastur) Waterhouse [PHYTNP]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0%

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<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates ¹) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld [PHYTRA]	Plants for planting other than pollen and seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0%
<i>Phytophthora</i> spp. de Bary [1PHYTG]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0%
<i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley [DEUTTR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0%
<i>Podosphaera aphanis</i> (Wallroth) Braun & Takamatsu [PODOAP]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
<i>Podosphaera mors-uvae</i> (Schweinitz) Braun & Takamatsu [SPHRMU]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0%
<i>Pucciniastrum minimum</i> (Schweinitz) Arthur [THEKMI]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L., other than pollen and seeds	0%
<i>Rhizoctonia fragariae</i> Hussain & W.E.McKeen [RHIZFR]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0%
<i>Rosellinia necatrix</i> Prillieux [ROSLNE]	<i>Pistacia vera</i> L.	0%
<i>Sclerophora pallida</i> Yao & Spooner [SKLPPA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Verticillium albo-atrum</i> Reinke & Berthold [VERTAA]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L., <i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb [VERTDA]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L., <i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Pistacia vera</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0%
Insects and mites		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
<i>Aleurothrixus floccosus</i> Maskell [ALTHFL]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0 %
<i>Cecidophyopsis ribis</i> Westwood [ERPHRI]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
<i>Ceroplastes rusci</i> Linnaeus [CERPRU]	<i>Ficus carica</i> L.	0 %
<i>Chaetosiphon fragaefolii</i> Cockerell [CHTSFR]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
<i>Dasineura tetensi</i> Rübsaamen [DASYTE]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
<i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> Signoret [EPIDBE]	<i>Juglans regia</i> L.	0 %
<i>Eriosoma lanigerum</i> Hausmann [ERISLA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Parabemisia myricae</i> Kuwana [PRABMY]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle i <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0 %

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<i>Phytoptus avellanae</i> Nalepa [ERPHAV]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	0 %
<i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> Banks [TARSPA]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
<i>Pseudaulacaspis pentagona</i> Targion-Tozzetti [PSEAPE]	<i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
<i>Psylla</i> spp. Geoffroy [IPSYLG]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Quadraspidiotus perniciosus</i> Comstock [QUADPE]	<i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
<i>Resseliella theobaldi</i> Barnes [THOMTE]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Tetranychus urticae</i> Koch [TETRUR]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
Nematodes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
<i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie [APLOBE]	Bilje za sadnju osim sjemena <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
<i>Aphelenchoides blastophthorus</i> Franklin [APLOBL]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
<i>Aphelenchoides fragariae</i> (Ritzema Bos) Christie [APLOFR]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
<i>Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi</i> (Schwartz) Steiner & Buhner [APLORI]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
<i>Heterodera fici</i> Kirjanova [HETDFI] L.	<i>Ficus carica</i> L.	0 %
<i>Longidorus attenuatus</i> Hooper [LONGAT]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Longidorus elongatus</i> (de Man) Thorne & Swanger [LONGEL]	<i>Fragaria</i> L. <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Longidorus macrosoma</i> Hooper [LONGMA]	<i>Fragaria</i> L. <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne arenaria</i> Chitwood [MELGAR]	<i>Ficus carica</i> L. <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus</i>	0 %

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	<i>dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	
<i>Meloidogyne hapla</i> Chitwood [MELGHA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne incognita</i> (Kofold & White) Chitwood [MELGIN]	<i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0 %
<i>Meloidogyne javanica</i> Chitwood [MELGJA]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Pratylenchus penetrans</i> (Cobb) Filipjev & Schuurmans-Stekhoven [PRATPE]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pistacia vera</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Pratylenchus vulnus</i> Allen & Jensen [PRATVU]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Ficus carica</i> L., <i>Fortunella Swingle</i> , <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Pistacia vera</i> L., <i>Poncirus</i> Raf., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Tylenchulus semipenetrans</i> Cobb [TYLESE]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella Swingle</i> , <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0 %
<i>Xiphinema diversicaudatum</i> (Mikoletzky) Thorne [XIPHDI]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Xiphinema index</i> Thorne & Allen [XIPHIN]	<i>Pistacia vera</i> L.	0 %
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
Apple chlorotic leaf spot virus [ACLSV0]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus</i>	0 %

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	<i>persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Pyrus</i> L.	
Apple dimple fruit viroid [ADFVD0]	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Apple flat limb agent [AFL000]	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Apple mosaic virus [APMV00]	<i>Corylus avellana</i> L., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley, <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Apple star crack agent [APHW00]	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Apple rubbery wood agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill. and <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Apple scar skin viroid [ASSVD0]	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Apple stem-grooving virus [ASGV00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Apple stem-pitting virus [ASPV00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Apricot latent virus [ALV000]	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch	0 %
Arabis mosaic virus [ARMV00]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Aucuba mosaic agent and blackcurrant yellows agent combined	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
Black raspberry necrosis virus [BRNV00]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Blackcurrant reversion virus [BRAV00]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
Blueberry mosaic associated virus [BLMAV0]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Blueberry red ringspot virus [BRRV00]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Blueberry scorch virus [BLSCV0]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Blueberry shock virus [BLSHV0]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Blueberry shoestring virus [BSSV00]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma asteris Lee et al. [PHYPPAS]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma fragariae Valiunas, Staniulis & Davis [PHYPPFG]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPMA]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma pruni [PHYPPN]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider [PHYPPR]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus</i>	0 %

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	<i>persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	
Candidatus Phytoplasma pyri [PHYPPY]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma rubi Malembic-Maher et al. [PHYPRU]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Candidatus Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. [PHYPSO]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Cherry green ring mottle virus [CGRMV0]	<i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0 %
Cherry leaf roll virus [CLRV00]	<i>Juglans regia</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0 %
Cherry mottle leaf virus [CMLV00]	<i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0 %
Cherry necrotic rusty mottle virus [CRNRM0]	<i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0 %
Chestnut mosaic agent	<i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	0 %
Citrus cristicortis agent [CSCC00]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0 %
Citrus exocortis viroid [CEVD00]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf	0 %
Citrus impietratura agent [CSI000]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf	0 %
Citrus leaf Blotch virus [CLBV00]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf	0 %
Citrus psorosis virus [CPSV00]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf	0 %
Citrus tristeza virus [CTV000] (EU isolates ¹)	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. and their hybrids	0 %
Citrus variegation virus [CVV000]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf	0 %
Clover phyllody phytoplasma [PHYP03]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Cranberry false blossom phytoplasma [PHYFPB]	<i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0 %
Cucumber mosaic virus [CMV000]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
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Fruit disorders: chat fruit [APCF00], green crinkle [APGC00], bumpy fruit of Ben Davis, rough skin [APRSK0], star crack, russet ring [APLP00], russet wart	<i>Malus</i> Mill.	0 %
Gooseberry vein banding associated virus [GOVB00]	<i>Ribes</i> L.	0 %
Hop stunt viroid [HSVD00]	<i>Citrus</i> L., <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf.	0 %
Little cherry virus 1 i 2 [LCHV10], [LCHV20])	<i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	0 %
Myrobalan latent ringspot virus [MLRSV0]	<i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0 %

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Olive leaf yellowing associated virus [OLYAV0]	<i>Olea europaea</i> L.	0 %
Olive vein yellowing-associated virus [OVYAV0]	<i>Olea europaea</i> L.	0 %
Olive yellow mottling and decline associated virus [OYMDAV]	<i>Olea europaea</i> L.	0 %
Peach latent mosaic viroid [PLMVD0]	<i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch	0 %
Pear bark necrosis agent [PRBN00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Pear bark split agent [PRBS00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Pear blister canker viroid [PBCVD0]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Pear rough bark agent [PRRB00]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Plum pox virus [PPV000]	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> , <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley. In the case of <i>Prunus</i> hybrids where material is grafted onto rootstocks, other species of <i>Prunus</i> L. rootstocks susceptible to Plum pox virus.	0 %
Prune dwarf virus [PDV000]	<i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0 %
Prunus necrotic ringspot virus [PNRSV0]	<i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindley	0 %
Quince yellow blotch agent [ARW000]	<i>Cydonia oblonga</i> Mill., <i>Pyrus</i> L.	0 %
Raspberry bushy dwarf virus [RBDV00]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Raspberry leaf mottle virus [RLMV00]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Raspberry ringspot virus [RPRSV0]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Raspberry vein chlorosis virus [RVCV00]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Raspberry yellow spot [RYS000]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Rubus yellow net virus [RYNV00]	<i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry crinkle virus [SCRV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry latent ringspot virus [SLRSV0]	<i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Olea europaea</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Ribes</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %

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Strawberry mild yellow edge virus [SMYEV0]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L..	0 %
Strawberry mottle virus [SMOV00]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry multiplier disease phytoplasma [PHYP75]	<i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Strawberry vein banding virus [SVBV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L.	0 %
Tobacco ringspot virus [TRSV00]	Plants for planting other than pollen and seeds <i>Vaccinium</i> L.	0%
Tomato black ring virus [TBRV00]	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Fragaria</i> L., <i>Prunus avium</i> L., <i>Prunus cerasus</i> L., <i>Rubus</i> L.	0 %
Tomato ringspot virus [TORSV0]	Plants for planting other than pollen and seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.; <i>Prunus</i> L. and <i>Vaccinium</i> L. Plants for planting other than pollen <i>Rubus</i> L.	0%

PART K

RNQPs concerning seed of *Solanum tuberosum* L.

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs	Plants for planting	Threshold for the seeds
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0 %

PART L

RNQPs concerning plants for planting of *Humulus lupulus*, other than seeds

Fungi and oomycetes		
RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the plant for planting
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb. [VERTDA]	<i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	0 %
<i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]	<i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	0 %
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
Citrus bark cracking viroid [CBCVD0]	Plants for planting other than pollen and seeds <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	0 %

PART M

RNQPs concerning fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production of *Actinidia Lindl.*, other than seeds

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the fruit propagating material and fruit plants concerned
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa,	<i>Actinidia</i> Lindl.	0%

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¹ From the day of accession to the EU, non-European isolates will be considered as non-EU isolates and European as EU isolates.
List VI.1 is harmonized with Annex IV of the Regulation 2019/2072.

Table 15

List VI. 2
MEASURES TO PREVENT THE PRESENCE OF RNQPS ON SPECIFIC PLANTS FOR PLANTING

PART A

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fodder plant seed

1. Inspection of the crop

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the fodder plant seed is produced concerning the presence of RNQPs in the crop to ensure that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in this table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>insidiosus</i> (McCulloch 1925) Davis et al. [CORBIN]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev [DITYDI]	<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %.

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2. Sampling and testing of fodder plant seed

The competent authority shall:

- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of fodder plant seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under its official supervision;
- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers provided for in point (2).

The competent authority or the professional operator under official supervision shall sample and test the fodder plant seed in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.

For the examination of seed for certification, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, a special regulation on the production of fodder plant seed (Directive 66/401/EEC) shall apply.

3. Additional measures for certain plant species

The competent authorities, or the professional operators under the official supervision of the competent authorities, shall carry out the following additional inspections or take any other actions for certain plant species to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled.

(1) the pre-basic, basic and certified seeds of *Medicago sativa* L. to prevent the presence of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus*, and in order to ascertain that:

(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus*; or

(b) the crop has been grown on land on which no previous *Medicago sativa* L. crop has been present during the last three years prior to sowing, and no symptoms of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* are observed during field inspection at the site of production or no symptoms of *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* have been observed on any *Medicago sativa* L. crop adjacent to it, during the previous cropping; or

(c) the crop belongs to a variety recognised as being highly resistant to *Clavibacter michiganensis* ssp. *insidiosus* and the content of inert matter shall not exceed 0,1 % by weight;

(2) the pre-basic, basic and certified seed of *Medicago sativa* L. to prevent the presence of *Ditylenchus dipsaci*, and in order to ascertain that:

(a) no symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no main host crops have been grown during the two preceding years on the site of production and appropriate hygiene measures have been taken to prevent infestation of the place of production; or

(b) no symptoms of *Ditylenchus dipsaci* have been observed at the site of production during the previous cropping and no *Ditylenchus dipsaci* has been found by laboratory tests on a representative sample; or

(c) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment against *Ditylenchus dipsaci* and have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.

PART B

Measures concerning cereal seed

1. Inspection of the crop

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the cereal seed is produced, to confirm that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in this table:

Fungi and oomycetes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
<i>Gibberella fujikuroi</i> Sawada [GIBBFU]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	Not more than 2 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of	Not more than 2 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of	Certified seed of the first generation (C1): Not more than 4 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a

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		a representative sample of the plants in each crop.	a representative sample of the plants in each crop.	representative sample of the plants in each crop. Certified seed of the second generation (C2): Not more than 8 symptomatic plants per 200 m ² seen during field inspections at appropriate times of a representative sample of the plants in each crop.
Nematodes				
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
<i>Aphelenchoides besseyi</i> Christie [APLOBE]	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection. There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %

2. Sampling and testing of cereal seed

(1) The competent authority shall:

- (a) officially draw seed samples from lots of cereal seed;
- (b) authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling on its behalf and under official supervision;
- (c) compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samples under official supervision as referred to in point (b);
- (d) supervise the performance of the seed samplers as provided for in point (2).

(2) The competent authority or the professional operator under the official supervision shall sample and test the cereal seed in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for official certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.

For the examination of seed for certification, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the special regulation on the production of cereal seeds (Directive 66/402/EEC) shall apply.

3. Additional measures for seeds of *Oryza sativa* L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out the following additional inspections or take any other actions to ensure that the requirements concerning the respective RNQPs for the seed of *Oryza sativa* L. are fulfilled:

Seeds of *Oryza sativa* L. shall fulfil one of the following requirements:

- (a) originates in area known to be free from *Aphelenchoides besseyi*;
- (b) has been officially tested by the competent authorities by appropriate nematological tests on a representative sample from each lot, and have been found free from *Aphelenchoides besseyi*;
- (c) has been subjected to an appropriate hot water treatment or other appropriate treatment against *Aphelenchoides besseyi*.

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PART C

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on propagating material of ornamental plants and other plants for planting intended for ornamental purposes

The following measures shall be taken concerning the respective RNQPs and:

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow et al.	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Amelanchier</i> Medik., <i>Chaenomeles</i> Lindl., <i>Cotoneaster</i> Medik., <i>Crataegus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Cydonia</i> Mill., <i>Eriobrya</i> Lindl., <i>Malus</i> Mill., <i>Mespilus</i> Bosc ex Spach, <i>Photinia davidiana</i> Decne., <i>Pyracantha</i> M. Roem., <i>Pyrus</i> L., <i>Sorbus</i> L.	((a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Erwinia amylovora</i> (Burrill) Winslow et al.; or (b) the plants have been grown in a production site that has been visually inspected at an appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season for the detection of that pest and plants showing symptoms of that pest, and any surrounding host plants, have been immediately rogued out and destroyed.

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<p><i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto [PSDMAK]</p>	<p>Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Actinidia</i> Lindl.</p>	<p>(a) the plants have been produced in areas established by the competent authority as being free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i) no symptoms of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> have been observed on plants in the production site over the last complete growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) symptoms of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> have been observed on no more than 1% of plants in the production site, and those plants, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, and a representative portion of the remaining asymptomatic plants have been sampled and tested for <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> and found free from the pest;</p> <p>and</p> <p>the plants have been subjected to random sampling and testing for <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> before marketing and found free from the pest.</p>
<p><i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti & Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie</p>	<p>Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.</p>	<p>(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti & Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the plants have grown in a site of production found free from the <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i> (Prunier, Luisetti & Gardan) Young, Dye & Wilkie over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the</p>

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		<p>immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) no more than 2 % of plants in the lot have shown symptoms during visual inspections, at appropriate times to detect the pest during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.</p>
<i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. Hybrids.	<p>The plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and found free from <i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio,</p> <p>and</p> <p>(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the site of production has been found free from <i>Spiroplasma citri</i> Saglio over the last complete growing season by visual inspection of the plants, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) not more than 2 % of plants have shown symptoms during a visual inspection at the appropriate time to detect the pest during the last growing season, and all infected plants have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.</p>
<i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al.	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.	<p>(a) the plants have been produced in an area known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin et al. over the last complete growing season by visual inspection,</p>

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		<p>and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity, and the neighbouring plants, have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, unless they have been tested on the basis of a representative sample of symptomatic plants and it is shown in those tests that the symptoms are not caused by <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) no more than 2 % of plants in the lot have shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the site of production and the immediate vicinity, and the neighbouring plants have been rogued out and destroyed immediately unless they are tested, on the basis of a representative sample of symptomatic plants and it is shown in those tests that the symptoms are not caused by <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d) in the case of evergreen species, the plants have been visually inspected, before movement and found free from symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas arboricola</i> pv. <i>pruni</i> Vauterin et al.</p>
<p><i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.</p>	<p><i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.</p>	<p>(1) In the case of seeds:</p> <p>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas</i></p>

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		<p><i>euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.</p> <p>(2) In the case of plants other than seeds: (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.</p>
<p><i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones et al.</p>	<p><i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.</p>	<p>(1) In the case of seeds: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutič) Jones et al.</p> <p>(2) In the case of plants other than seeds: (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.</p>

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<p><i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.</p>	<p><i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.</p>	<p>(1) In the case of seeds: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.</p> <p>(2) In the case of plants other than seeds: (a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) the young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection</p>
<p><i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.</p>	<p><i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.</p>	<p>(1) In the case of seeds: (a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. have been observed in visual inspections, at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p>

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		<p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods (whether or not following an appropriate treatment), and have been found in these tests to be free from <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.</p> <p>(2) In the case of plants other than seeds:</p> <p>(a) the seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in point (1) of this entry;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.</p>
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Fungi and oomycetes

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr	<i>Castanea</i> L.	<p>(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the site of production since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) plants showing symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been rogued out, and the remaining plants have been inspected at weekly intervals and no symptoms have been observed at the site of production for at least three weeks before movement.</p>
<i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow	<i>Pinus</i> L.	<p>(a) the plants originate in areas known to be free from <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet and <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow;</p> <p>or</p>

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		<p>(b) no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) appropriate treatments have been carried out against needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, and the plants have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of needle blight.</p>
<p><i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld</p>	<p><i>Camellia</i> L., <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L., <i>Larix decidua</i> Mill., <i>Larix kaempferi</i> (Lamb.) Carrière, <i>Larix</i> × <i>eurolepis</i> A. Henry, <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Mirb.) Franco, <i>Quercus cerris</i> L., <i>Quercus ilex</i> L., <i>Quercus rubra</i> L., <i>Rhododendron</i> L. other than <i>R. simsii</i> L., <i>Viburnum</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) the plants have been produced in areas established by the competent authority as being free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on host plants at the site of production over the last complete growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(i) plants showing symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) at the site of production and all plants within a 2 m radius of the symptomatic material, have been rogued out and destroyed, including adhering soil; and</p> <p>(ii) for all host plants located within a 10 m radius of symptomatic plants and for any remaining plants from the affected lot:</p> <p>— within three months following the detection of symptomatic plants, no symptoms of</p>

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		<p><i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on those plants in at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest, and during that three-month period no treatments suppressing symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been carried out, and</p> <p>— after that three-month period:</p> <p>— no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on those plants at the site of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>— a representative sample of those plants to be moved has been tested and found free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹);</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) for all other plants at the place of production:</p> <p>— no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on those plants at the site of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>— a representative sample of those plants to be moved has been tested and found free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹).</p>
<p><i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni</p>	<p>Seeds of <i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been observed at the seed production site in at least two inspections at appropriate times, to detect the pest during the growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(i) the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest, during the growing season;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptoms of <i>Plasmopara</i></p>

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		<p><i>halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni during these inspections, and all plants showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(d)</p> <p>(i) the seed production site has been subject to at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) all plants showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni, and a representative sample from each lot has been tested and found free from <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of <i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni.</p>
<p><i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley</p>	<p><i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids</p>	<p>(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkleys;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the plants have been grown in a site of production that was found free from <i>Plenodomus tracheiphilus</i> (Petri) Gruyter, Aveskamp & Verkley over the last complete growing season, by at least two visual</p>

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		<p>inspection at appropriate times, during that growing season, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) no more than 2 % of plants in the lot showing symptoms during at least two visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any other symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.</p>
<i>Puccinia horiana</i> P. Hennings	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	<p>(a) the plants derive from mother plants which have been inspected at least monthly during the previous three months and no symptoms have been seen at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) mother plants showing symptoms have been removed and destroyed, along with plants within a 1m radius, and an appropriate physical or chemical treatment has been applied to the plants which have been inspected before movement and found free from symptoms.</p>

Insects and mites

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Aculops fuchsiae</i> Keifer	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Fuchsia</i> L.	<p>(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Aculops fuchsiae</i> Keifer;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms have been seen on the plants, or the mother plants from which they derive, during visual inspections at the site of production during the previous growing season, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) appropriate chemical or physical treatment has been applied before movement, following which the plants</p>

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		have been inspected and no symptoms of the pest have been found.
<i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer	<i>Beaucarnea</i> Lem., <i>Bougainvillea</i> Comm. ex Juss., <i>Crassula</i> L., <i>Crinum</i> L., <i>Dracaena</i> Vand. ex L., <i>Ficus</i> L., <i>Musa</i> L., <i>Pachira</i> Aubl., <i>Palmae</i> , <i>Sansevieria</i> Thunb., <i>Yucca</i> L.	(a) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer; or (b) the plants have been grown at a production site at which no symptoms or signs of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer have been observed in visual inspections carried out at least every three months during a period of at least six months prior to movement; or (c) a regime is applied on the site of production aimed at monitoring and suppressing the population of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer and at removing infested plants and each lot has been visually inspected, at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, before movement and found free from symptoms of <i>Opogona sacchari</i> Bojer.
<i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier)	Plants for planting of <i>Palmae</i> , other than fruit and seeds, having a diameter of the stem at the base of over 5 cm, and belonging to the following genera and species: <i>Areca catechu</i> L., <i>Arenga pinnata</i> (Wurmb) Merr., <i>Bismarckia</i> Hildebr. & H. Wendl., <i>Borassus flabellifer</i> L., <i>Brahea armata</i> S. Watson, <i>Brahea edulis</i> H.Wendl., <i>Butia capitata</i> (Mart.) Becc., <i>Calamus merrillii</i> Becc., <i>Caryota cumingii</i> Lodd. ex Mart., <i>Caryota maxima</i> Blume, <i>Chamaerops humilis</i> L., <i>Cocos nucifera</i> L., <i>Copernicia</i> Mart., <i>Corypha utan</i> Lam., <i>Elaeis guineensis</i> Jacq., <i>Howea forsteriana</i> Becc., <i>Jubaea chilensis</i> (Molina) Baill., <i>Livistona australis</i> C. Martius, <i>Livistona decora</i> (W. Bull) Dowe, <i>Livistona rotundifolia</i> (Lam.) Mart., <i>Metroxylon sagu</i> Rottb., <i>Phoenix canariensis</i> Chabaud, <i>Phoenix dactylifera</i> L., <i>Phoenix reclinata</i> Jacq., <i>Phoenix roebelenii</i> O'Brien, <i>Phoenix sylvestris</i> (L.) Roxb., <i>Phoenix theophrasti</i> Greuter, <i>Pritchardia</i> Seem. & H. Wendl., <i>Ravenea rivularis</i> Jum. & H.	(a) the plants have been grown for their entire life in an area which has been established as free from <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier) by the responsible official body in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) the plants have been grown in the two years prior to their movement with physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier), or in a site within the Union where the appropriate preventive treatments have been applied, with respect to that pest; and (c) the plants have been subject to visual inspections carried out at least once every four months, confirming freedom of that material from <i>Rhynchophorus ferrugineus</i> (Olivier).

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	Perrier, <i>Roystonea regia</i> (Kunth) O.F. Cook, <i>Sabal palmetto</i> (Walter) Lodd. ex Schult. & Schult.f., <i>Syagrus romanzoffiana</i> (Cham.) Glassman, <i>Trachycarpus fortunei</i> (Hook.) H. Wendl., <i>Washingtonia</i> H. Wendl.	
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Nematodes

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev	<i>Allium</i> sp. L.	(a) the plants or seed-producing plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or (b) the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev, on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and packed for sale to the final consumer.
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Camassia</i> Lindl., <i>Chionodoxa</i> Boiss., <i>Crocus flavus</i> Weston, <i>Galanthus</i> L., <i>Hyacinthus</i> Tourn. ex L., <i>Hymenocallis</i> Salisb., <i>Muscari</i> Mill., <i>Narcissus</i> L., <i>Ornithogalum</i> L., <i>Puschkinia</i> Adams, <i>Sternbergia</i> Waldst. & Kit., <i>Scilla</i> L., <i>Tulipa</i> L.	(a) the plants have been inspected and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed on the lot since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or (b) the bulbs have been found free from symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev, on the basis of visual inspections carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, and packed for sale to the final consumer.

Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Candidatus Phytoplasma mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Malus</i> Mill.	(a) the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma mali</i> Seemüller & Schneider; and (b) (i) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i>

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		<p>Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider; or (ii) the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity rogued out and destroyed immediately; or (iii) no more than 2 % of plants in the site of production have shown symptoms during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested, and found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma mali Seemüller & Schneider.</p>
<p><i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider</p>	<p>Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Prunus</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider.</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) (i) plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider; or (ii) the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or (iii) no more than 1 % of plants in the site of production have shown symptoms during inspections at appropriate times during the last growing season, and those symptomatic plants and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately, and a</p>

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		representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested, and found free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma prunorum Seemüller & Schneider.
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Pyrus</i> L.	(a) the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected, and found free from symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider; and (b) (i) the plants have been produced in areas established by the competent authority as being free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (ii) the plants have been grown in a site of production found free from the pest over the last complete growing season by visual inspection, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and destroyed immediately; or (c) the plants in the site of production and any plants in the immediate vicinity, which have shown symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>pyri</i> Seemüller & Schneider during visual inspections at appropriate times during the last three growing seasons, have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino et al.	Plants for planting other than seed <i>Lavandula</i> L.	(a) the plants have grown in a site of production known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino et al.; or (b) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino et al. have been seen during visual inspections, of the lot in the last complete cycle of vegetation; or

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		(c) plants showing symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma solani Quaglino et al. have been rogued out and destroyed, and the lot has been tested, on the basis of a representative sample of remaining plants and found free from the pest.
Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Argyranthemum</i> Webb ex Sch.Bip., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L.	The plants derive within three generations of propagation from stock which has been found, to be free from <i>Chrysanthemum stunt viroid</i> by testing.
Citrus exocortis viroid	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L.	(a) the plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected and found free from <i>Citrus exocortis viroid</i> ; and (b) the plants have grown in a site of production that has been found free from the pest over the last complete growing season by visual inspection of the plants, at the appropriate time to detect the pest.
<i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus (EU isolates ¹)	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Citrus</i> L. hybrids, <i>Fortunella</i> Swingle hybrids, <i>Poncirus</i> Raf. hybrids	(a) the plants derive from mother plants which have been tested, within the previous three years and found free from <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus; and (b) (i) the plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus; or (ii) the plants have grown in a site of production found free from <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus over the last complete growing season by testing of a representative sample of the plants at the appropriate time to detect the pest; or (iii) the plants have grown in a site of production under physical protection from vectors, and found free from <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus over the last complete growing season by testing at random of the plants, carried out at the most appropriate time to detect the pest; or (iv) in the cases where there is a positive test result for the presence of <i>Citrus tristeza</i> virus in a lot, all plants have been tested individually and no more than 2 % of those plants were found positive, and the plants tested and found infected by the pest have been rogued out and destroyed immediately.

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<i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus	Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Begonia</i> x <i>hiemalis</i> , Fotsch, <i>Impatiens</i> L. New Guinea Hybrids	(a) the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> Pergande) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations; and (b) (i) no symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or (ii) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from <i>Impatiens</i> necrotic spot tospovirus.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	<i>Capiscum annuum</i> L.	(a) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or (b) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.
Plum pox virus	Plants of the following species of <i>Prunus</i> L., intended for planting, other than seeds: <i>Prunus armeniaca</i> L., <i>Prunus blireiana</i> Andre, <i>Prunus brigantina</i> Vill., <i>Prunus cerasifera</i> Ehrh., <i>Prunus cistena</i> Hansen, <i>Prunus curdica</i> Fenzl and Fritsch., <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>domestica</i> L., <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>insititia</i> (L.) K. Schneid, <i>Prunus domestica</i> ssp. <i>italica</i> (Borkh.) Heg, <i>Prunus dulcis</i> (Mill.) D. A. Webb, <i>Prunus glandulosa</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus holosericea</i> Batal., <i>Prunus hortulana</i> Bailey, <i>Prunus japonica</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus mandshurica</i> (Maxim.) Koehne, <i>Prunus maritima</i> Marsh., <i>Prunus mume</i> Sieb. and Zucc., <i>Prunus nigra</i> Ait., <i>Prunus</i>	(a) vegetatively propagated rootstocks of <i>Prunus</i> derived from motherplants which have been sampled and tested within the previous 5 years and found free from Plum pox virus; and (b) (i) the propagating material has been produced in areas known to be free from Plum pox virus; or (ii) no symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on propagating material in the production site over the last complete growing season in the most appropriate period of the year taking into account the climatic conditions and the

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	<p><i>persica</i> (L.) Batsch, <i>Prunus salicina</i> L., <i>Prunus sibirica</i> L., <i>Prunus simonii</i> Carr., <i>Prunus spinosa</i> L., <i>Prunus tomentosa</i> Thunb., <i>Prunus triloba</i> Lindl., <i>Prunus</i> L. susceptible to Plum pox virus Fotsch</p>	<p>growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(iii) symptoms of Plum pox virus have been observed on no more than 1 % of plants in the production site over the last complete growing season in the most appropriate period of the year taking into account the climatic conditions and the growing conditions of the plant and the biology of Plum pox virus, and any symptomatic plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, and a representative sample of the remaining asymptomatic plants in the lots in which symptomatic plants were found has been tested and found free from the pest. A representative portion of plants not showing any symptoms of Plum pox virus upon visual inspection may be sampled and tested on the basis of an assessment of the risk of infection of those plants concerning the presence of that pest.</p>
<p>Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus virus</p>	<p>Plants for planting other than seeds <i>Begonia x hiemalis</i> Fotsch, <i>Capsicum annum</i> L., <i>Chrysanthemum</i> L., <i>Gerbera</i> L., novogvinejski hibridi roda <i>Impatiens</i> L., <i>Pelargonium</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> and <i>Thrips tabaci</i>) and, upon their detection, to appropriate treatments to ensure effective suppression of their populations;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus.</p>

PART D

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Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on forest reproductive material, other than seeds

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled.

Fungi and oomycetes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr	Plants for planting, other than seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill.	<p>(a) forest reproductive material originates in areas established by the competent authority, as being free from <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the site of production over the last complete growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) forest reproductive material showing symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr has been rogued out, the remaining material has been inspected at weekly intervals and no symptoms of <i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i> (Murrill) Barr have been observed at the site of production for at least three weeks before movement of that material.</p>
<i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow	Plants for planting, other than seeds <i>Pinus</i> L.	<p>(a) forest reproductive material originates in areas established by the competent authority, as being free from <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet and <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, have been observed at the site of production or its immediate vicinity over the last complete growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) appropriate treatments have been carried out in the site of production against</p>

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		<p>needle blight, caused by <i>Dothistroma pini</i> Hulbary, <i>Dothistroma septosporum</i> (Dorogin) Morelet or <i>Lecanosticta acicola</i> (von Thümen) Sydow, and the forest reproductive material has been visually inspected before movement and found free from symptoms of needle blight.</p>
<p><i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) Werres, De Cock & Man in 't Veld</p>	<p>Plants for planting, other than pollen and seeds <i>Castanea sativa</i> Mill., <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L., <i>Larix decidua</i> Mill., <i>Larix kaempferi</i> (Lamb.) Carrière, <i>Larix × eurolepis</i> A. Henry, <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Mirb.) Franco, <i>Quercus cerris</i> L., <i>Quercus ilex</i> L., <i>Quercus rubra</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) forest reproductive material originates in areas established by the competent authority, as being free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on forest reproductive material at the site of production over the last complete growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(i) forest reproductive material showing symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) at the site of production and all forest reproductive material with adherent soil within a 2 m radius of the symptomatic material, has been rogued out and destroyed, including adhering soil; and</p> <p>(ii) for all forest reproductive material located within a 10 m radius of symptomatic plants and for any remaining forest reproductive material from the affected lot:</p> <p>— within three months following the detection of symptomatic forest reproductive material, no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on that forest reproductive material in at least two inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest and during that three-month period no treatments suppressing symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been carried out, and</p> <p>— after that three-month period:</p> <p>— no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on that forest reproductive material at the site of production,</p> <p>or</p>

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		<p>— a representative sample of that forest reproductive material to be moved has been tested and found free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹); and</p> <p>(iii) for all other forest reproductive material at the place of production: — no symptoms of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹) have been observed on that forest reproductive material at the site of production,</p> <p>or</p> <p>— a representative sample of that forest reproductive material to be moved has been tested and found free from <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> (EU isolates¹).</p>
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PART E

Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on vegetable seed

The following measures shall be taken concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting: the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled.

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al.	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	<p>(a) the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during their complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(iii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, to be free from the pest.</p>

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<p><i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al.</p>	<p><i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the crop from which the seed was harvested was visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and found free from <i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>phaseoli</i> (Smith) Vauterin et al. in those tests.</p>
<p><i>Xanthomonas fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad et al.</p>	<p><i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the crop from which the seed was harvested was visually inspected at appropriate times during the growing season and found free from <i>Xanthomonas fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) a representative sample of the seeds has been tested and found free from <i>Xanthomonas fuscans</i> subsp. <i>fuscans</i> Schaad et al. in those tests.</p>
<p><i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.</p>	<p><i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.</p>	<p>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not</p>

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		following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction; and (b) the seeds originate in areas known to free from <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.; or (c) (i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al.; or (b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or (c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al.
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al.	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction;

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		<p>and</p> <p>(b) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in these tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić) Jones et al.</p>
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L	<p>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.</p>
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	<p>(a) the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.;</p> <p>or</p>

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		<p>(c)</p> <p>(i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in these tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.</p>
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	<p>(a) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.</p>
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	<p>(a) the seeds are obtained by an appropriate acid extraction;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) the seeds originate in areas known to be free from <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(i) no symptoms of disease caused by <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. have been observed in visual inspections at appropriate times</p>

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		during the complete cycle of vegetation of the plants at the site of production; or (ii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al. on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, whether or not following an appropriate treatment, and have been found, in those tests, free from <i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.
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Insects and mites

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Measures
<i>Acanthoscelides obtectus</i> (Say)	<i>Phaseolus coccineus</i> L., <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i> L.	(a) a representative sample of the seed has been subject to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment, and (b) the seed has been found free from <i>Acanthoscelides obtectus</i> (Say).
<i>Bruchus pisorum</i> (Linnaeus)	<i>Pisum sativum</i> L.	(a) a representative sample of the seeds has been subjected to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment; and (b) the seed has been found free from <i>Bruchus pisorum</i> (Linnaeus).
<i>Bruchus rufimanus</i> Boheman	<i>Vicia faba</i> L.	(a) a representative sample of the seeds has been subjected to visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest, which may follow an appropriate treatment; and (b) the seed has been found free from <i>Bruchus rufimanus</i> Boheman.

Nematodes

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Measures
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L.	(a) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time to detect the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no

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		<p>symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the harvested seeds have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the planting material has been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and the seeds have been found to be free of this pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.</p>
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Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Measures
Pepino mosaic virus	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	<p>(a) the seeds have been obtained by means of an appropriate acid extraction method or an equivalent method,</p> <p>and:</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i) the seeds originate in areas where Pepino mosaic virus is known not to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Pepino mosaic virus have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(iii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Pepino mosaic virus, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from the pest.</p>
Potato spindle tuber viroid	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	<p>(a)</p> <p>(i) the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation;</p> <p>or</p>

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		(iii) the seeds have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from the pest.
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV)	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and hybrids thereof	(a) the seeds originate in a country established as being free from ToBRFV by the national plant protection organisation of that country, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures or (b) (i) the seeds have been subjected to official testing or testing by professional operators under official supervision of the competent authority for ToBRFV, on a representative sample and using appropriate molecular methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from that pest; or (ii) in the case of a seed lot originating from 30 or less than 30 mother plants, the seeds, or the mother plant of those seeds, have been subjected to official testing, or testing by the professional operator under official supervision of the competent authority, for the presence of ToBRFV on a representative sample and using appropriate molecular methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from that pest.
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV)	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., other than seeds belonging to a variety known to be resistant to ToBRFV	(a) the seeds originate in a country established as being free from ToBRFV by the national plant protection organisation of that country, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) (i) the seeds have been subjected to official testing or testing by professional operators under official supervision of the competent authority for ToBRFV, on a representative sample and using appropriate molecular methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from that pest; or (ii) in the case of a seed lot originating from 30 or less than 30 mother plants, the seeds, or the mother plant of those seeds, have been subjected to official testing, or testing by the professional operator under official supervision of the competent

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		authority, for the presence of ToBRFV on a representative sample and using appropriate molecular methods, and have been found, in those tests, free from that pest.
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PART F

Measures to prevent the presence of the RNQPs on seed potatoes

The competent authority or, if so required, the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled.

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
Blackleg (<i>Dickeya</i> Samson et al. spp.; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben et al. spp.)	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	(a) In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Dickeya</i> Samson et al. spp. and <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben et al. spp. (b) In the case of all categories: the growing plants have been subjected to official field inspection by competent authorities.
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefiting et al.	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	(a) In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefiting et al. (b) In the case of all categories: (i) plants have been produced in areas known to be free from <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefiting et al., taking into account the possible presence of the vectors; or (ii) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefiting et al. have been seen during official inspections by competent authorities of growing plants at the site of production since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation.
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino et al.	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	(a) In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes: official inspections show that they derive from mother plants which are free from <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino et al. (b) In the case of all categories: (i) no symptoms of <i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino et al. have been seen at the place of production during

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		official inspection since the start of the last complete cycle of vegetation; or (ii) any plants at the site of production showing symptoms have been rogued out, with their progeny tubers, and destroyed, for any stocks in which symptoms have been seen in the growing crop, official post harvest tuber testing has been carried out, for each lot, to confirm the absence of <i>Candidatus Phytoplasma solani</i> Quaglino et al.
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and: symptoms caused by: — Potato leaf roll virus	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	(a) In the case of pre-basic seed potatoes: they derive from mother plants which are free from Potato virus A, Potato virus M, Potato virus S, Potato virus X, Potato virus Y and Potato leaf roll virus. Where methods of micro-propagation are used, compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the mother plant. Where methods of clonal selection are used, compliance with this point shall be established by official testing, or testing under official supervision, of the clonal stock. (b) In the case of all categories, the growing plants have been subjected to official inspection by the competent authorities.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	(a) In the case of clonal stock: Official testing, or testing under official supervision, has shown that they derive from mother plants which are free from Potato spindle tuber viroid. (b) In the case of pre-basic and basic seed potatoes: no symptoms of Potato spindle tuber viroid have been found. or for each lot, official post-harvest testing of tubers have been performed and those tubers have been found free from Potato spindle tuber viroid. (c) In the case of certified seed potatoes, official visual inspection has shown that they are free from the pest, and testing is carried out if any symptoms of the pest are seen.

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
Symptoms of virus infection	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	During official inspection of the direct progeny, the number of symptomatic

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		plants shall not exceed the percentage indicated in List VI.
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RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting et al.	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of List VI, unless the lot has been produced from plants complying with point (b)(i) of the third column of the second row of the first table in Part F of List VI.
<i>Ditylenchus destructor</i> Thorne	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of List VI.
Black scurf affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface as caused by <i>Thanatephorus cucumeris</i> (A.B. Frank) Donk	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of List VI.
Powdery scab affecting tubers over more than 10 % of their surface as caused by <i>Spongospora subterranea</i> (Wallr.) Lagerh.	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	The competent authority has subjected the lots to official inspection and confirms that they comply with the respective provisions of List VI.

In addition, the competent authorities shall carry out official inspections to ensure that the presence of RNQPs on the growing plants shall not exceed the thresholds set out in the following table:

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Threshold for the growing plants for pre-basic seed potatoes		Threshold for the growing plants for basic seed potatoes	Threshold for the growing plants for certified seed potatoes
		PBTC	PB		
Blackleg (<i>Dickeya</i> Samson et al. spp. [1DICKG]; <i>Pectobacterium</i> Waldee emend. Hauben et al. spp. [1PECBG])	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0 %	0 %	1,0 %	4,0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Liberibacter <i>solanacearum</i> Liefting et al. [LIBEPS]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
<i>Candidatus</i> Phytoplasma <i>solani</i> Quaglino et al. [PHYPSO]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Mosaic symptoms caused by viruses and symptoms caused by leaf	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0 %	0,1 %	0,8 %	6,0 %

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roll virus [PLRV00]					
Potato spindle tuber viroid [PSTVD0]	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %

PART G

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of oil and fibre plants

1. Inspection of the crop

(1) The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out field inspections on the crop from which the seed of oil and fibre plants is produced to ensure that the presence of the RNQPs does not exceed the thresholds set out in the following table:

Fungi and oomycetes

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting (genus or species)	Thresholds for the production of pre-basic seed	Thresholds for the production of basic seed	Thresholds for the production of certified seed
<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i> (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni [PLASHA]	<i>Helianthus annuus</i> L.	0 %	0 %	0 %

The competent authority may authorise inspectors, other than the professional operators, to carry out the field inspections on its behalf and under its official supervision.

(2) Those field inspections shall be carried out when the condition and the stage of development of the crop allow for an adequate inspection.

There shall be at least one field inspection per year, at the most appropriate time for the detection of the respective RNQPs.

(3) The competent authority shall determine the size, the number and the distribution of the portions of the field to be inspected in accordance with appropriate methods.

The proportion of the crops for the production of seed to be officially inspected by the competent authority shall be at least 5 %.

2. Sampling and testing of seed of oil and fibre plants

(1) The competent authority shall:

- officially draw seed samples from lots of seed of oil and fibre plants;
- authorise seed samplers to carry out sampling, on its behalf and under its official supervision;
- compare the seed samples drawn by itself with those of the same seed lot drawn by the seed samplers under official supervision;
- supervise the performance of the seed samplers as provided for in point (b).

(2) The competent authority or the professional operator under the official supervision shall sample and test the seed of oil and fibre plants in accordance with up to date international methods.

Except for automatic sampling, the competent authority shall check-sample a proportion of at least 5 % of the seed lots entered for certification. That proportion shall be as evenly spread as possible over natural and legal persons entering seed for certification, and the species entered, but may also be aimed at eliminating specific doubts.

(3) For automatic sampling, appropriate procedures shall be applied and it shall be officially supervised.

(4) For the examination of seed for certification and the examination of commercial seed, samples shall be drawn from homogeneous lots. As regards the lot and sample weights, the special regulation on production and placing on the market of seed of oil and fibre plants (Directive 2002/57/EC) shall apply.

3. Additional measures for seed of oil and fibre plants

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out the following additional inspections and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, are fulfilled:

(1) Measures on seed of *Helianthus annuus* L. to prevent the presence of *Plasmopora halstedii*

(a) the seeds of *Helianthus annuus* L. originate in areas known to be free from *Plasmopara halstedii*;

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or

(b) no symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been observed at the production site in at least two inspections at appropriate times during the growing season;

or

(c)

(i) the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times to detect the pest during the growing season;

and

(ii) no more than 5 % of plants have shown symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* during field inspection, all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection;

and

(iii) at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii*;

or

(d)

(i) the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections at appropriate times during the growing season;

and

(ii) all plants showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii* have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection;

and

(iii) at the final inspection, no plants have been found showing symptoms of *Plasmopara halstedii*, and a representative sample from each lot has been tested and found free from *Plasmopara halstedii*

or

(e) the seeds have been subjected to an appropriate treatment which has been demonstrated to be effective against all known strains of *Plasmopara halstedii* (Farlow) Berlese & de Toni.

(2) Measures on seeds of *Helianthus annuus* L. and *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Botrytis cinerea*

(a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Botrytis cinerea* has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.

(3) Measures on seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merryl to prevent the presence of *Diaporthe caulivora* (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*)

(a) Seed treatment authorised for use against *Diaporthe caulivora* (*Diaporthe phaseolorum* var. *caulivora*) has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.

(4) Measures on seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merryl to prevent the presence of *Diaporthe* var. *sojae*

(a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Diaporthe* var. *sojae* has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.

(4.1) Measures on seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merr. to prevent the presence of Tobacco ringspot virus:

(a) the seeds of *Glycine max* (L.) Merr. originate in areas known to be free from Tobacco ringspot virus,

or

(b) the production site has been subject to at least two field inspections during the growing season at appropriate times for detecting symptoms of infection from Tobacco ringspot virus, and all symptomatic plants have been removed and destroyed immediately after inspection and at the final inspection no plants have been found showing symptoms of Tobacco ringspot virus.;

(5) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Alternaria linicola*

(a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Alternaria linicola* has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of laboratory test of a representative sample.

(6) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Boeremia exigua* var. *linicola*

(a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Boeremia exigua* var. *linicola* has been applied;

or

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(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.

(7) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Colletotrichum lini*

(a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Colletotrichum lini* has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded on the basis of a laboratory test of a representative sample.

(8) Measures on seeds of *Linum usitatissimum* L. to prevent the presence of *Fusarium* (anamorphic genus), other than *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *albedinis* (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell.

(a) seed treatment authorised for use against *Fusarium* (anamorphic genus), other than *Fusarium oxysporum* f. sp. *albedinis* (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and *Fusarium circinatum* Nirenberg & O'Donnell, has been applied;

or

(b) the set tolerance on seed is not exceeded based on laboratory test of a representative sample.

PART H

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on vegetable propagating and planting material, other than seeds

Visual inspection

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that:

(a) the plants shall at least appear, on visual inspection, to be practically free from pests listed in the table in this point, in respect of the genus or species concerned.

(b) any plants showing visible signs or symptoms of the pests listed in the tables in this point, at the stage of the growing crop, have been treated properly immediately upon their appearance or, where appropriate, have been eliminated.

(c) in the case of bulbs of shallots and garlic, the plants derive directly from material which, at the stage of the growing crop, has been checked and found to be practically free from any pest listed in the tables in this point.

In addition, the competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the following table, are fulfilled:

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> ssp. <i>michiganensis</i> (Smith) Davis et al.	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	The plants have been grown from seeds which comply with the requirements laid down in List VI, Part E and have been maintained free from infection by appropriate hygiene measures.
<i>Xanthomonas euvesicatoria</i> Jones et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for vegetable seeds; and (b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
<i>Xanthomonas gardneri</i> (ex Šutić 1957) Jones et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for vegetable seeds; and

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		(b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
<i>Xanthomonas perforans</i> Jones et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for vegetable seeds; and (b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i> (ex Doidge) Vauterin et al.	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) seedlings have been grown from seeds that meet the requirements laid down in Part E for vegetable seeds; and (b) young plants have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.

Fungi and oomycetes

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Fusarium</i> Link (anamorphic genus), other than <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> f. sp. <i>albedinis</i> (Kill. & Maire) W.L. Gordon and <i>Fusarium circinatum</i> Nirenberg & O'Donnell	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L.	(a) (i) the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of <i>Fusarium</i> Link have been observed; or (ii) the crop has been visually inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of <i>Fusarium</i> Link have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop; and (b) the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of <i>Fusarium</i> Link have been seen.
<i>Helicobasidium brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk	<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L.	(a) (i) the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season, a representative sample of the plants have been uprooted and no symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been observed; or

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		<p>(ii) the crop has been visually inspected at least twice at appropriate times for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at a final inspection of the growing crop;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(b) the crowns have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of <i>Helicobasidium brebissonii</i> (Desm.) Donk have been seen.</p>
<i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk.	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium fistulosum</i> L., <i>Allium porrum</i> L.	<p>(a) the plants are module-raised transplants grown in medium free from <i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk.;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i)</p> <p>— the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season and no symptoms of <i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. have been observed;</p> <p>or</p> <p>— the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of <i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at an additional final inspection of the growing crop;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) the plants have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of <i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. have been seen.</p>
<i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk.	<i>Allium sativum</i> L.	<p>(a)</p> <p>(i) the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season and no symptoms of <i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. have been observed;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) the crop has been visually inspected at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest during the growing season and plants showing symptoms of <i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. have been rogued out immediately with no symptoms seen at an additional final inspection of the growing crop;</p>

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		and (b) the plants or sets have been visually inspected before movement and no symptoms of <i>Stromatinia cepivora</i> Berk. have been seen..
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb. [VERTDA]	<i>Cynara cardunculus</i> L.	(a) mother plants derive from pathogen tested material; and (b) the plants have been grown in a site of production of which the cropping history is known, with no records of the occurrence of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb.; and (c) plants have been visually inspected at appropriate times since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and found free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb.

Nematodes

RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	In the case of plants, other than the plants for the production of a commercial crop: (a) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed; or (b) (i) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and not more than 2 % of plants have shown symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev infestation, and (ii) the plants found to be infected by that pest have been rogued out immediately, and (iii) the plants have then been found to be free from that pest through laboratory tests on a representative sample; or

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		<p>(c) the plants have been subjected to an appropriate chemical or physical treatment against <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev and have been found to be free from that pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample.</p> <p>In the case of plants for production of a commercial crop:</p> <p>(a) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been observed;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i) the crop has been inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation;</p> <p>(ii) plants showing symptoms of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev have been rogued out immediately, and</p> <p>(iii) the plants have been found to be free from that pest after laboratory tests on a representative sample;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) the plants have been subject to an appropriate physical or chemical treatment and have been found to be free of <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Kuehn) Filipjev after laboratory tests on a representative sample.</p>
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Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas

RNQP or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
Leek yellow stripe virus	<i>Allium sativum</i> L.	<p>(a) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of Leek yellow stripe virus have been seen;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation in</p>

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		which not more than 10 % of the plants showed symptoms of Leek yellow stripe virus, with those plants rogued out immediately and not more than 1 % of plants showing symptoms seen in a final inspection.
Onion yellow dwarf virus	<i>Allium cepa</i> L., <i>Allium sativum</i> L.	(a) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation and no symptoms of Onion yellow dwarf virus have been seen; or (b) (i) the crop has been visually inspected at least once at an appropriate time for the detection of the pest since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation in which not more than 10 % of the plants showed symptoms of Onion yellow dwarf virus; and (ii) the plants rogued found infected by that pest have been rogued out immediately; and (iii) not more than 1 % of plants show symptoms of that pest have been seen in a final inspection.
Potato spindle tuber viroid	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or (b) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.
Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV)	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. and hybrids thereof	(a) the plants for planting originate in a country established as being free from ToBRFV by the national plant protection organisation of that country, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) the plants for planting derive from seeds that comply with the requirements laid down in Part E of this Annex, and have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.

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Tomato brown rugose fruit virus (ToBRFV)	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L, other than plants for planting belonging to a variety known to be resistant to ToBRFV	(a) the plants for planting originate in a country established as being free from ToBRFV by the national plant protection organisation of that country, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; or (b) the plants for planting derive from seeds that comply with the requirements laid down in Part E of this Annex, and have been maintained in appropriate hygiene conditions to prevent infection.
Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L., <i>Lactuca sativa</i> L., <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L., <i>Solanum melongena</i> L.	(a) the plants have grown in a site of production that has been subjected to a monitoring regime of relevant thrips vectors (<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i> Pergande and <i>Thrips tabaci</i> Lindeman) and upon detection of those vectors appropriate treatments are carried out to ensure effective suppression of populations; and (b) (i) no symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus have been observed on plants at the site of production during the current growing period; or (ii) any plants at the production site showing symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus during the current growing period have been rogued out and a representative sample of the plants to be moved has been tested and found free from the pest.
Tomato yellow leaf curl virus	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.	(a) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl virus have been observed on the plants; or (b) no symptoms of Tomato yellow leaf curl disease have been observed on the place of production

PART I

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on seed of *Solanum tuberosum* L.

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the following requirements are fulfilled concerning the presence of RNQPs on seed of *Solanum tuberosum*:

- (a) the seeds originate in areas where Potato spindle tuber viroid is not known to occur; or
- (b) no symptoms of diseases caused by Potato spindle tuber viroid have been observed on the plants at the place of production during their complete cycle of vegetation; or

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(c) the plants have been subjected to official testing for Potato spindle tuber viroid, on a representative sample and using appropriate methods, and have been found, in these tests, free from that pest.

PART J

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on plants for planting of *Humulus lupulus* L., other than seeds

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQPs and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled:

Fungi and oomycetes		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Measures
<i>Verticillium dahliae</i> Kleb. [VERTDA]	<i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	(a) the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> ; and (b) (i) the plants for planting have been produced in a place of production known to be free from <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> ; or (ii) — the plants for planting have been isolated from production crops of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> ; and — the production site has been found free from <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of the foliage at the most appropriate time; and — the cropping and soil borne disease history of fields has been recorded and there has been a rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of <i>Verticillium dahliae</i> and the next planting..
<i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> Inderbitzin, H.W. Platt, Bostock, R.M. Davis & K.V. Subbarao [VERTNO]	<i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	(a) the plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected at the most appropriate time and found free from symptoms of <i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> ; and (b) (i) the plants for planting have been produced in a place of production known to be free from <i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> ; or (ii)

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		<p>— the plants for planting have been isolated from production crops of <i>Humulus lupulus</i>;</p> <p>and</p> <p>— the production site has been found free from <i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> over the last complete growing season at appropriate times by visual inspection of the foliage;</p> <p>and</p> <p>— the cropping and soil borne disease history of fields have been recorded and there has been a rest period from host plants of at least four years between findings of <i>Verticillium nonalfalfae</i> and the next planting.</p>
Viruses, viroids, virus-like diseases and phytoplasmas		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Requirements
Citrus bark cracking viroid [CBCVD0]	<i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	<p>(a) plants have been produced in areas established by the competent authority as being free from Citrus bark cracking viroid in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b)</p> <p>(i) the place of production has been found free from Citrus bark cracking viroid over the last two complete growing seasons by visual inspection of the plants at the most appropriate time to detect the pest and in order to prevent mechanical transmission, appropriate hygienic measures have been applied at the place of production;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) plants for planting derive from mother plants which have been found free from Citrus bark cracking viroid, and</p> <p>— in the case of mother plants which have been maintained in a site of production with a physical protection from sources of infection with Citrus bark cracking viroid, the mother plants have been visually inspected, sampled and tested every year at the most appropriate time to detect the presence of Citrus bark cracking viroid in order to have all mother plants tested within an interval of 5 years,</p> <p>or</p> <p>— in the case of mother plants which have not been maintained in a site of</p>

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		<p>production with a physical protection from sources of infection with Citrus bark cracking viroid, the mother plants have been found free from Citrus bark cracking viroid over the last five complete growing seasons by visual inspection at the most appropriate time to detect the pest,</p> <p>and</p> <p>— a representative sample of mother plants has been tested at the most appropriate time to detect the pest during the last 12 month and found free from Citrus bark cracking viroid,</p> <p>and</p> <p>— the mother plants have been isolated from <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. grown in neighbouring places of production situated at, at least, 20 m;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) in the case of production of rooted plants for planting to be moved, the site of production used for rooting</p> <p>— has been isolated from production crops of <i>Humulus lupulus</i> L. situated at, at least, 20 m,</p> <p>or</p> <p>— has been physically protected from sources of infection with Citrus bark cracking viroid.</p>
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PART K

Measures to prevent the presence of RNQPs on fruit propagating material and fruit plants intended for fruit production of *Actinidia* Lindl., other than seeds

The competent authority, or the professional operator under the official supervision of the competent authority, shall carry out checks and take any other actions to ensure that the requirements, concerning the respective RNQP and plants for planting, provided for in the third column of the following table, are fulfilled.

Bacteria		
RNQPs or symptoms caused by RNQPs	Plants for planting	Measures
<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Takikawa, Serizawa, Ichikawa, Tsuyumu & Goto [PSDMAK]	<i>Actinidia</i> Lindl.	<p>(a) propagating material and fruit plants have been produced in areas established by the competent authority, as being free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) propagating material and fruit plants derive from mother plants which have been visually inspected twice a year, and</p>

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		<p>found free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i>;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(c)</p> <p>(i) in the case of mother plants which have been maintained in facilities ensuring physical protection against infections with <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i>, a representative portion of mother plants has been sampled and tested every four years concerning the presence of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> in order to have all mother plants tested within an interval of 8 years;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) in the case of mother plants which have not been maintained in the above-mentioned facilities, a representative portion of mother plants has been sampled and tested every year concerning the presence of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> in order to have all mother plants tested within an interval of 3 years;</p> <p>and</p> <p>(d)</p> <p>(i) in the case of propagating material and fruit plants which have been maintained in the above-mentioned facilities, no symptoms of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> have been observed on that propagating material and those fruit plants in the production site over the last complete growing season;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(ii) in the case of propagating material and fruit plants which have not been maintained in the above-mentioned facilities, no symptoms of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> have been observed on that propagating material and those fruit plants in the production site over the last complete growing season and that propagating material and those fruit plants have been subjected to random sampling and testing for <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> before marketing and found free from the pest concerned;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(iii) in the case of propagating material and fruit plants which have not been maintained in the above-mentioned facilities, symptoms of <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> have been</p>
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		observed on no more than 1 % of propagating material and fruit plants in the production site, and that propagating material and those fruit plants, and any symptomatic propagating material and fruit plants in the immediate vicinity have been rogued out and immediately destroyed, and a representative portion of the remaining asymptomatic propagating material and fruit plants have been sampled and tested for <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> and found free from the pest concerned.
List VI.2 is harmonized with Annex V of the Regulation 2019/2072.		

6. On the day of publication of these lists, the Lists of plants, plant products and other objects ("Official Gazette of Montenegro", number 37/25) cease to be in force.
7. These lists will be published in the "Official Gazette of Montenegro" and shall apply from 1 May 2026.

These lists are harmonized with Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 of 28 November 2019 establishing uniform conditions for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2016/2031 of the European Parliament and the Council, as regards protective measures against pests of plants, and repealing Commission Regulation (EC) No 690/2008 and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/2019 (including amendments with Implementing Regulations: (EU) 2020/1199; (EU) 2020/1292; (EU) 2020/1825; (EU) 2020/2210; (EU)) 2020/2211; (EU) 2021/759; (EU) 2021/901; (EU) 2021/2061; (EU) 2021/2285; (EU) 2022/853; (EU) 2022/959; (EU) 2023/1134; (EU) 2023/1492; (EU) 2023/1787; (EU) 2024/2004, (EU) 2024/2970, (EU) 2025/2521; (EU) 2025/659; (EU) 2025/1078; (EU) 2025/2294; (EU) 2025/1953; (EU) 2025/2521.

Number: 04-309/26-5124/1
Podgorica, 20 March 2026

Minister
Vladimir Joković

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